Stock Code: 2404

UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES CO., LTD.

UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES CO., LTD.

2022

Annual Report

Printed on April 15, 2023

The contents of this annual report and related information of the Company can be found on the following websites:

Market Observation Post Systems http://mars.tyge.com.ty/

Market Observation Post System: http://mops.twse.com.tw Website of the Company: http://www.uisco.com.tw

I. Spokesperson of the Company Deputy Spokesperson

Name: Hsu Chun Yuan Name: Limei Pan

Title: Chief Business Officer Title: Accounting Supervisor

Tel: (02)2917-4060 Tel: (02) 2917-4060

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II. Address and telephone number of the head office and the Construction Office

1. Address of the head : 13th Floor, No. 13, Qiaohe Road, Zhonghe District, New Taipei City

office

Tel. : (02) 2917-4060

2. Hsinchu Construction: No. 43, Alley 19, Lane 452, Baoshan Road, Hsinchu City

Office

Tel. : (03) 578-2125

3. Taichung : No. 168, Anhe East Road, Fuheli 2 Neighborhood, Xitun District, Taichung City

Construction Office

Tel. : (04) 2359-9990

4. Tainan Construction: No. 523 Xingnong Road, Shanhua District, Tainan City

Office

Tel. : (06) 581-0129

III. Stock transfer agency

Name: Taishin Securities Co., Ltd. Shareholder Service Dept.

Address: B1, No. 96, Section 1, Jianguo North Road, Zhongshan District, Taipei City

URL: http://www.tssco.com.tw

Tel: (02) 2504-8125

IV. Certified Public Accountant in the most recent year

CPA names: Tsunglin Li, Fu-jen Chen

Firm name: KPMG Taiwan

Address: 68th Floor, No. 7, Section 5, Xinyi Road, Taipei City

URL: http://www.kpmg.com.tw

Tel: (02) 8101-6666

V. Name of offshore stock exchange and information inquiry method: None.

VI. Company website: http://www.uisco.com.tw

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To Shareholders

Dear Shareholders, Ladies, and Gentlemen:

With the active efforts of all colleagues and the support of all shareholders, the Company's overall consolidated operating results in 2022 attained over NT\$48,200,310 thousand in consolidated operating revenue and net income before tax reached more than NT\$5,427,899 thousand.

2023 operational outlook

(I) Business goals

With the global pandemic slowing down, the market is optimistic about the outlook for China after it lifted its pandemic control restrictions, but the escalation of the trade war between the U.S. and China has turned this expectation into disappointment. Despite this, the Company's revenue continued to grow. The Company's revenue for 2022 reached an unprecedented high due to the smooth progresses of major customers' plant constructions, aided by the revenue from its U.S. subsidiary, which was recognized in accordance with the construction progresses.

Investments by major customers are expected to slow down in 2023, but it is not expected to decrease significantly. For example, Micron will continue its A3 Phase II construction after adjusting its product strategy; TSMC's investment in 2nm process, TSMC's overseas production, etc. are all progressing as planned.

Customers' overseas footprints are expected to bring certain revenue to the Company. In summary, the Company's revenue is expected to remain flat.

(II) Business Policy and Development Strategy

For long-term operations and development, the Company will adopt the following business policies and development strategies. First of all, we will strengthen our internal management and significantly enhance our competitive advantages in cost, quality and technology, and actively develop more leaders and bring in elite talents in related systems to prepare for overseas business development with our customers.

At present, in the Company is ahead of our peers in professional field but we will continue to strive to enhance our operation this year and improve the construction method to reduce costs and increase profitability in order to increase market share, keep the competitors in the distance, and maintain the leadership.

In addition, in terms of products, the Company's wireless security monitoring system department has achieved considerably, and we will continue the research and development and business development, which will further increase the Company's value.

In conclusion, the Company's business policies and development strategies for 2023 are to continue to strengthen internal management, enhance competitive advantages, strengthen talent training, expand market share and widen the gap with its peers, and put more efforts in R&D, cost control and business development in order to maintain its leading position and continue to increase the Company's sustainable value.

(III) External competition, regulatory environment, and overall business environment impact

The Company's market share in Taiwan is increasing year by year, and it has scale and competitiveness among its peers. In Mainland China, competition is more intense due to the large number of competitors. However, the Company remains a Tier 1 brand in Mainland China with excellent competitiveness and brand equity, and the newly established subsidiary in the U.S. is performing well and will continue to contribute

revenue and grow stronger over time.

The Company's performance is affected by current events and the general environment. Factors such as the COVID-19 pandemic and geopolitical tensions have driven up raw material prices and posed challenges to the Company. In addition, the shortage of manpower due to low birth rate and the impact of the economic backdrop such as high inflation are all issues that the Company is facing. Therefore, the Company shall continue to strengthen internal management, improve competitive advantages in cost, quality and technology, develop more leaders and bring in elite talents to prepare for business growth overseas. At the same time, the Company will continue to improve its processes, reduce costs and increase profitability in order to expand market share and maintain its leading position. In terms of products, the Company will continue to put more efforts in R&D and business development, especially in the wireless security monitoring systems segment, to continue to enhance the Company's value.

UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES CO., LTD.

Chairperson Belle Lee

I. Business report

(I) The 2021 business plan implementation results

1. Business overview

The Company's annual consolidated operating revenue reached NT\$48,200,310 thousand, and the consolidated net income before tax reached NT\$5,427,899 thousand through the active efforts of all colleagues.

2. Operational outlook

Current goal

- © Strengthen professional investment and improve engineering quality, safety management, and customer service to become a world-class company.
- Actively recruit and cultivate talents, expand production capacity, and speed up the deployment of management succession.
- © Reduce costs and increase efficiency to increase competitiveness.
- © Strengthen the deployment of water and air pollution prevention and energy conservation.
- ◎ Implementation of ESG programs.

(II) Financial income and expense and profitability analysis

The 2022 financial income and expense and profitability analysis

1. Financial structure analysis

Liability to asset ratio = 68.30%

Long-tern fund to fixed assets ratio = 823.40%

2. Solvency analysis

Current ratio (%) = 132.50%

Quick ratio (%) = 115.06%

3. Profitability analysis

Ratio of return on total assets = 14.41%

Ratio of return on shareholders' equity = 40.26%

Profit margin = 8.51%Earnings per share = 21.25

(III) Research and development overview

1. Wireless home security system development

The mass production of this wireless product has been completed with orders received from customers in the home security industry. This product complies with international standards (WIFI and ZIGBEE) and passes international certification; also, it is safe and reliable with a number of design patents received. The Company will continue to research and develop innovative products.

©Radar detects an elderly in case of a fall

Teaming up with National Taiwan University focusing mmWave 60GHz on being easily installed toward fall detection and humanoid positioning.

ODevelopment of an AI-powered real-time image recognition system

Work with National Taiwan Normal University on AI modules, which perform pedestrian recognition and give proximity alert and digital fence warning on the edge gateway.

2.Shock-resistant cleanroom ceiling system

The development of this ceiling system is mainly cleanrooms in the high-tech industry. When a strong earthquake occurs, the ceiling system is not damaged. The design of this product has met the US AC156 standards with strong earthquake resistance >0.9g and passed the test of the National Earthquake Center and the relevant certifications of primary customers.

II. 2022Business Plan Summary

(I) Management policy

For long-term operations and development, the Company will adopt the following business policies and development strategies. First of all, we will strengthen our internal management and significantly enhance our competitive advantages in cost, quality and technology, and actively develop more leaders and bring in elite talents in related systems to prepare for overseas business development with our customers.

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Customers' overseas footprints are expected to bring certain revenue to the Company. In summary, the Company's revenue is expected to remain flat.

(III) Important Production and Marketing Policies

Here at the Company, we, as always, have been focusing on the high-tech plant business for more than two decades. Amidst the cutthroat competition within the counterpart firms in the same industry, we have come out as relatively more outstanding. Further coupled with the rapid boom in the high-tech industry in recent years, our Company has been growing at a satisfactory pace. Although there are positive and negative aspects of business overconcentration, worsening inflation as well as shortages in work and materials make it still important to focus on the development of the industry and on maintaining relationships with customers and subcontractors.

Two. Company profile

I. Date of establishment: September 13, 1982

II. Company history:

The Company was incorporated on September 13, 1982. The Company was founded as United Technology Engineering Co., Ltd., with a capital stock of NT\$5.1 million. It is engaged in the construction and installation of power transmission and distribution, electrical machinery, electrical appliances, computers, and communication equipment.

Based on the business philosophy of pursuing perfection and refinement, in just a few years, the Company has become the finest computer engineering professional group in Taiwan with eminent achievement in performance and professional technology achieved. In addition, the business scope has gradually expanded to large hydropower air-conditioning and plant construction engineering with a good reputation of trustworthy, service, and professional quality established through these large-scale projects. The business continues to grow. The Company was named "United Information Co. Ltd." in March 1990. In addition, the merger process with Xinlian System Co., Ltd. was completed in November 1990, becoming the one and only modern technology system integration company in Taiwan for integrated large-scale electrical/mechanical engineering, cleanroom, computer, communication, and control systems. The pragmatic management team, perfect organization planning, and abundant professional talents make the Company's business continue to grow. The Company has become the first professional organization in the country for the integration of domestic semiconductor factories and the integration of computer communication and control systems.

The Company has based development on the technology and professionalism. It advertises the spirit of first-class technology and service. It has laid a good business foundation over more than a decade and has more than 900 employees on the payroll who are mostly professional technical personnel in related fields. The Company was renamed as "UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES CO., LTD." in May 2002 and merged Taichun Technology Company in July 2003 with a capital stock of NT\$1,905,866,980 currently. The Company's consolidated turnover reached NT\$25.6 billion with a stable profitability maintained. The Company is now steadily moving towards more ambitious operational goals.

1. The chronicles of the Company:

· September 1982: Former United Technology Engineering Co., Ltd. was established with a

capital stock of NT\$5.1 million. The Company, in the early days of its establishment, was mainly engaged in the computer engineering business.

· April 1984: The office at Sec. 4, Nanjing East Road, Taipei City was acquired.

August 1985: A capital increase for an amount of NT\$10 million and the capital amounted

to NT\$15.1 million in order to enrich operating funds.

August 1987: A capital increase for an amount of NT\$40 million and the capital amounted

to NT\$55.1 million in order to support the expansion of business operation.

July 1988: A capital increase for an amount of NT\$30 million and the capital amounted

to NT\$85.1 million in order to increase the business of refrigeration, air-conditioning engineering, and transportation system engineering, buildings,

factories, and environmental monitoring systems engineering.

· November 1988: Kaohsiung office was acquired to expand business and services in Southern

Taiwan.

· September 1989: Signed a contract with Winbond Electronics Corp. for the utilities and air

conditioning project of VLSI Plant I, which was the first large contract of the Company engaging in the semiconductor plant construction project; and subsequently signed contracts with semiconductor plants in the Science Park, such as, Macronix International Co., Ltd., Acer Semiconductor Mfg. Inc., and Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company (TSMC), which helped lay a good foundation for the Company's integration with the

semiconductor industry later.

· December 1989: The Office at the 1F, Baoqiao Road, Xindian was acquired.

· March 1990: The Company was renamed as "United Information Co. Ltd."

· July 1990: The office at Fuxing North Road, Taipei City was acquired as the business

place of the sales department.

· November 1990: The Office at the 5F, Baogiao Road, Xindian was acquired.

· November 1990: Merged Xinlian System Co., Ltd. and the Company's capital was increased

to NT\$140.6 million, and the business scope was extended to large-scale electrical/mechanical engineering and system integration projects. In terms of system integration services, the Company gained further developmental

strength with the expertise and strength of the two companies.

· July 1991: Signed a contract with Winbond Electronics Corp. for the hydropower air

conditioning control and auxiliary equipment of the semiconductor Plant II new construction project, which was the largest semiconductor factory project undertaken by the Company over the years.

August 1991: Signed a contract with the Department of Urban Development, Taiwan
 Provincial Government for the instrument control system construction
 project Stage 1 of Bali Wastewater Treatment Plant, which was the largest
 instrument control system project undertaken by domestic manufacturers;
 also, enhanced the Company's design and construction capabilities in large scale instrument control systems.

August 1991: Signed a contract with the Railway Construction Office, MOTC for the telecom engineering of Taipei Metropolitan Railway Underground Soong-Yen Project, which was the first tunnel communication project undertaken by domestic manufacturer.

November 1991: A capital increase for an amount of NT\$30.4 million and the total capital of the Company amounted to NT\$171 million.

August 1993: Signed a contract with the Freeway Bureau, MOTC for the traffic control system of the Xizhi-Wugu freeway expansion, which was the first large-scale traffic control system project independently built by domestic manufacturer.

• April 1994: Signed a contract with TSMC for the electrical/mechanical engineering system integration project of Plant III, which was the largest semiconductor plant construction project undertaken by the Company over the years.

 September 1994: Purchased the products and equipment of Chaoming Technology Co., Ltd., expanded the scale of product business, and increased the domestic and international sales of uninterruptible power system.

 March 1995: Acquired the real property at 1F, No. 1, Lane 7, Baoqiao Road, Xindian for the construction of the plant at Baoqiao Road, Xindian in order to expand the UPS production capacity to reach NT\$600 million per year.

March 1995: Signed a contract with Taiwan Tobacco and Liquor Corporation for the instrument control system project of Chiayi Winery Stage 2, which again helped demonstrate the Company's capabilities in large-scale instrument control systems.

• May 1995: The capitalization of cash and earnings was approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission; also, the Company was approved as a public offering company.

May 1995: Signed a contract with China Commercial Bank for its utility and computer connection system inside the information building at Fuzhou Street, which was the largest utility engineering project in banking industry undertaken by the Company.

• August 1995: The capitalization of cash and earnings was completed for an amount of NT\$251.3 million and the Company's capital amounted to NT\$422.3 million

November 1995: Signed a contract with Acer Construction Co., Ltd. for the utility and firefighting project of Powerchip Semiconductor Factory, which was a project of foreign company undertaken by the Company again.

• January 1996: Signed a contract with TSMC for the utilities and air conditioning project of Plant IV after the successful completion of the engineering project of Plant III, which showed the confidence of customers in the Company.

 January 1996: Signed a contract with TAKASAGO THERMAL ENGINEERING CO., LTD. again for the CUB project of Winbond Electronics Co., Ltd. It indicated that the service and capabilities of the Company had been well recognized by foreign companies.

• January 1996: Signed a contract with Macronix International Co., Ltd. again for the central air conditioning project of its Plant II to continue the pleasant cooperation experience.

• February 1996: Signed a contract with Showa Denko HD Trace Corp. for the cleanroom construction project, which was a new era for the domestic manufacturer to complete the construction of cleanroom independently.

• April 1996: Signed a contract with Showa Denko HD Trace Corp. again for the construction of cleanroom Stage 2.

 June 1996: At the same time, signed a contract with Showa Denko HD Trace Corp. for the construction of the utilities and air conditioning in the cleanroom and entire system integration project. August 1996: Signed a contract with TECO Co., LTD. for the plant construction of SHIN-ETSU HANDOTAI TAIWAN CO., LTD.

· August 1996: Signed a contract with Winbond Electronics Corp. again for the utilities and

air conditioning project of Plant IV.

· September 1996: The capitalization of earnings was completed and the capital amounted to

NT\$506.76 million.

· March 1997: Due to the booming development of telecommunications industry in Taiwan,

the Company had also engaged in the station construction of Taiwan Mobile, and had received a telecom station construction project for an amount of

around NT\$400 million.

· April 1997: Signed a contract with Macronix International Co., Ltd. again for the MEP

project in the basement of the headquarters building.

· May 1997: Signed a contract with Commonwealth again for the AMPI cleanroom

construction project.

· May 1997: Completed the capitalization of earnings and the capital amounted to

NT\$608,111,100.

August 1997: Signed a contract with Taikisha Ltd. for the BP-8.BP-9 electrical/mechanical

engineering project.

· September 1997: Signed a contract with WSMC for the installation of the 8' wafer CUB,

MEP1, and MEP2 electrical/mechanical engineering, and cooperated with

Huaxin Engineering Co., Ltd. to complete the contract.

September 1997: Signed a contract with Analog Technology Inc. for the construction of a new

plant.

• January 1998: Signed a contract with Macronix International Co., Ltd. for the construction

of the new head office building.

· February 1998: The Company's stock was officially traded at Taipei Exchange.

March 1998: Signed a contract with T&T Consulting Services, Inc. for the construction of

the utilities and air conditioning project Stage 2.

· May 1998: Signed a contract with TSMC for the construction of Plant 6 in Tainan

Science Park.

May 1998: Completed the capitalization of earnings and employee bonus and the capital

amounted to NT\$769,297,420.

June 1998: The Product Division officially became a subsidiary of the Company,

Ablerex Electronics Co., Ltd.

· August 1998: Completed the capitalization of cash and the capital amounted to

NT\$899,297,420.

· October 1998: Signed a contract with Chi Mei Optoelectronics Corporation for the

construction of a cleanroom.

December 1998: Signed a contract with Chantek Electronic Co., Ltd. for the construction of

Plant III.

February 1999: Signed a contract with HannStar Display Corporation (HannStar) for the

construction of the FAB factory cleanroom and the plant-wide

electrical/mechanical engineering computer monitoring system integration

project.

· December 1999: Signed a contract with Continental Engineering Corporation for the

construction of Taipei Metro Rapid Transit System Engineering CD 550

project (utilities and Environmental Control Engineering).

December 1999: Signed a contract with HannStar Display Corporation for the construction of

FAB Plant II.

February 2000: Signed a contract with T&T Consulting Services, Inc. for the construction of

the MEP project of Longtan Plant II.

· February 2000: Signed a contract with Continental Engineering Corporation for the

construction of Taipei Metro Rapid Transit System Project CD 550 (except

for the utilities and environmental control projects).

March 2000: Signed a contract with Quanta Display Inc. for the construction of the

cleanroom at its Linkou Plant.

· April 2000: Traded at Taiwan Stock Exchange

· August 2000: Signed a contract with Global Communication Technology Corp. for the

construction of a cleanroom.

September 2000: Signed a contract with SEEDNet for the construction of its Neihu computer

igned a contract

September 2000: Signed a contract with TSMC for the construction of TSMC FAB12 MEP

project.

- October 2000: Signed a contract with TSMC for the construction of TSMC FAB14 MEP project.
- November 2000: Signed a contract with TSMC for the construction of TSMC Plant 14 cleanroom.
- February 2001: Signed a contract with HannStar Display Corporation for the construction of FAB II design change project.
- February 2001: Signed a contract with IQE PLC Inc. for the construction of the electrical/mechanical engineering project.
- May 2001: Signed a contract with Macronix International Co., Ltd. for the construction of the MXIC FAB3 MEP PROJECT.
- August 2001: Signed a contract with Episil Technologies Inc. for the construction of the electrical/mechanical engineering and cleanroom.
- October 2001: Signed a contract with Grace Semiconductor Co., Ltd. for the construction of the new plant in Shanghai.
- December 2001: Signed a contract with TSMC for the construction of the F12 MEP FOR OFFICE 1-6F project.
- December 2001: Signed a contract with Continental Engineering Corporation for the construction of the Taipei Metro Rapid Transit System CD315 communication system project.
- March 2002: Signed a contract with Quanta Display Inc. for the construction of Plant II.
 April 2002: Signed a contract with TSMC for the construction of TSMC 14 ME project.
 July 2002: Signed a contract with AU Optronics Corp. (AUO) for the construction of its LCA plant.
- July 2002: Signed a contract with AUO for the construction of the CATPRJECT project.
- August 2002: Signed a contract with TSMC for the construction of TSMC FAB12 MEP expansion project.
- August 2002: Signed a contract with TSMC for the construction of TSMC12 H/Q MEP&OFFICE MEP7-9F project.
- September 2002: Signed a contract with Chi Mei Optoelectronics Corporation for the construction of the FAB3 CF C/R project.
- October 2002: Signed a contract with AUO (Suzhou) for the construction of the FAB I CELL Plant.
- November 2002: Signed a contract with HannStar Display Corporation for the construction of HannStar FAB III Stage 1 cleanroom project.
- · November 2002: Signed a contract with Quanta Display Inc. for the construction of the LINE III UTILITY PACKAGE.
- · November 2002: Signed a contract with HannStar Display Corporation for the construction of HannStar FAB III MEP project.
- March 2003: Signed a contract with HannStar Display Corporation for the construction of HannStar FAB III 30K HOOK UP project.
- March 2003: Signed a contract with Coretronic Corporation for the construction of its Zhunan Plant Stage 2.
- April 2003: Signed a contract with HannStar Display Corporation for the construction of its FAB3 color Filter cleanroom project.
- June 2003: Signed a contract with TSMC for the construction of TSM12 SUPPORT 1F C/R project.
- August 2003: Signed a contract with HannStar Display Corporation for the construction of its FAB3 color Filter project.
- August 2003: Signed a contract with HannStar Display Corporation for the construction of its FAB3 color Filter project.
- November 2003: Signed a contract with HannStar Display Corporation for the construction of its C/R CELL A LINE project of Plant III.
- November 2003: Signed a contract with HannStar Display Corporation for the construction of its FAB project of Nanjing Plant III.
- December 2003: Signed a contract with HannStar Display Corporation for the construction of PHASE II HOOK UP project of HanStar Plant III.
- December 2003: Signed a contract with TSMC for the construction of TSM14 HOOK UP3K Turn-key Package.
- January 2004: Signed a contract with Quanta Display Inc. for the construction of Dawei QDS LCM Fab F3 project.
- January 2004: Signed a contract with Chi Mei Optoelectronics Corporation for the construction of its FAB4 plant LCD/CR project.

•	January 2004:	Signed a contract with AUO for the construction of its Tango M10 C/R
		project.
	February 2004:	Signed a contract with HannStar Display Corporation for the construction of
	•	its FAB3 PHASE project of Plant III.
	March 2004:	Signed a contract with Quanta Display Inc. for the construction of its QDI's

TFT-LCD Fab Line3 Project.

July 2004: Signed a contract with HannStar Display Corporation for the construction of

its FAB IV TFT-LCD project.

• July 2004: Signed a contract with ProMOS Technologies Inc. (ProMOS) for the

construction of its FAB III MEP project.

• September 2004: Signed a contract with AUO for the construction of its Lephant project of Taichung Plant Stage 1.

September 2004: Signed a contract with Quanta Display Inc. for the construction of its QDI LINEII 75K expansion project.

December 2004: Signed a contract with Winbond Electronics Co., Ltd. for the construction of the cleanroom of the plant in Central Taiwan Science Park.

 January 2005: Signed a contract with Formosa Petrochemical Corporation for the construction of North-South Instrument and Power Turnkey Project of No. 6 Naphtha Cracker.

• March 2005: Signed a contract with ChipMOS Technologies (Shanghai) Inc. for the construction of its electrical and mechanical renovation project.

• October 2005: Signed a contract with Chi Mei Optoelectronics Corporation for the construction of the CLEAN ROOM PACKAGE of Plant V.

 November 2005: Signed a contract with ChipMOS for the construction of its 1.2.4F electrical and mechanical engineering, air conditioning, and renovation project of Chubei Plant.

• December 2005: Signed a contract with ChipMOS for the construction of its T-B building in Southern Taiwan Science Park.

• January 2006: Signed a contract with AUO for the construction of its Taichung B11 cleanroom project.

• February 2006: Signed a contract with Chi Mei Optoelectronics Corporation for the construction of its CMO CLEANROOM PROJECT (Stage 1 + Stage 2).

• April 2006: Signed a contract with Powerchip Semiconductor Inc. for the construction of its FAB 12M C/R reconstruction project.

• May 2006: Signed a contract with TSMC for the construction of its FAB14 41K HOOK UP ENGINEERING project.

• May 2006: Signed a contract with TSMC for the construction of its TAMC12 PHASE 3B PROJECT.

• June 2006: Signed a contract with ChipMOS for the construction of electrical and mechanical project of its T-B building.

• August 2006: Signed a contract with ProMOS Technologies Inc. for the construction of its FAB14 MEP M10 electrical and mechanical engineering project.

• October 2006: Signed a contract with Chi Mei Optoelectronics Corporation for the construction of its CMO FAB6 cleanroom project.

• October 2006: Signed a contract with Powerchip Semiconductor Inc. for the construction of its PSC 12C cleanroom project.

• October 2006: Signed a contract with TSMC for the construction of its FAB14 P3 MEP+FP PACKAGE.

• January 2007: Signed a contract with ChipMOS for the construction of its cleanroom electrical and mechanical project.

• February 2007: Signed a contract with ChipMOS for the construction of its cleanroom expansion project at 4F of Chubei Plant.

• April 2007: Signed a contract with TSMC for the construction of its F14 P2 61.3K HOOK UP project.

July 2007: Signed a contract with Tripod Technology Corporation (Wuxi) for the construction of the cleanroom air conditioning and processing project of its PCB Plant V.

 July 2007: Signed a contract with Rexchip Electronics Corp. for the construction of its PHASE II main power line project of R1 Plant.

 August 2007: Signed a contract with Winbond Electronics Co., Ltd. for the construction of its FAB6 B cleanroom project.

• August 2007: Signed a contract with Rexchip Electronics Corp. for the construction of its FAB R1 PHASE II cleanroom project.

September 2007: Signed a contract with Century Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. for the construction of its cleanroom system of Shenzhen Plant 1. December 2007: Signed a contract with InfoVision Optoelectronics Co., Ltd. for the construction of its 110K main system project expansion. Signed a contract with TSMC for the construction of its F14 P2 HOOK UP January 2008: project. Signed a contract with Yi-Chong Technology (Suzhou) for the construction January 2008: of its utilities and air conditioning and factory system piping project. Signed a contract with Century Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. for the February 2008: construction of its purification system - H1 project of module plant 1. Signed a contract with Century Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. for the March 2008: construction of a general power project. Signed a contract with AUO for the construction of its Taichung Plant M12 March 2008: cleanroom project. Signed a contract with Innolux Corporation for the construction of its T2 March 2008: C/F cleanroom project. March 2008: Signed a contract with AUO for the construction of electrical and mechanical project of its Hsinchu DAWN plant. April 2008: Signed a contract with TSMC for the construction of its F12 P4 – MEP, FP, C/R, and VE projects. May 2008: Signed a contract with Century Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. for the construction of its craft production equipment pipeline project in K1 area. Signed a contract with TSMC for the construction of its F12 P4 -PX May 2008: PACKAGE. Signed a contract with Jiangsu Best Company for the construction of thin July 2008: film solar cell production project. July 2008: Signed a contract with Tatung Company for the construction of the L2 UP 120K project C/R modification engineering of Chunghwa Picture Tubes, August 2008: Signed a contract with Rexchip Electronics Corp. for the construction of FAB R2 PCW, C/R, CHILLER PLANT and R2 power mainline projects. October 2008: The "Non-contact IR dry-eye diagnostic system" won the "Industry Innovation Achievement Award" from the Ministry of Economic Affairs in June 2009: Signed a contract with TAIWAN POLYSILICON CORPORATION for the construction of its PSS PROJECT C/R engineering. June 2009: Signed a contract with Inotera Semiconductor Inc. for the construction of its stacking process HOOK UP project. Signed a contract with AUO for the construction of its power MEP project August 2009: of AUO Chin-Shen Plant. Signed a contract with AUO for the construction of AUO L8B MEP project. September 2009: September 2009: Signed a contract with TSMC for the construction of F12 P4 MEP C/R ELE PACKAGE STAGE 2 project. Signed a contract with TSMC for the construction of F14 AY CODE N65 82 December 2009: machines installation project. Signed a contract with AUO for the construction of AUO L8B M&E project December 2009: of the new plant. January 2010 Signed a contract with TSMC for the construction of TSMC FAB 12 P5 project. Signed a contract with TSMC for the construction of TSMC F14 P3 2010 January 2010 N4&N65 HOOK UP project. Signed a contract with TSMC for the construction of TSMC F14 P4 April 2010 LEAROOM & CAS PACKAGE. Signed a contract with TSMC for the construction of TSMC F14 April 2010 MEP&FIRE PROTECTION&PX PACKAGE. April 2010 Signed a contract with TSMC for the construction of TSMC F14 P4 PX PACKAGE. May 2010 Signed a contract with TSMC for the construction of TSMC F14 N65 BK CODE 103 machines installation project. June 2010 Signed a contract with ChipMOS for the construction of its TB building 3F C/R expansion and TA building 2F C/R expansion.

Signed a contract with TSMC (Shanghai) for the construction of its F10 P2

August 2007:

MEP PACKAGE.

٠	August 2010	Signed a contract with TSMC for the construction of TSMC 12 P5 EBO project.
	August 2010	Signed a contract with TSMC for the construction of TSMC 12 P2 HPM B1F CR project.
	August 2010	Signed a contract with ChipMOS for the construction of its 5F expansion of Chubei Plant.
•	October 2010	Signed a contract with TSMC for the construction of TSMC F15 P1 MEP&PX PACKAGE project.
•	October 2010	Signed a contract with TSMC for the construction of TSMC F14 P4 HOOK UP 180 Project.
•	November 2010	Signed a contract with TSMC for the construction of TSMC SOLAR PROJECT PHASE 1 MEP PACKAGE.
•	December 2010	Signed a contract with TSMC for the construction of TSMC F15P1 C/R WBS project.
	January 2011	AUO Singapore L4B CLEANROOM EXPANSION
	January 2011	Signed a contract with Qualcomm Taiwan Corporation for the construction
	January 2011	of its new plant.
٠	February 2011	Signed a contract with TSMC for the construction of TSMC F14 P3 OFFICE 3F WAT C/R project.
•	February 2011	AUO GRC MEP project
٠	March 2011	AUO Crystal Corp. Taichung Port Processing Export Zone Phase I Plant Electrical and Mechanical Engineering project
•	April 2011	AUO Crystal Corp. Chung-Kong C/R construction project
•	August 2011	TSMC F15 P2 MEP
	August 2011	TSMC F15 P2 CLEANROOM SYSTEM
	September 2011	The cancellation of the treasury stock for a capital decrease of
	•	NT\$35,890,000 and the total pain-in capital of the Company amounted to
		NT\$2,474,833,730.
•	November 2011	TSMC F15 P6 C/R PACKAGE STAGE-1
•	December 2011	The cancellation of the treasury stock for a capital decrease of
		NT\$92,500,000 and the total pain-in capital of the Company amounted to NT\$2,382,333,730.
	March 2012	TSMC F12 P6 C/R STAGE-2
	March 2012	TSMC F15 P2 LAYOUT project
	April 2012	TSMC F15 P3 MEP project
	May 2012	TSMC F15 P3 CLEANROOM project
	May 2012	TSMC F6 BUMPPING project
	May 2012	TSMC F12 P6 CCD EXPANSION-EDC2 F12 P4 SITE project
	June 2012	TSMC F12 P6 CCD EXPANSION-F8 DC1 project
	August 2012	TSMC F14 OFFICE TESTING CLEANROOM AND UTILITY PACKAGE
	September 2012	TSMC F15 P4 MEP Engineering Stage 1
	October 2012	TSMC F14 P5 MEP PACKAGE
	October 2012	TSMC F15 P4 CLEANROOM project
	October 2012	TSMC FAB14 P5 FAB ARER CLEAN ROOM project
	January 2013	TSMC F14 POWER HOOK UP project
	January 2013	TSMC F4 HOOK UP EXHAUST, CAP, FILTER project
	March 2013	TSMC F14 P6 PX PACKAGE
	April 2013	TSMC F14 P6 MEP PACKAGE
	April 2013 April 2013	TSMC F14 F0 MEF TACKAGE TSMC F14 P6 CLEAN ROOM PACKAGE
	November 2013	TSMC F14 P6 POWER HOOK UP addition engineering project
·		
•	August 2013	Universal Scientific Industrial (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Production Plant 1&2F Cleanroom & Interior Decoration project
٠	October 2013	China Electronics Panda Crystal Technology Corporation (Nanjing) new cleanroom system improvement engineering (+10K) project
•	September 2013	Universal Scientific Industrial (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Production Plant 3F Cleanroom project
	January 2014	Taiwan Micron R2 25NM 75K CLEANROOM Project (STANGE 1+2)
	January 2014	TSMC F14 OFFIC TESTING C/R AND UTILITY PACKAGE
	February 2014	TSMC Xintec new plant electrical and mechanical and cleanroom
	·	installation engineering project

TSMC F14 P7 C/R April 2014 June 2014 AUO (Singapore) L4B POWER MTM project September 2014 ChipMOS TB building 4F cleanroom construction October 2014 TSMC F12 P7 MEP PACKAGE November 2014 AUO L8B B21 P1 P2 P3 cleanroom expansion project November 2014 TSMC F12 P7 CLEAN ROOM PACKAGE ASE Kaohsiung Plant K22 Plane Plant Construction project February 2015 February 2015 Taiwan Micron FAB A2 Base Build Project Winbond MEP+CR January 2016 February 2016 TSMC F15 P6 MEP PACKAGE STAGE 1 (EQUIPMENT/LABOR/MATERIAL) March 2016 TSMC F15 P5 MEP PACKAGE (STAGE 1) (UPS) TSMC F15 P6 CR SCAD -TEM- -additional engineering by foremen March 2016 October 2016 Taiwan Micron A2 110S TOTAL GAS SYSTEM(MOR) TSMC (Nanjing) CHINA CLEANROOM PACKAGE-EQ (STAGE 1) November 2016 TSMC F-12 P4 EUV MEP+CR project March 2017 SSMC Expansion project October 2017 Taiwan Micron -TCP new plant construction November 2017 SSMC plant new construction project-equipment procurement February 2018 Taiwan Micron F11 CUB-1B construction February 2018 April 2018 TSMC F15P7 C/R PROJECT A TSMC F18 P1 MEP-A PACKAGE April 2018 TSMC F18 P1 MEP-B PACKAGE April 2018 TSMC F18 P1 FIRE PACKAGE April 2018 TSMC F18 P1 C/R May 2018 Yangtze Memory Technology Corp (YMTC) National Memory Base Project (Phase June 2018 1) Equipment Pipeline Import equipment Taiwan Micron Build up for MTB warehouse July 2018 Taiwan Micron A2 E100 expansion project July 2018 July 2018 ASE Test, Inc. - ASE Technology Holding Co., Ltd., k22 6F TEST Plant Construction Project July 2018 TSMC-F18P1 EBO construction IQE PLC Inc. 3F factory building new TURN-KEY project August 2018 December 2018 Initiated a de-capitalization for an amount of NT\$476,466,750 to bring the total capital stock to NT\$1,905,866,980. AUO Optoelectronics Huaya Plant (AUO FAB L3D/L5D) L3D IJP Project December 2018 TSMC F18 P2 MEP-A PACKAGE December 2018 TSMC F18 P2 MEP-B PACKAGE December 2018 December 2018 TSMC F18 P2 FIRE PACKAGE December 2018 TSMC F18 P2 PCW PACKAGE TSMC F18 P2 C/R PACKAGE December 2018 Advanced Wireless Semiconductor Company Phase II Plant Expansion Project February 2019 (Buildings A, B, C, D, E, F) - Mechanical and Electrical Contracting Project Taiwan Micron's Houli New Plant Overall Design Project March 2019 TSMC F15P7 C/R Project B July 2019 July 2019 TSMC F15 P7 MEP PACKAGE B TSMC F18 P3 MEP A PACKAGE October 2019 October 2019 TSMC F18 P3 MEP B PACKAGE October 2019 TSMC F18 P3 FIRE PACKAGE TSMC F18 P3 C/R November 2019 Yangtze Memory Technology Corporation (YMTC) (Phase I) Second-stage January 2020 Project focusing on the Process Equipment Pipeline Purchase and Installation in Tender B Phase, for -Imported Equipment TSMC F18 P3 EBO CR PACKAGE January 2020 April 2020 Advanced Wireless Semiconductor Company Phase II Expansion Project to add various new clean room (dust-free room) systems Taiwan Micron's f16 tool install service po-Gas/NG/BA April 2020

TSMC F18 P4 MEP PACKAGE

June 2020

TSMC F18 P4 CLEAN ROOM PACKAGE June 2020 October 2020 TSMC F18 P4 CLEAN ROOM PACKAGE November 2020 TSMC RDR1 C/R TSMC F18 P5 CLEANROOM PACKAGE November 2020 November 2020 TSMC F18 P5 MEP PACKAGE January 2021 Procurement of office at 13F, Taiwan Technology Plaza, Qiaohe Road, Zhonghe District, New Taipei City January 2021 Advanced Wireless Semiconductor Company Phase II Expansion Project --2F Clean Room Extension Project February 2021 TSMC F18 P6 MEP PACKAGE March 2021 TSMC F18 P6 C/R April 2021 Purchased office at No. 168, Anhe East Road, Xitun District, Taichung City April 2021 TSMC 12B-BRIDGE SP1 F12 P7 CR RETROFIT July 2021 TMSC F21 AAS Project July 2021 TSMC F21 CLEANROOM July 2021 TSMC F21 MEP November 2021 TSMC TCZWM MEP PACKAGE November 2021 TSMC F18 P7 MEP A November 2021 TSMC F18 P7 CLEAR ROOM A · December 2021 TSMC F14 P8 MEP STAGE-1 January 2022 Micron Technology Taiwan-TCP2 MAIN CONTRACT February 2022 TSMC F18 P8 UNDERGROUND PIPING PACKAGE March 2022 TSMC F18 P8 CR project

• March 2022 TSMC F18 P8 MEP project

TSMC F18 P8 MEP project

· June 2022 Micron Technology-A3 Phase 2 (Module 2)

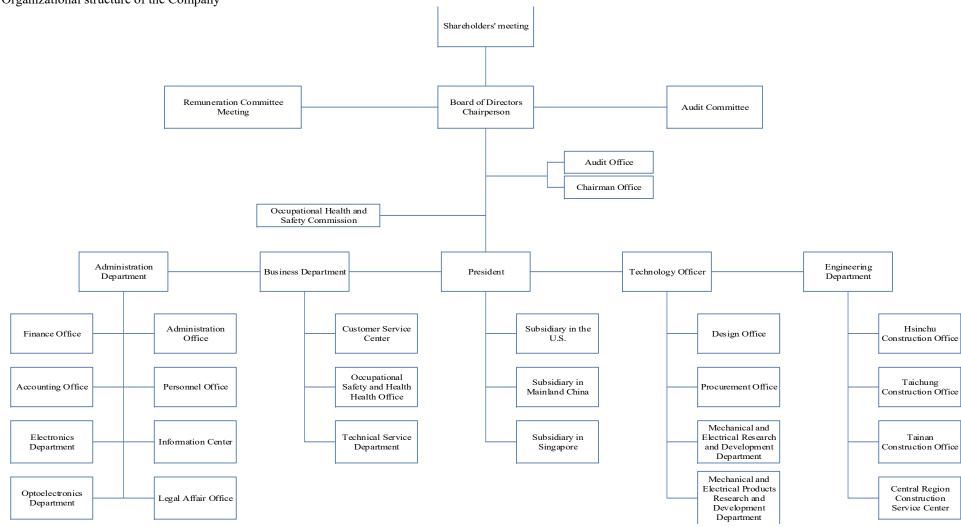
· September 2022 JASM-TSMC F23 P1 MEP PACKAGE_POWER PANCEL_Equipment

/CLEANROOM PACKAGE-United Integrated Services

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Three. Corporate governance report

- I. Company organization
- (I) Organization system
- 1. Organizational structure of the Company



2. The main job responsibility of each department is summarized as follows:

	of cach department is summarized as follows.
Department	Main job responsibility
Audit Office	Assist the Company's personnel to fulfill their job responsibilities and determine the correctness of their work in order to improve organizational performance.
Legal Affair Office	Assist in the legal affairs related to the business of each department (proposing legal opinions, contract drafting and review, litigation and non-litigation events, etc.), drafting and amending the Company's Articles of Associations, and implementing other legal matters.
Administration Office	Take care of general affairs, public relations, and other matters
Personnel Office	Responsible for the recruitment, performance evaluation, promotion, benefits, training, and other matters.
Finance Office	Responsible for financial scheduling, cashier, cash budgeting, and other matters.
Accounting Office	Responsible for the Company's accounting operations, tax return filing, cost calculation and stock affairs, and other matters.
Procurement Office	Responsible for the execution of the Company's various requisitions, orders processing, and documentation management.
Information Center	Responsible for the computer-related systems, and software and hardware inside and outside the Company, structure planning, development, construction, management, and maintenance.
Customer Service Center	Responsible for business solicitation and customer service.
Engineering Department	Responsible for the implementation of the system (including special systems) integration engineering projects.
Technical Service Department	Responsible for the execution of maintenance contracts and warranty services.
Design Office	Responsible for the design, integration, and technical support services of all systems (except special systems) of the Company.
Mechanical and Electrical Research and Development Department	Responsible for cleanroom related air conditioning, energy, airflow simulation, and chemical molecular pollution research and development.
Optoelectronics Department	Responsible for the research and development, production, sales and maintenance of infrared and related optoelectronic products, and after-sale service.
Electronics Department	Responsible for the research and development, production, sales, and maintenance of wireless monitoring products, and warranty and after-sale service.
Occupational Safety and Health Department	Formulate, plan, supervise, and promote safety and health management matters, and guide the relevant personnel in implementation. Formulate the Company's occupational safety and health management plan, supervise each project to follow the Company's occupational safety and health management plan, and audit and guide the implementation of various projects in compliance with the safety and health code.

II. Director and key manager information

1. Director Information (I)

Job title	Nationality or Registration	Name	Sex Age	Election date	Tenure	Initial Election Date		ing at the time ection	Current s	hareholding		shareholding of I minor children		es held in the ne of others	Experience (education)	Job position held with the	or su spou	pervisor se or sec	s who are a ond cousins	Remarks (Note)
	Place						Shares	Shareholding ratio	Shares	Shareholding ratio	Shares	Shareholding ratio	Shares	Shareholding ratio		Company and other companies concurrently	Job title	Name	Relationship	
Chairperson	Taiwan	Belle Lee	Female 60-65 years old	2021.08.17	3 years	2020.08.06	8,825,867	4.63%	11,023,896	5.78%	-	-	-	-	Department of Economics, Chinese Culture University	Note 2	None	None	None	None
Director	Taiwan	Benny Chen	Male 66-69 years old	2021.08.17	3 years	1990.03.02	1,888,840	0.99%	951,000	0.50%	-	-	-	-	Communications Engineering Department of National Chiao Tung University	Note 3	None	None	None	None
Director	-	Liang Yi Investment Co., Ltd.	-	2021.08.17	3 years	2020.08.06	7,173,571	3.76%	7,173,571	3.76%	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
Incorporated representative of the Director	Taiwan	Chih-Ming Lai	Male 60-65 years old	2021.08.17	3 years	2021.08.17	-	-	-	-	,	-	-	-	Department of Electrical Engineering, National Cheng Kung University	Note 4	None	None	None	None
Director	Taiwan	Ma Wei- Xin	Female 50-55 years old	2021.08.17	3 years	2021.08.17	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Note 1	Note 5	None	None	None	None
Director	Taiwan	Joseph Lee	Male 66-69 years old	2021.08.17	3 years	1990.03.02	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Electrical Engineering Department of Taipei Institute of Technology	Note 6	None	None	None	None
Director	Taiwan	Yu-An Chen	Male 66-69 years old	2021.08.17	3 years	1998.02.16	61,000	0.03%	61,000	0.03%	111,000	0.06%	-	-	M.S., Institute of Transportation Engineering, National Chiao Tung University	註七	None	None	None	None
Independent Director	Taiwan	Kun-Hsien Lin	Male 60-65 years old	2021.08.17	3 years	2021.08.17	-	-	-	-	-	=	-	-	Department of Law, National Taiwan University	Note 8	None	None	None	None
Independent Director	Taiwan	Te-Ying Liao	Male 66-69 years old	2021.08.17	3 years	2021.08.17	4,000	0.00%	-	-	-	-	-	-	Master's Degree in Accounting of Soochow University	Note 9	None	None	None	None
Independent Director	Taiwan	Ting Herh	Male 66-69 years old	2021.08.17	3 years	2015.06.16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Ph.D., Institute of Management, University of Victoria, Switzerland	Note 10	None	None	None	None

April 1, 2023

Note: If the Company's Chairperson and general manager or those of equal powers (top management) are the same person, the spouse, or a relative within the first degree kinship, the reason, rationality, necessity, responsive measures (such as, increasing the number of independent directors; also, the majority of the directors are not part-time employees or managers), and other related information shall be disclosed.

Note 1: Ph.D., School of Humanities of Tsing Hua University; Executive MBA, Peking University; and Bachelor in Oriental Languages, University of California, Berkeley.

Note 2: Chairperson of the Company; Director of UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES (USA) CORP.; Chairperson of UNITED INFORMATION SYSTEMS (BVI) CO., LTD.; chairperson, UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES CO., LTD. (Singapore); Supervisor, Jiangxi United Integrated Services Company

Note 3 Director of Jiangxi United Integrated Services Company, Suzhou Hantai System Integration Company, and Suyuan Trading (Shanghai) Company.

Note 4: President of the Company's Overseas Business Department; director, UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES (USA) CORP.

Note 5: Chairperson of Hannstouch Solution Incorporated, Golden Apple Investment Co., Ltd., Yinwang Investment Co., Ltd., and Torch Investment Co., Ltd.; director of Hannstar Display Corporation, Winbond Electronics Corporation, Walsin Lihwa Corporation, Glorystone Inc., and Hanns Blegrain Ltd.; supervisor of Pottery Inc.

Note 6: Chief Technology Officer of the Company; director, Jiangxi Hantang System Integration Co., Ltd.; director, UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES (USA) CORP., person-in-charge of Yunhao Electric Technology.

Note 7: Vice Chairperson of Ablerex Electronics Co., Ltd.; and director of Ablerex Electronics Co., Ltd., Z-Com, Inc., and Eco Energy Corporation.

Note 8: Director, BN Law Firm; eighth-session director of the Association for Victims Support (AVS) of the Ministry of Justice; independent director, COTA Commercial Bank, Ltd.; independent director, Yongxin International Investment Holding Co., Ltd. Served as Chairperson of Taichung Bar Association

Note 9: Current Head of Huizhong Accounting Firm. Served as an honorary advisor and consultant of the Small and Medium Enterprise Administration of the Ministry of Economic Affairs; vice chairperson of DurQ Machinery Corp.

Note 10: Chairperson of DAVICOM Semiconductor Inc.; independent director of MiTAC Holdings Corporation.

Note 11: Independent director Te-Ying Liao was discharged on September 5, 2022.

Name of corporate shareholder	Major shareholders of corporate shareholder
Liang Yi Investment Co., Ltd.	Kuo-Yu Wang 25.20%

Director Information (II)

I. Disclosure of information on the professional qualifications of directors and the independence of independent directors:

Conditions			
\ \			
	Professional qualifications and experience (Note 1)	Status of independence (Note 2)	Serve as an independent director of other public companies
Name			
Belle Lee	Department of Economics, Chinese Culture		
	University		
	Current vice president of Administration of		0
	United Integrated Services Co., Ltd.		
	Not subject to circumstances defined in		
D CI	Article 30 of the Company Act.		
Benny Chen	Department of Telecommunications		
	Engineering, National Chiao Tung University		
	Executive General Manager of United		0
	Integrated Services Co., Ltd.		
	Not subject to circumstances defined in Article 30 of the Company Act.		
Chih-Ming	Department of Electrical Engineering,		
Lai	National Cheng Kung University		
Lai	Former president of ChenFull International		0
	Co., Ltd.		U
	Served as the Head of Corporate Security		
	Division, Taiwan Semiconductor		
	Manufacturing Company, Limited		
	Served as the Deputy Chief of the New Plant		
	Planning and Engineering Division of Taiwan		
	Semiconductor Manufacturing Company,		
	Limited		
	Not subject to circumstances defined in		
	Article 30 of the Company Act.		
Joseph Lee	Electrical Engineering from National Taipei		
	University of Technology		
	Chief Technical Officer of United Integrated		0
	Services Co., Ltd.		
	Not subject to circumstances defined in		
) (TY ' TY'	Article 30 of the Company Act.		
Ma Wei-Xin	Ph.D., School of Humanities, National Tsing		
	Hua University		0
	Current Chairman of the Board of Directors		0
	of HannsTouch Solution Incorporated Current Chairman of Jinpingguo Investment		
	(Inc.)		
	Current Director (served as Chairman of the		
	Board) of HannStar Display Corporation		
	Current Director of Winbond Electronics		
	Corporation Corporation		
	Current director of Walsin Lihwa Corp.		
	Served as Chairman of Yuanta Securities		
	Investment Trust Co., Ltd.		
	Not subject to circumstances defined in		
	Article 30 of the Company Act.		

		1	
Yu-An Chen	M.S. Engineering, Institute of Transportation		
	Engineering, National Chiao Tung University		0
	Director, Ablerex Electronics Co., Ltd.		U
	Director, Z-Com, Inc.		
	Director, JG Environmental Technology Co.,		
	Ltd.		
	Director, Eco Energy Corporation		
	Not subject to circumstances defined in		
	Article 30 of the Company Act.		
Ting Herh	Ph.D., Institute of Management, University of	Serving as an independent	
	Victoria, Switzerland	director and confirming to the	
	M.S. in Electrical Engineering, Berkeley	conditions of independence	0
	University, California, USA B.S. in Control Engineering, National Chiao	1. including but not limited to	
	Tung University	self, spouse, and relatives	
	Chairperson of DAVICOM Semiconductor	within the second degree of	
	Inc.	kinship do not serve as	
	Not subject to circumstances defined in	directors, supervisors, or	
	Article 30 of the Company Act.	employees of the Company or	
		its affiliated companies.	
		2. Self, spouse, or relatives within the second degree of kinship	
		(or others acting in their	
		names) do not hold any shares	
		of the Company.	
		3. Not serving in the position of	
		director, supervisor, or	
		employee of a company that	
		has a specified relationship	
		with the Company (in	
		reference to Article 3,	
		Paragraph 1, Subparagraphs 5-	
		8 of the Regulations Governing	
		Appointment of Independent	
		Directors and Compliance	
		Matters for Public Companies).	
		4. The amount of remuneration	
		for providing business, legal,	
		financial, accounting, and other	
		services to the Company or its affiliates in the last two years is	
		zero.	
Kun-Hsien	Department of Law, National Taiwan	2010.	
Lin	University		
	Current Head of BN Law Firm		2
	Current serving as the eighth director of the		
	Association for Victims Support (AVS),		
	Ministry of Justice		
	Current an independent director of COTA		
	Commercial Bank, Ltd.		
	Current an independent director of YungShin		
	Global Holding Co., Ltd.		
	Served as Chairman of Taichung Bar		
	Association		
	Not subject to circumstances defined in		
	Article 30 of the Company Act.		

Te-Ying Liao	Master's Degree in Accounting of Soochow	
	University	
	Current Head of Huizhong Accounting Firm	0
	Served as an honorary advisor and consultant	
	of the Small and Medium Enterprise	
	Administration of the Ministry of Economic	
	Affairs	
	Served as Vice Chairman of DurQ Machinery	
	Corp.	
	Not subject to circumstances defined in	
	Article 30 of the Company Act.	

- II. Diversity and independence of the Board of Directors:
 - (I) Diversity of the Board of Directors:
- 1. Election of directors of the Company adopts a candidate nomination system in accordance with Article 20, Paragraph 3 of the Company's Corporate Governance Best-Practice Principles. The composition of the Board of Directors should consider diversity, and an appropriate diversification policy should be formulated and implemented according to our own operations, operation type, and development needs. Various aspects of diversity should be assessed, such as basic conditions and values (e.g., gender, age, etc.), expertise (e.g., law, accounting, industry, finance, marketing, or technology) and professional skills and industry experience, and so on.
- 2. The Company's current board of directors consists of eight directors. Two are female and two are independent directors (another independent director resigned due to ill health on September 15, 2022, and the vacancy is to be filled.) 37.5% of the board directors are also employees of the Company, 25% of the board directors are independent directors, and 25% of the board directors are female. One independent director has held the office for less than 3 years while the other independent director has a seniority of 4 ~ 9 years; also, the age of the 8 directors is between 53 ~ 68 years old. All directors generally have accounting and financial analysis capabilities, are superior in leadership, decision-making, operational judgment, business management, and crisis management; also, have industry knowledge and international marketing vision.

3. Implementation of diversity in Board membership:

Core diversification items		Professional background (education)	servi	rs of ce of endent etors 3 to 9 years	Operational judgment	Accounting and financial analysis skills	Management competence	Crisis management ability	Industrial knowledge	International market vision	Leadership	Decision- making capacity
Belle Lee	Female	Department of Economics, Chinese Culture University										
Benny Chen	Male	Department of Telecommunications Engineering, National Chiao Tung University										
Joseph Lee	Male	Electrical Engineering Department of Taipei Institute of Technology										
Representative of Liang Yi Investment Co., Ltd.: Chih-Ming Lai	Male	Department of Electrical Engineering, National Cheng Kung University										
Ma Wei-Xin	Female	Ph.D., School of Humanities, National Tsing Hua University Executive MBA, Peking University B.A. in Oriental Languages, University of California, Berkeley, USA										
Yu-An Chen	Male	M.S., Institute of Transportation Engineering, National Chiao Tung University B.S., Telecommunications Engineering, National Chiao Tung University										
Kun-Hsien Lin	Male	Department of Law, National Taiwan University										
Ting Herh	Male	Ph.D., Institute of Management, University of Victoria, Switzerland M.S. in Electrical Engineering, Berkeley University, California, USA B.S. in Control Engineering, National Chiao Tung University										
Te-Ying Liao	Male	Master's Degree in Accounting of Soochow University										

(II) Independence of the Board of Directors:

- 1. The Company's current board of directors consists of eight directors. Two are independent directors (another independent director resigned due to ill health on September 15, 2022, and the vacancy is to be filled.) One independent director has held the office for less than 3 years while the other independent director has a seniority of $4 \sim 9$ years; Furthermore, the directors are not subject to the circumstances stipulated in paragraphs 3 and 4 of Article 26-3 of the Securities and Exchange Act and there is no spousal relationship or family relationship within the second degree of kinship among directors.
- 2. The Company considers that the independence of directors must be judged on the basis of substantive circumstances, and this should be clearly stated in the Board diversity policy. The Board is committed to continuously evaluating the independence of directors and all relevant factors will be considered. These include: Whether the relevant directors can continue to raise constructive questions for management and other directors and express opinions independently of management or other directors, as well as considering the appropriateness of behavior both within and outside of the board of directors. The conduct of the directors of the Company must meet expectations under appropriate circumstances and exhibit the above mentioned characteristics.

3. Information on President, Vice Presidents, and department heads and branch officers

April 1, 2022

											119111	1,2022				
Job title	Nationality	Name	Sex	Election (Inauguration) Date	Share	choldings	spot	cholding of the use and minor children		es held in the ne of others	Experience (education)	Job position held with the other companies currently	Manag	Remarks (Note)		
					Shares	Shareholding ratio	Shares	Shareholding ratio	Shares	Shareholding ratio			Job title	Name	Relationship	
Chief Executive Officer	Taiwan	Belle Lee	Female	2012.07.10	11,023,896	5.78%	-	-	-	-	Department of Economics, Chinese Culture University	Note 1	None	None	None	None
Chief Technology Officer	Taiwan	Joseph Lee	Male	1998.09.26	-	-	-	-	-	-	Electrical Engineering Department of Taipei Institute of Technology	Note 2	None	None	None	None
President of Overseas Business Department	Taiwan	Chih- Ming Lai	Male	2021.07.22	-	-	-	-	-	-	Department of Electrical Engineering, National Cheng Kung University	Note 3	None	None	None	None
Chief Business Officer	Taiwan	Chun- Yuan Hsu	Male	2021.08.30	-	-	-	-	-	-	National Taipei Institute of Technology	Note 4	None	None	None	None
Vice President of Engineering	Taiwan	Hsiang- Ching Tseng	Male	2012.07.10	769	0.00%	-	-	-	-	National Taipei Institute of Technology	Note 5	None	None	None	None
Vice President	Taiwan	Juichin Wu	Male	2012.07.10	10,162	0.01%	-	-	-	-	Department of Information Science, Tamkang University	Note 6	None	None	None	None
Vice President	Taiwan	Chun- Hsiung Wang	Male	2012.07.10	-	-	-	-	-	-	Vanung Institute of Technology	Note 7	None	None	None	None
Accounting Officer	Taiwan	Limei Pan	Female	2012.06.27	600	0.00%	-	-	-	-	Hsingwu Junior College of Commerce	-	None	None	None	None
Finance Officer	Taiwan	Kuang- Yung Tseng	Male	March 1, 2023	-	-	-	-	-	-	Master's Degree in Accounting, National Chengchi University	-	None	None	None	None
Finance Officer	Taiwan	Liyu Lin (Note 8)	Female	2012.06.27	600	0.00%	-	-	-	-	National Taipei College of Business	-	None	None	None	None

Note: If the Company's Chairperson and general manager or those of equal powers (top management) are the same person, the spouse, or a relative within the first degree kinship, the reason, rationality, necessity, responsive measures (such as, increasing the number of independent directors; also, the majority of the directors are not part-time employees or managers), and other related information shall be disclosed.

Note 1: Chairperson of the Company; Director of UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES (USA) CORP.; Chairperson of UNITED INFORMATION SYSTEMS (BVI) CO., LTD.; chairperson, UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES CO., LTD. (Singapore); Supervisor, Jiangxi United Integrated Services Company.

Note 2: Chief Technology Officer of the Company; director, Jiangxi United Integrated Services Company; director, UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES (USA) CORP., person-in-charge of Yunhao Electric Technology.

Note 3: President of the Company's Overseas Business Department; director, UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES (USA) CORP.

Note 4: Chief Business Officer of the Company, chairperson, Suyuan Trading (Shanghai), Chairperson, Suzhou Hantai System Integration and Jiangxi United Integrated Services Company; representative of a corporate director, JG Environmental Technology Co., Ltd. and Wholetech System Hitech Limited; supervisor of JXCG JIANGXI CONSTRUCTION ENGINEERING(GROUP) CO., LTD

- Note 5: Vice President of the Company; corporate director representative, Ablerex Electronics Co., Ltd.
- Note 6: President of the Company's branch office in Mainland China and the Director of Jiangxi United Integrated Services Company, Suyuan Trading (Shanghai) Company, Suzhou Hantai System Integration Company, Director, JXCG JIANGXI CONSTRUCTION ENGINEERING(GROUP) CO.,LTD.
- Note 7: Chairperson, Beijing Hanhe Tang Medical Equipment Co., Ltd.
- Note 8: Retired on February 24, 2023

5. Remuneration of Directors, President, and Vice President

(1) Remuneration to board directors (including independent directors) (name and remuneration shall be disclosed individually)

Unit: NT\$ Thousands

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			Remu	neration of	Directors						amount and		The rele		The total amount and		ļ.					
Job title	Name		Remuneration (A)	Pension (B)			Remuneration of Directors (C)				ratio of A, B, C and D (4 items) to the net income		Salary, bonus, and special allowance (E)		Pension (F)		eration to	to employees (G)		ratio of A, B, C, D, E, F and G (7 items) to the net income (%)		Remuneration received from the invested companies other than the
		The Compan y	All the companies included in the financial report (Note 7)	The Company	All the companies included in the financial report (Note 7)	The Company	All the companies included in the financial report (Note 7)	The Company	All the companies included in the financial report (Note 7)	The Company	All the companies included in the financial report	The Company	All the companies included in the financial report (Note 7)	The Company	All the companies included in the financial report (Note 7)	The Co	Stock amount	comp include financia (No Cash	Stock	The Company	All the companies included in the financial report	subsidiaries or parent company
Chairperson	Belle Lee	-	-	-	-	6,225	6,225	36	36	6,261 0.1565	6,261 0.1565	5,542	5,542	271	271	26,311	-	26,311		38,385 0.9597	38,385 0.9597%	None
Director	Joseph Lee	-	-	-	-	6,225	6,225	30	30	6,255 0.1564	6,255 0.1564	6,353	6,353	278	278	26,339	-	26,339		39,225 0.9807	39,225 0.9807	None
	Liang Yi Investment Co., Ltd.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	None
Corporate representative of the Director	Chih-Ming Lai	-	-	-	-	6,225	6,225	36	36	6,261 0.1565	6,261 0.1565	3,298	5,389	108	108	24,644	-	24,644		34,311 0.8579	36402 0.9102	None
Director	Benny Chen	-	-	-	-	6,225	6,225	36	36	6,261 0.1565	6,261 0.1565	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		6,261 0.1565	6,261 0.1565	None
Director	Yu-An Chen	-	-	-	-	6,225	6,225	36	36	6,261 0.1565	6,261 0.1565	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		6,261 0.1565	6,261 0.1565	3617
Director	Wei-Xin Ma	-	-	-	-	6,225	6,225	36	36	6,261 0,1565	6,261 0.1565	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		6,261 0.1565	6,261 0.1565	None
Independent Director	Kun-Hsien Lin	-	-	-	-	4,425	4,425	1,836	1,836	6,261 0.1565	6,261 0.1565	84	84	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,345 0.1586	6,345 0.1586	None
Independent Director	Te-Ying Liao (Note 1	-	-	-	-	801	801	1,255	1,255	2,056 0.0514	2,056 0.0514	72	72	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,128 0.0532	2,128 0.0532	None
Independent Director	Ting Herh	-	- standards and structure of the independent	-	-	4,425	4,425	1,836	1836	6,261 0.1565	6,261 0.1565	84	84	-	-	-	-	-		6,345 0.1586	6,345 0.1586	None

^{1.} The correlation between the policies, system, standards, and structure of the independent director's remuneration, and the responsibilities, risk and time undertook by the Independent Director: Other than the fee payable for each participation, an independent director is entitled to a business execution fee of at NTS150,000 per month. Each and every independent director receives just the same amount. With the directors' remuneration allocated upon the annual accounting settlement, the remuneration for directors (including remuneration to directors and the fee for the independent directors in the execution of the business for the year) shall be evenly distributed according to the total number of directors (including independent directors). In case of independent directors, the differential gap shall be made up after payment of the business execution fee and each and every independent directors which is the payment of the business execution fee and each and every independent directors.

Note 1: Discharged on September 5, 2022

Remuneration Bracket Table

	Name of Director						
Bracket of the remuneration paid to each director of the	The total remuneration amount o	f the last 4 items (A+B+C+D)	The total remuneration am (A+B+C+D-	· ·			
Company	The Company	All the companies included in the financial report	The Company	All the companies included in the financial report			
Less than NT\$1,000,000							

^{2.} Except as disclosed in the aforementioned Table, the remuneration received by the Directors of the Company in the most recent year for the services (serving as an external consultant to the parent company, to any company listed in the financial statements, or to a reinvested company) provided to all the companies in the financial report: None

NT\$1,000,000 (inclusive)~NT\$2,000,000 (not inclusive)				
NT\$2,000,000 (inclusive)~NT\$3,500,000 (not inclusive)	Te-Ying Liao	Te-Ying Liao	Te-Ying Liao	Te-Ying Liao
NT\$3,500,000 (inclusive)~NT\$5,000,000 (not inclusive)				
NT\$5,000,000 (inclusive)~NT\$10,000,000 (not inclusive)	Belle Lee, Joseph Lee, Chih-Ming Lai, Benny Chen, Yu-An Chen, Ma Wei-Xin, Kun-Hsien Lin, Ting Herh	Belle Lee, Joseph Lee, Chih- Ming Lai, Benny Chen, Yu-An Chen, Ma Wei-Xin, Kun-Hsien Lin, Ting Herh	Benny Chen, Yu-An Chen, Ma Wei-Xin, Kun-Hsien Lin, Ting Herh	
NT\$10,000,000 (inclusive)~NT\$15,000,000 (not				
inclusive)				
NT\$15,000,000 (inclusive)~NT\$30,000,000 (not				
inclusive)				- 11 1 -
NT\$30,000,000 (inclusive)~NT\$50,000,000 (not			Belle Lee, Joseph Lee, Chih-	Belle Lee, Joseph Lee,
inclusive)			Ming Lai	Chih-Ming Lai
NT\$50,000,000 (inclusive)~NT\$100,000,000 (not				
inclusive)				
Over NT\$100,000,000				
Total	9	9	9	9

(2) Remuneration of the President and Vice President (names and remuneration shall be disclosed individually)

Unit: NT\$ Thousands

		Salary (A)		Pensi	Pension (B) Bonus, special allowance (C)		Employee's remuneration amount (D)			The total amount <u>and</u> ratio of A, B, C and D (4 items) to the net income		Remuneration received from		
Job title Name	Name	All the companies	companies		All the companies included in		All the companies included	The Company		All the companies included in the financial report (Note 5)			All the companies	the invested companies other than the subsidiaries or
	The Compan the financial report report the company the financial report report report report Cash	Cash amount	Stock amount	Cash amount	Stock amount	The Company	included in the financial report	parent company						
Chief Executive Officer	Belle Lee	4,512	4,512	271	271	1,030	1,030	26,311	0	26,311	0	32,124 0.8032	32,124 0.8032	None
Chief Technology Officer	Joseph Lee	4,870	4,870	278	278	1,483	1,483	26,339	0	26,339	0	32,970 0.8244	32,970 0.8244	None
President of Overseas Business	Chih-Ming Lai	2,625	4,716	108	108	673	673	24,644	0	24,644	0	28,050 0.7013	30,141 0.7536	None
Chief Business Officer	Hsu Chun Yuan	4,512	4,512	108	108	503	503	24,952	0	24,952	0	30,075 0.7520	30,075 0.7520	None
Vice President of Engineering	Hsiangching Tseng	4,206	4,206	252	252	1,361	1,361	13,862	0	13,862	0	19,681 0.4921	19,681 0.4921	None
Vice President	Juichin Wu	2,016	3,390	108	108	515	3,308	3,466	0	3,466	0	6,105 0.1526	10,272 0.2568	None
Vice President	Chunhsiung Wang	4,320	4,320	108	108	800	800	3,050	0	3,050	0	8,278 0.2070	8,278 0.2070	None

Remuneration Bracket Table

Bracket of the remuneration paid to the President and Vice	Name of Presiden	t and Vice President	
President of the Company	The Company	All the companies included in the financial report	
Less than NT\$1,000,000			
NT\$1,000,000 (inclusive)~NT\$2,000,000 (not inclusive)			
NT\$2,000,000 (inclusive)~NT\$3,500,000 (not inclusive)			
NT\$3,500,000 (inclusive)~NT\$5,000,000 (not inclusive)			
NT\$5,000,000 (inclusive)~NT\$10,000,000 (not inclusive)	Juichin Wu,Chunhsiung Wang	Chun-Hsiung Wang	
NT\$10,000,000 (inclusive)~NT\$15,000,000 (not inclusive)		Juichin Wu	
NT\$15,000,000 (inclusive)~NT\$30,000,000 (not inclusive)	Chih-Ming Lai; Hsiang-Ching Tseng	Hsiang-Ching Tseng	
NT\$30,000,000 (inclusive)~NT\$50,000,000 (not inclusive)	Belle Lee, Joseph Lee, Chun-Yuan Hsu	Belle Lee, Joseph Lee, Chih-Ming Lai, Chun-Yuan Hsu	
NT\$50,000,000 (inclusive)~NT\$100,000,000 (not inclusive)			
Over NT\$100,000,000			
Total	7	7	

The remuneration of the top five managers of listed/OTC companies (names and remuneration shall be disclosed individually)

Unit: NT\$ Thousands

		Cint. 111 Thousands												
		Salaı	ry (A)	Pension (B)		Bonus, special allowance (C)		Employee's remuneration amount (D)			ant (D)	The total amount <u>and</u> ratio of A, B, C and D (4 items) to the net income		Remuneration received from the invested
Job title	Name	The Company	All the companies included in the	The Company	All the companies included in the	The Company	All the companies included in the	The Co	mpany			The Company	All the companies included in the	companies other than the subsidiaries or parent
		Company	financial report (Note 5)	Company	financial report (Note 5)	Company	financial report (Note 5)	Cash Stock amount	Cash amount	Stock amount	Company		company	
Chief Executive Officer	Belle Lee	4,512	4,512	271	271	1,030	1,030	26,311	0	26,311	0	32,124 0.8032	32,124 0.8032	None
Chief Technology Officer	Joseph Lee	4,870	4,870	278	278	1,483	1,483	26,339	0	26,339	0	32,970 0.8244	32,970 0.8244	None
President of Overseas Business Department	Chih-Ming Lai	2,625	4,716	108	108	673	673	24,644	0	24,644	0	28,050 0.7013	30,141 0.7536	None
Chief Business Officer	Hsu Chun Yuan	4,512	4,512	108	108	503	503	24,952	0	24,952	0	30,075 0.7520	30,075 0.7520	None
Vice President of Engineering	Hsiangching Tseng	4,206	4,206	252	252	1,361	1,361	13,862	0	13,862	0	19,681 0.4921	19,681 0.4921	None

(4) Name of the managers received employee remuneration and the amount of remuneration received.

Unit: NT\$ Thousands

	Job title	Name	Stock amount	Cash amount	Total	Ratio of total amount to net income (%)
	Chief	Belle Lee				
	Executive Officer		0	63,700	63,700	1.5927
	Chief	Joseph Lee				
	Technology Officer					
	President of	Chih-Ming Lai				
	Overseas					
	Business					
	Department					
\ge	Chief	Chun-Yuan Hsu				
Manager	Business					
ලිල	Officer	II . Cl .				
7	Vice President of	Hsiang-Ching				
	Engineering	Tseng				
	Vice	Juichin Wu				
	President					
	Vice	Chun-Hsiung				
	President	Wang				
	Accounting	Limei Pan				
	Officer					
	Finance	Kuang-Yung				
	Officer	Tseng				

- 6. Analysis of the ratio of the total remuneration paid to the Company's Directors, President, and Vice President in the most recent year by the Company and the companies included in the consolidated statements to the net income; also, the explanation of the policies, standards and portfolio of the remuneration, the procedures for the stipulation of remuneration, and its relevance with the business performance
 - 1. Analysis of the ratio of the total remuneration paid to the Company's Directors, President, and Vice President in the last two years by the Company and the companies included in the consolidated financial statements to the net income

Unit: NT\$ Thousands

Year		2021	2022		
Identity	The Company	All the companies included in the financial report	The Company	All the companies included in the financial report	
Remuneration of Directors	95,032	95,032	145,520	147,612	
Ratio of remuneration of directors to net income (%)	3.46%	3.46%	3.64%	3.69%	
Remuneration of President and Vice President	95,334	103,137	157,522	164,595	
Ratio of remuneration of President and Vice President to net income (%)	3.44%	3.72%	3.94%	4.12%	

The Board of Directors is authorized in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company to determine the remuneration of all directors depending on their involvement in the Company operation and the value of their contribution; also, by referring to the general standards of the industry. Therefore, there should be no significant risks involved in the future.

2. Remuneration policies, standards and portfolio, procedures for determining remuneration, and their correlations with business performance and future risks

Remuneration paid by the Company to directors and managers is under the authority of the Remuneration Committee, which is responsible for formulating and regularly reviewing the policies, systems, standards, and structures for the annual performance evaluation and remuneration of directors and managers of the Company. It shall comprehensively consider the rationality of the relationship between personal performance, the Company's operating performance, and future operating risks, and submit it to the Board of Directors for approval. If it is a distribution item in the earnings distribution statement, it must be submitted to the shareholders' meeting for approval.

- (1) Remuneration distribution policy for directors (including independent directors): It is stipulated under Article 16 of the Company's Articles of Incorporation that the remuneration of all directors shall be determined under the authorization of the Board of Directors according to the level of their participation in the Company's operations and the value of their contributions, and with reference to the usual level of the industry. In accordance with the Company's Remuneration Distribution Methods for Directors and Independent Directors, the amount director remuneration that can be allocated to each independent director must be deducted from the independent director's business execution expenses received in the current year. If the Company makes a profit, then in accordance with Article 19 of the Company's Articles of Incorporation, a maximum of 2% shall be allocated as directors' remuneration by a resolution of the Board of Directors; and this shall be submitted to the shareholders' meeting following a review by the Remuneration Committee and approval by the Board of Directors.
- (2) Remuneration distribution policy for managers: It is stipulated under Article 19 of the Company's Articles of Incorporation that if the Company has a profit for the year, it shall allocate 6%-10% as remuneration for employees and this shall be distributed in stock or cash by a resolution of the Board of Directors. Distribution recipients include employees of controlled or affiliated companies meeting certain conditions. Remuneration of managers is based on individual performance and contribution to the Company's overall operations and reasonable remuneration will be given in consideration of levels given by market peers. This shall be carried out after a review by the Remuneration Committee and approval of the Board of Directors.
- (3) Correlation with operating performance and future risks: The Remuneration Committee refers to the Company's overall operational performance, operational risks and development trends; and, after evaluating the achievement of the performance targets of directors and managers, makes a submission to the Board of Directors for discussion. It also reviews the remuneration system for directors and managers at any time in accordance with actual business conditions and relevant laws and regulations; furthermore, it should not lead directors and managers to engage in behavior in pursuit of remuneration that exceeds the risk tolerances of the Company. The Company's remuneration policy should refer to the customary level of payment in the same industry while considering individual performance. Remuneration is positively related to the Company's operating performance. Future risks have been appropriately controlled, and the remuneration policy and future risks are also reasonably correlated to a certain extent. Overall compensation packages primarily include salaries, bonuses, various allowances and employee dividends, benefits, and other components. Standards of remuneration, salaries, and allowances are verified according to the competitive market situation vis-à-vis the position held by the employee, and in line with the Company's policies. Bonuses and employee dividends are issued in conjunction with employees, departmental goals, or the Company's operating performance. Regarding the design of benefits, we design employee benefit measures that can be shared by employees on the premise of compliance with laws and regulations and taking into account the needs of employees.

III. Corporate governance operation of TWSE/GTSM Listed Companies

(I) The operation of the Board of Directors

In 2021 and the most recent year through March 2022, the Board of Directors held 9 [A] meetings and the

attendance of directors was as follows:

Job title	Name	Actual	Frequency of	Actual	Note
		number of	attendance by	attendance ratio	
		attendance	proxy	(%) (B/A)	
		(B)			
Chairperson	Belle Lee	9	-	100%	Newly appointed on August 17, 2021
Director	Benny Chen	9	-	100%	Reappointed on August 17, 2021
Corporate representative of the Director	Liang Yi Investment Co., Ltd.	9		100%	Newly appointed on August 17, 2021
of the Birector	Chih-Ming Lai				
Director	Joseph Lee	9		1000/	Newly appointed
		,	-	100%	on August 6, 2020
					Reappointed on
					August 17, 2021
Director	Yu-An Chen	9	_	100%	Newly appointed
				10070	on August 6, 2020
					Reappointed on
	3 6 777 1 771				August 17, 2021
Director	Ma Wei-Xin	9	_	100%	Newly appointed
T 1 1 .	17 11 ' 1 '				on August 17, 2021
Independent Director	Kun-Hsien Lin	9	-	100%	Newly appointed on
	Te-Ying Liao				August 17, 2021 Newly appointed on
Independent Director	16-1 IIIg Liao	5	-	100%	August 17, 2021
	Тіпа Цон				Reappointed on
Independent Director	Ting Hou	9	-	100%	August 17, 2021
Director					August 1/, 2021

Other information to be published:

- I. The operation of the Board of Directors shall be with the date, term, content of the proposal, the opinions of all independent directors, and the Company's processing of the opinions of the independent directors stated in any of the following circumstances
 - (I) Matters listed in Article 14-3 of the Securities and Exchange Act: The Company has established an audit committee.
 - (II) Except for the matters stated in the preceding paragraph, the resolutions of the Board of Directors that are opposed or reserved by independent directors with a record or written statement filed: None
- II. For the directors' having themselves recused from a proposal with the risk of conflict of interest, the name of the director, the content of the proposal, the reasons for recusing themselves, and the engagement in voting should be stated:

Time: Thursday, November 10, 2022

<u>Proposal 7</u>: The Company intends to sell all shares of Eco Energy Corporation.

Being a director of Eco Energy Corporation at the same time, the Company's director Yu-An Chen must recused himself from the meeting; therefore, Yu-An Chen did not participate in discussion or voting.

<u>Proposal 9</u>: C.S. Chen, the Company's former chairperson, applied for compensation for his lawyer fees for the criminal case returned by the third instance court to the second instance court for reconsideration.

Chairperson Belle Lee thought that she should recuse herself from the meeting, and did not participate in the voting.

Time: January 18, 2023 (Wednesday)

<u>Proposal 3:</u> Passed the proposal to sell the shares of subsidiaries Han Xuan and Han Te and determine the rights and obligations attached to a photovoltaic power generation system installation project.

Being a director of Eco Energy Corporation at the same time, the Company's director Yu-An Chen must recused himself from the meeting; therefore, Yu-An Chen did not participate in discussion or voting.

III. Information on the evaluation cycle and period, evaluation scope, method and evaluation content of the board's self (or peer) assessment that should be disclosed by TWSE/TPEx listed companies, and fill in the attached form for the implementation of the evaluation of the Board of Directors.

Evaluation result:

Evaluation resul	lt:		
Evaluation cycle	Evaluation period	Evaluation scope	Evaluation method
Implemented	January 1,	Board of	The Board of
at the end of	2022 to	Directors,	Directors,
each year	December	individual	individual
	31, 2022	directors,	board
		and	members, and
		functional	functional
		committees	committees
			themselves
			fill in the
			performance
			evaluation
			self-
			assessment
			questionnaires

Evaluation content

Measurement items for the Board of Directors performance evaluation

- Degree of participation in Company operations.
- II. Improving the quality of Board decisions.
- III. Board composition and structure.
- IV. Selection and continuous training of directors.
- V. Internal control. Score result **4.89** points

Measurement items for the performance evaluation of Board members:

- I. Mastering the Company's goals and tasks.
- II. Awareness of directors' responsibilities.
- III. Degree of participation in Company operations.
- IV. Internal relationship management and communication.
- V. Directors' professional and continuous education.
- VI. Internal control.

Score result **4.81** points

Measurement items for functional committee performance evaluations:

- Degree of participation in Company operations.
- II. Recognition of functional committee responsibilities.
- III. Improving decision-making quality of functional committees.
- Functional committee composition and member selection.
- V. Internal control.

Score result **4.95** points

Overview: The overall results of the performance evaluation of the Board of Directors of the Company in 2021 is between 5 points for "strongly agree" and 4 points for "agree." Overall, the Board of Directors and the functional committees are functioning well. According to Article 9 of the Board of Directors Performance Evaluation Measures, the results of the performance evaluation of the Board of Directors shall be used as a reference for the selection or nomination of directors. The Company will continue to improve the functions of the Board of Directors based on the results of this performance evaluation to improve the effectiveness of corporate governance. It is expected that in the future, the Board of Directors, individual directors, and functional committees of the Company can better perform their functions and lead the Company towards better corporate governance.

The Company reported the evaluation results to the Board of Directors on March 23, 2022

- IV. Evaluate the objectives (such as, setting up an Audit Committee, improving information transparency, etc.) of strengthening the functions of the Board of Directors and the implementation in the current year and the most recent year.
 - (1) Objectives of strengthening the functions of the Board of Directors: The Company has formulated the "Regulations Governing Board of Directors Meetings" to establish a good corporate governance system for the Board of Directors, strengthen management functions, and improve supervision functions for the compliance of the Board of Directors in order to exercise its function.
 - (2) Performance evaluation performed by the Board of Directors: The convening and deliberation of the board meeting shall be conducted in accordance with the "Rules of Procedure for Board of Directors Meetings" and the "Regulations Governing Board of Directors Meetings" of the Company. The Remuneration Committee shall also be responsible for reviewing the remuneration of the directors, and managers of the Company; also, provide recommendations and assess the relevant policies for the reference of the Board of Directors in decision-making.

(II) Operation of the Audit Committee:

1. Information on the operation of the Audit Committee:

The attendance of the independent directors for the 8 Audit Committee meetings (A) held in 2022:

Job title	Name	Actual number of	Frequency of	Actual attendance	Remarks
		attendance (B)	attendance by	ratio (%)	
			proxy	(B/A) (Note)	
Independent Director	Ting Herh	8	0	100%	Re-elected
Independent Director	Kun-Hsien Lin	6	0	100%	Newly appointed on August 17, 2021
Independent Director	Te-Ying Liao	6	0	100%	Newly appointed on August 17, 2021

Other information to be published:

- I. If any of the following circumstances arises in the operation of the Audit Committee, the meeting date, period, motion content, and any objections of independent directors should be stated, as well as contents of reserved opinions or major recommendations, the results of the audit committee's resolutions, and the Company's handling of the Audit Committee's opinions.
 - (I) Matters listed in Article 14-5 of the Securities Exchange act: Please refer to the important resolutions of the board of directors and the audit committee on page 63; all proposals have been approved by all members of the audit committee: also, proposed to and resolved by the board of directors.
 - (II) Except for the matters stated in the preceding paragraph, other proposals that have not been resolved by the Audit Committee, but with the consent of two-thirds of the board directors: None
- II. For the independent directors' having themselves recused from a proposal with the risk of conflict of interest, the name of the independent director, the content of the proposal, the reasons for recusing themselves, and the engagement in voting should be stated: None.
- III. The communication among the independent directors, the chief internal auditors, and the certified public accountants (shall include important matters, methods, and results of communication on the Company's financial and business conditions)

(I) The communic				
Audit Committee Date	Communication focus	Opinions of independent directors	Handling of implementation results	
2022.03.23 4th	(1) Audit items, audit results, and tracking improvement report for 2021 Q4	Independent directors	Submitted to the	
session of the 2nd	(2) Report on 2021 Internal Control Statement	expressed consent	Board of Directors after deliberation and approval	
term	(3) Proposal on the amendments to the Company's "Procedures for Acquisition or Disposal of Assets".	for the report and amendment content		
2022.05.12 5th session of the 2nd term	(1) Audit items, audit results, and tracking improvement report for 2022 Q1	Independent directors expressed consent for the report	Submitted to the Board of Directors after deliberation and approval	
2022.08.12 6th session of the 2nd term	(1) Audit items, audit results, and tracking improvement report for 2022 Q2	Independent directors expressed consent for the report	Submitted to the Board of Directors after deliberation and approval	
2022.11.10 7th session of the 2nd	(1) Audit items, audit results, and tracking improvement report for 2022 Q3	Independent directors	Submitted to the Board of Directors after deliberation and	

term	(2) The Company's 2023 audit plan		approval
	(3) Proposal on the amendments to the "Regulations Governing Procedure for Board of Directors Meetings/Operation Rules for Board of Directors Meeting/Procedures for Preventing Insider Trading".	amendment content	
2023.03.23 8th session of the 2nd term	(1) Audit items, audit results, and tracking improvement report for 2022 Q4(2) Report on 2022 Internal Control Statement	Independent directors expressed consent for the report and amendment content	Submitted to the Board of Directors after deliberation and approval

(II) Communication between the independent directors and the certified public accountant Communication between the independent directors and the certified public accountant in 2021 In the following quarterly Audit Committee meetings, CPAs submit written briefings to the Audit Committee on matters to be communicated with the corporate governance unit. Principal communication items are as follows:

Audit Committee Date	Communication focus	Opinions of independent directors	Handling of implementation results
2022.03.23 4th session of the 2nd term	(1) The 2021 Business Report and Financial Statements (2) Primary communication content with the corporate governance unit: *Annual audit highlights: evaluation of income recognition; assessment of impairment of accounts receivable; valuation of financial instruments	Independent directors expressed consent for the report	Submitted to the Board of Directors after deliberation and approval
2022.05.12 5th session of the 2nd term	 (1) The Company's 2022 Q1 financial statements. (2) Primary communication content with the corporate governance unit: A. Review of adjustments for differences B. Events or circumstances that may cast significant doubt on the ability to continue as a going concern C. Major difficulties confronted during the review process D. Other communication matters 	Independent directors expressed consent for the report	Submitted to the Board of Directors after deliberation and approval
2022.08.12 6th session of the 2nd term	(1) The Company's 2022 Q2 financial statements. (2) Primary communication content with the corporate governance unit: A. Review of adjustments—for differences B. Events or circumstances that may cast significant doubt on the ability to continue as a going concern C. Major difficulties confronted during the review process D. Other communication matters	Independent directors expressed consent for the report	Submitted to the Board of Directors after deliberation and approval.
2022.11.10 7th session of the 2nd term	 The Company's 2022 Q3 financial statements. Primary communication content with the corporate governance unit: Review of adjustments for differences Events or circumstances that may cast significant doubt on the ability to continue as a going concern Major difficulties confronted during the review process Other communication matters 	Independent directors expressed consent for the report	Submitted to the Board of Directors after deliberation and approval.

IV. Minutes of meetings convened by the Audit Committee in 2022 and 2023 through the publication date of the annual report

January 27, 2022 (the second session of the second term)

I. Company Reports: None

II. Discussions

Proposal 1: Passed the independence and competency assessment performed on the Company's public auditor.

Resolution: The proposal was passed without objection after consulting with all members present by the chairperson.

The resolutions of the audit committee handled by the Company: Passed unanimously by the board directors present.

Proposal 2: Remuneration of financial statement CPA.

Resolution: 1. The proposal was passed. 2. Appointment fees to remain unchanged for three years.

The resolutions of the audit committee handled by the Company: Passed unanimously by the board directors present.

March 8, 2022 (the third session of the second term)

I. Company Reports: None

II. Discussions

Proposal 1: Proposed acquisition of real estate in Tainan.

Resolution: The proposal was passed without objection after consulting with all members present by the chairperson.

The resolutions of the audit committee handled by the Company: Passed unanimously by the board directors present.

Proposal 2: Buyback of issued common stock of the Company.

Resolution: The proposal was passed without objection after consulting with all members present by the chairperson.

The resolutions of the audit committee handled by the Company: Passed unanimously by the board directors present.

March 23, 2022 (the fourth session of the second term)

I. Company Reports:

Proposal 1: Internal audit report presented by the audit supervisor.

The issues reported above have been known of and acknowledged by present Committee members in full.

II. Discussions

Proposal 1: The 2021 Business Report and Financial Statements.

Resolution: The proposal was passed without objection after consulting with all members present by the chairperson.

The resolutions of the audit committee handled by the Company: Passed unanimously by the board directors present.

Proposal 2: The Company's 2021 earnings distribution.

Resolution: The resolutions of the audit committee handled by the Company: Passed unanimously by the board directors present.

The resolutions of the audit committee handled by the Company: Passed unanimously by the board directors present.

Proposal 3: Preparation of the Company's "2021 Internal Control System Statement."

Resolution: The resolutions of the audit committee handled by the Company: Passed unanimously by the board directors present.

The resolutions of the audit committee handled by the Company: Passed unanimously by the board directors present.

Proposal 4: Partial amendment of the provisions of the Company's "Procedures for Acquisition or Disposal of Assets".

Resolution: The resolutions of the audit committee handled by the Company: Passed unanimously by the board directors present.

The resolutions of the audit committee handled by the Company: Passed unanimously by the board directors present.

Proposal 5: Amendment of the Company's Regulations Governing Share Repurchase and Transfer to Employees. Resolution: The resolutions of the audit committee handled by the Company: Passed unanimously by the board directors present.

The resolutions of the audit committee handled by the Company: Passed unanimously by the board directors present.

May 12, 2022 (the fifth session of the second term)

I. Company Reports:

Proposal 1: Internal audit report presented by the audit supervisor.

The issues reported above have been known of and acknowledged by present Committee members in full.

II. Discussions

Proposal 1: The Company's 2022 Q1 consolidated financial statements.

Resolution: The resolutions of the audit committee handled by the Company: Passed unanimously by the board

directors present.

The resolutions of the audit committee handled by the Company: Passed unanimously by the board directors present.

August 12, 2022 (the sixth session of the second term)

I. Company Reports:

Proposal 1: Internal audit report presented by the audit supervisor.

The issues reported above have been known of and acknowledged by present Committee members in full.

II. Discussions

Proposal 1: The Company's 2022 Q2 consolidated financial statements.

Resolution: The resolutions of the audit committee handled by the Company: Passed unanimously by the board directors present.

The resolutions of the audit committee handled by the Company: Passed unanimously by the board directors present.

November 10, 2022 (the seventh session of the second term)

I. Company Reports:

Proposal 1: Internal audit report presented by the audit supervisor.

The issues reported above have been known of and acknowledged by present Committee members in full.

II. Discussions

Proposal 1: The Company's 2022 Q3 consolidated financial statements.

Resolution: The resolutions of the audit committee handled by the Company: Passed unanimously by the board directors present.

The resolutions of the audit committee handled by the Company: Passed unanimously by the board directors present.

Proposal 2: The Company's 2023 annual audit plan.

Resolution: The resolutions of the audit committee handled by the Company: Passed unanimously by the board directors present.

The resolutions of the audit committee handled by the Company: Passed unanimously by the board directors present.

<u>Proposal 3:</u> The partial amendment of the provisions of the Company's "Rules of Procedure for Board of Directors Meetings."

Resolution: The resolutions of the audit committee handled by the Company: Passed unanimously by the board directors present.

The resolutions of the audit committee handled by the Company: Passed unanimously by the board directors present.

<u>Proposal 4:</u> The partial amendment of the provisions of the Company's "Regulations Governing Procedure for Board of Directors Meetings".

Resolution: The resolutions of the audit committee handled by the Company: Passed unanimously by the board directors present.

The resolutions of the audit committee handled by the Company: Passed unanimously by the board directors present.

<u>Proposal 5</u>: Revised and renamed some provisions of the Company's "Procedures for the Prevention of Insider Trading".

Resolution: The resolutions of the audit committee handled by the Company: Passed unanimously by the board directors present.

The resolutions of the audit committee handled by the Company: Passed unanimously by the board directors present.

<u>Proposal 6</u>: To issue a Letter of Support for the US subsidiary to extend its short-term general loan credit with a financial institution.

Resolution: The resolutions of the audit committee handled by the Company: Passed unanimously by the board directors present.

The resolutions of the audit committee handled by the Company: Passed unanimously by the board directors present.

<u>Proposal 7</u>: The Company intends to sell all shares of Eco Energy Corporation.

Resolution: The resolutions of the audit committee handled by the Company: Passed unanimously by the board directors present.

The resolutions of the audit committee handled by the Company: Passed unanimously by the board directors present. 1. Prior to trading of shares mentioned in this proposal, it is required to check whether the counterparty is a related party of the Company and whether the trading price is appropriate; a report issued by a professional appraiser is required. 2. The Chairperson is authorized to handle matters relating to the sale of shares according to the resolution reached at the Board of Directors meeting.

March 23, 2023 (the 8th session of the second term)

I. Company Reports:

Proposal 1: Internal audit report presented by the audit supervisor.

The issues reported above have been known of and acknowledged by present Committee members in full.

II. Discussions

Proposal 1: The 2022 Business Report and Financial Statements.

Resolution: The resolutions of the audit committee handled by the Company: Passed unanimously by the board directors present.

The resolutions of the audit committee handled by the Company: Passed unanimously by the board directors present.

Proposal 2: The Company's 2022 earnings distribution.

Resolution: The resolutions of the audit committee handled by the Company: Passed unanimously by the board directors present.

The resolutions of the audit committee handled by the Company: Passed unanimously by the board directors present.

Proposal 3: Preparation of the Company's "2022 Internal Control System Statement."

Resolution: The resolutions of the audit committee handled by the Company: Passed unanimously by the board directors present.

Proposal 4: Release the non-compete restriction on the newly elected directors and their representatives.

Resolution: The resolutions of the audit committee handled by the Company: Passed unanimously by the board directors present.

<u>Proposal 5</u>: Passed the independence and competency assessment performed on the Company's public auditor.

Resolution: The resolutions of the audit committee handled by the Company: Passed unanimously by the board directors present.

Proposal 6: Remuneration of financial statement CPA.

Resolution: The resolutions of the audit committee handled by the Company: Passed unanimously by the board directors present.

Proposal 7: Proposal on recruitment of the Company's financial officer.

Resolution: The resolutions of the audit committee handled by the Company: Passed unanimously by the board directors present.

(III) The status of corporate governance operation and its differences from the "Corporate Governance Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/GTSM Listed Companies" and the root causes

				Operations	Its differences from the
	Evaluation items	Yes	No	Summary description	"Corporate Governance Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/GTSM Listed Companies" and the root causes
	Does the Company stipulate and disclose its corporate governance best-practice principles in accordance with the "Corporate Governance Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/GTSM Listed Companies?"	V		It has been handled in accordance with the "Corporate Governance Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/GTSM Listed Companies."	None
II.	The shareholding structure and	***			7.
(I)	shareholders' equity of the Company Does the Company have an internal operating procedure formed to deal with shareholders' recommendations, doubts, disputes, and litigation matters, and implement it according to the procedures?	V		(I) In order to protect the interests of shareholders, the Company handles shareholders' suggestions or disputes through special personnel, such as, spokespersons and stocks service officer.	None
(II)	Does the Company have a list of the ultimate controllers of the major shareholders who actually control the Company?	V		(II) The personnel directly under the administration of the "Chairman's Office" are responsible for mastering the list of the ultimate controllers of the major shareholders who actually control the Company, and interact frequently to establish good relationships and ensure the stability of the business operation.	
(III)	Does the Company establish and implement risk controls and firewall mechanisms between the Company and the affiliates?	V		(III) The Company has set up and supervised the operation of the subsidiary.	
(IV)	Does the Company have internal regulations formed that prohibit insiders from using unpublished information to buy and sell securities in market?	V		(IV) The Company has formulated the "Procedures for the Prevention of Insiders' Trade" so the internal personnel shall comply with the relevant regulations and internal operating procedures.	
III. (I)	The composition and duties of the Board of Directors Has the Board of Directors formulated a diversity policy and specific management objectives, and implemented them?	V		(I) 1. Election of directors of the Company adopts a candidate nomination system in accordance with Article 20, Paragraph 3 of the Company's Corporate Governance Best-Practice Principles. The composition of the Board of Directors should consider diversity, and an appropriate diversification policy should be formulated and implemented according to our own operations, operation type, and development needs. Various aspects of diversity should be assessed, such as	

					Ope	rations						Its differences from the
Evaluation items	Yes	Yes No Summary description						"Corporate Governance Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/GTSM Listed Companies" and the root causes				
(II) Does the Company voluntarily set up other	V		basic conditi accounting, i and industry 2. The Comp female and to due to ill hea of the board directors are One indepen independent directors is b and financial operational j industry kno Diversified projec Director Name Belle Lee Benny Chen Joseph Lee Representative of Liang Yi Investment Co., Ltd.: Chih-Ming Lai Wei-Xin Ma	experier oany's cu wo are in alth on S directors independent director oetween analysis udgment wledge analysis operational judgment	finance, and surrent boardepende eptember is are also dent director has has a sen 53 ~ 68 y is capability, business and interr	marketin so on. and of director 05, 2022 employe ctors, and held the control of ears old. ties, are so antional n	ectors coors (another, and there is of the last of the	nnology nsists of her inder vacane Compa the boa less tha urs; also tors ger n leade d crisis vision.	f eight dipendent by is to be my, 25% rd direction 3 years, the age merally he manager	directors. directors directors fe filled.). of the boors are fers while the of the 8 ave according ment; als	Two are resigned 37.5% pard emale. he other unting aking,	
functional committees besides setting up the Remuneration Committee and the			Yu-An Chen Kun-Hsien Lin	*	✓	*	*	*	*	~	*	
Audit Committee according to law?			Ting Herh	·	~	·	·	•	·	•	·	

		Operations	Its differences from the
Evaluation items	Yes	"Corporate Governance Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/GTSM Listed Companies" and the root causes	
(III) Does the Company formulate the rules governing the performance evaluation of the board of directors and the evaluation methods, conduct performance evaluation on a regular basis every year, report the results of the performance evaluation to the board of directors, and apply it as a reference for individual director's remuneration and nomination for reappointment?	V	(II) The Company has duly set up the Remuneration Committee and Audit Committee. All departments concerned assume the respective responsibility and duty about corporate governance. The board of directors has exercised its responsibilities and powers exactly in accordance with laws and ordinances concerned and Articles of Incorporation, decisions resolved in the shareholders' meeting and the very spirit of corporate governance. (III) The Company has formulated the "Rules Governing the Performance Evaluation of the Board of Directors" on November 12, 2019 to regularly review the effectiveness of the board of directors in order to improve corporate governance. Performance evaluation methods include internal self-evaluation by the board of directors, self-evaluation by directors, evaluation performed by the appointed external professional institutions, experts, or other appropriate methods. Performance evaluations are conducted regularly every year. The "Board Performance Evaluation Self-Assessment Questionnaire" are evaluated according to the evaluation criteria and the evaluation results are recorded and sent to the Board of Directors for review and improvement. Evaluation of the board of directors and evaluation grade principles: Evaluation of the board of directors and evaluation grade principles: Evaluation of the board of directors performance. Involvement in Company operations Involvement in Company operations Internal relationship management and continuous training of directors Internal relationship management and continuous training of directors Internal control Outcome of evaluation of the board of directors for 2021:	

			Operations	Its differences from the
Evaluation items	Yes	No	Summary description	"Corporate Governance Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/GTSM Listed Companies" and the root causes
(IV) Does the Company regularly assess the independence of the public auditor?	V		Evaluation of the board of directors performance of the board of directors performance. Score result 4.89 points Score result 4.81 points Overview: The overall rating of the Board of Directors performance in 2022 was between 5 points (i.e., Prime) and 4 points (i.e., Excellent). Generally speaking, the Board of Directors and each functional committee functioned well, giving full play to the guiding and supervisory functions of the Board of Directors. Each director summited opinions and suggestions for each proposal without any reservation. The Company will continuously enhance the functions of the Board of Directors' and each functional committee based on the evaluation results. The results of evaluation of individual director's performance will be referenced when drafting proposals on directors' remuneration and nomination for re-election. Improvement measures and plans: To enable directors to fully understand the Company's operational status, starting from 2022, the president of the US subsidiary briefs the Board of Directors members on the business of the US subsidiary. In addition, independent directors paid an in-person visit to the construction site in the US. In this way, directors are fully aware of the characteristics and risks of the industry in which the Company is engaged, facilitating improvement in the Board of Directors meeting efficiency and decision-making quality. The Company issued its first sustainability report in 2022 and brought in external consultants to gain diversified perspectives on corporate social responsibility; this helped strengthen corporate governance and fulfill corporate social responsibility goals. In addition, by drafting a brand new sustainability roadmap and placing the Sustainability Report on its company website, the Company demonstrates its determination to fulfill the ideal of sustainable operations. The Company's accounting department independently evaluates the independence of the certified public accountant annually, obtains the accounting	

			Operations	Its differences from the
Evaluation items	Yes	No	Summary description	"Corporate Governance Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/GTSM Listed Companies" and the root causes
			firm's independence statement, and reports the evaluation results to the board of directors. The Company formulates the evaluation items: 1. There is no direct or significant indirect financial interest relationship with the audit client, 2. There is no financing or guarantee act with the audit client, 3. There is no close commercial relationship with the audit client, 4. There is no potential employment relationship with the audit client, and 5. There is no contingent audit fee related to the audit case. Description of AQIs for KPMG and its CPAs: Audit quality indicators (AQIs) comprise the following five aspects: Aspect No.1: Professionalism (1-1) Audit experience (1-2) Training hours (1-3) Turnover rate (1-4) Professional support Aspect NO.2: Quality control (2-1) CPAs' workload (2-2) Audit engagement (2-3) Status of EQCR review (2-4) Quality control support capability Aspect No.3: Independence (3-1) Non-audit service fees (3-2) Familiarity with customers Aspect No.4: Supervision (4-1) External inspection deficiency and penalties (4-2) Improvement demanded via an official letter from the competent authority Aspect 5: Innovation capability (5-1) Innovation planning and initiatives 1. The most recent assessment was performed on January 14, 2023. The Accounting Office examined the competence and independence of the public auditor. It had not found any dissatisfaction and violation of the independence of the said public auditor. The proposal was reviewed and approved by the Board of Directors on March 23, 2023.	

				Operations	Its differences from the
	Evaluation items		No	Summary description	"Corporate Governance Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/GTSM Listed Companies" and the root causes
IV.	component and appropriate numbers of corporate governance personnel; also, designate corporate governance officers to be responsible for corporate governance-related affairs (including but not limited to providing directors, supervisors with the information needed to perform business, assisting directors and supervisors in complying with laws and regulations, handling matters related to the board meetings and shareholders meetings in accordance with the law, generating the minutes of board meetings and shareholders meetings)?	V		1. The Corporate Governance Promotion Group of the Company acts as the corporate governance unit, assisting the Board of Directors to promote the establishment of a sound corporate governance structure and implement various corporate governance systems in order to protect shareholders ultimately.	None
V.	Does the Company establish communication channels with stakeholders (including but not limited to shareholders, employees, customers and suppliers, etc.), set up stakeholder section on the Company's website, and respond appropriately to important corporate social responsibility issues of concern to stakeholders?	V		The Company has smooth communication and grievance channels held with business owners, suppliers, banks, and employees. The dedicated departments are responsible for communication and coordination to protect their legitimate rights and interests. The Company's website also has a stakeholder section and the email for the contact of stakeholders in order to properly respond to issues of concern to stakeholders.	None
VI.	Does the Company commission a professional stock agency to handle the affairs of the shareholders meeting?	V		The Company appointed Taishin Securities Co., Ltd - Stock Service Office to handle various stock transactions of the Company.	None
VII. (I)	Information disclosure Does the Company set up a website to disclose financial business and corporate governance information?	V		(I) The company information is disclosed on the Company's website for the reference of shareholders and the public.	None
(II)	Does the Company adopt other methods of information disclosure (such as, setting up an English website, designating a person to be responsible for the collection and	V		(II) The Company has designated a person to be responsible for the collection of company information and has information disclosure made on the Market Observation Post System. A spokesperson system has also been established to ensure the information that may affect the decision-making	

			Operations	Its differences from the
Evaluation items	Yes	No	Summary description	"Corporate Governance Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/GTSM Listed Companies" and the root causes
disclosure of Company information, implementing a spokesperson system, and placing the incorporated investor conference recording on the Company's website)? (III) Does the Company announce and report the annual financial report within two months after the fiscal year; also, announce and report the first, second, and third quarter financial reports and monthly operating conditions before the deadline?	V		of shareholders and stakeholders is immediately disclosed. (III) Filed within the specified time	
VIII. Does the Company have other important information that helps understand the operation of corporate governance (including but not limited to employee benefits, employee care, investor relations, supplier relations, stakeholder rights, director and supervisor advanced study, the implementation of risk management policies and risk measurement standards, the implementation of customer policies, the liability insurance acquired for the Company's directors and supervisors, etc.)?	V		 (I) Employees' Rights and Interests: The Company has always treated employees with sincerity and safeguarded the legitimate rights and interests of employees in accordance with the Labor Standards Law. (II) Employee care: The Company has the Employee Welfare Committee set up with the relevant system stipulated. Such as: Provide subsidies or cultural and recreational activities, community activities, etc. to employees. (III) Social care: Monetary donation to SAINT JOSEPH SOCIAL WELFARE FOUNDATION; Taipei Women's Rescue Foundation; Hsin Miao the Disabled Home; Yuh-Ing Elementary School in Houli District of Taichung City; and Houli community of Taichung city. (IV) Investor Relations: The spokesperson is responsible for handling shareholders' recommendations. (V) Supplier relations: The communication with suppliers is smooth and well executed. (VI) Interests of stakeholders: Stakeholders may communicate with the Company or make suggestions to the Company to protect their legitimate rights and interests. (VII) Implementation of customer policy: The Company maintains a good and stable relationship with its customers to create corporate profits. (VIII) The Company has based on the provisions of the "Directions for the Implementation of Continuing Education for Directors and Supervisors of TWSE Listed and TPEx Listed Companies" of Taiwan Stock Exchange to allow each director arranging his/her advanced study independently. Note 	None

			Operations	Its differences from the
Evaluation items	Yes	No	Summary description	"Corporate Governance Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/GTSM Listed Companies" and the root causes
			The liability insurance acquired by the Company for directors and supervisors: The liability insurance for the directors was purchased by the Company in July 2022. (X) Implementation of risk management policies and risk measurement standards: The Company has established various internal regulations in accordance with the law to conduct various risk management and evaluation.	

IX. Please explain the improvement of the Company's corporate governance according to the evaluation results released by the Corporate Governance Center of Taiwan Stock Exchange in the most recent year, and propose the prioritized nonconformities for improvement and the respective measures. (Exempted for those companies that are not included in the assessment list)

Question	Evaluation Index	Remarks
number		
4.17	Does the Company's website, annual report, and sustainability report disclose a supplier management policy that requires suppliers to follow relevant regulations on issues, such as environmental protection, occupational safety and health, or labor rights, and their implementation?	This is currently under consideration and expected to be completed in 7 2023.

Note 1 **Board Directors' continuing education**

Job title Name Date of continuing education		_	Organizer	Course Title	Continuing		
		Start	End	- - -		education hours	
Director	Wei-Xin Ma	2022/10/25	2022/10/25	Taiwan Corporate Governance Association	Research and Outlook on Important Economic and Trade Issues of 2022	3.0	
		2022/07/27	2022/07/27	Taiwan Stock Exchange	Industry-specific Awareness Session on the Sustainable Development Roadmap	3.0	
Independent Director	Kun-Hsien Lin	2022/12/02	2022/12/02	Securities and Futures Institute	Directors, Supervisors and Corporate Governance Officer Fellowship Seminar - Quarterly Lecture	3.0	
Director	Lili	2022/08/30	2022/08/30	Taiwan Corporate Governance Association	Evaluation and Execution of Investment in Mergers and Acquisitions from a Legal Viewpoint	3.0	
Director			2022/04/22	Taiwan Institute for Sustainable Energy (TAISE)	Taishin 30 Sustainability and Net Zero Summit - Transform to Net Zero 2030	3.0	
Director	Yu-An Chen	2022/02/22	2022/02/22	Securities and Futures Institute	Fight for a Company's Management Rights and the Introduction of the Commercial Case Adjudication Act	3.0	
Independent Director	Ting Hou	2022/08/02	2022/08/02	Securities and Futures Institute	Technology Development and Business Opportunities of Electric Vehicles and Smart Vehicles	3.0	
Director		2022/06/10	2022/06/10	Securities and Futures Institute	2022 Awareness Session on Prevention of Insider Trading	3.0	
		2022/04/08	2022/04/08	Chinese National Association of Industry and Commerce	Matters to Be Attended to at the Board of Directors Meeting and Shareholders' Meeting of 2022, and a Discussion on Common Problems	3.0	
Director	Benny Chen	Benny Chen	2022/12/20	2022/12/20	Taiwan Corporate Governance Association	Precautions - The Importance of Enterprise Risk Management	3.0
		2022/12/13	2022/12/13	Taiwan Corporate Governance Association	Trends and Risk Management of Digital Technology and Artificial Intelligence	3.0	
Director	Belle Lee	2022/08/23	2022/08/23	Taiwan Corporate Governance Association	Analysis of Corporate Financial Data and Its Use in Decision-making	3.0	

(II) If a Company has set up a Remuneration Committee, it should disclose its composition, responsibility, and operation:

(1. Composition and duties of the Remuneration Committee

The Company with the resolution of the board of directors on October 20, 2011 has a remuneration committee formed. The remuneration committee is responsible for enacting and regularly reviewing the annual and long-term performance goals and remuneration policies, systems, standards, and structure for the Company's directors and managers; also, regularly evaluate the performance of the directors and managers of the Company, and determine the content and amount of remuneration for each individual. The members of the fifth-term remuneration committee are as follows:

(1) Remuneration Committee member information

March 30, 2022

ID type Nar	Conditions	Professional qualifications and experience (Note 2)	Status of independence (Note 3)	Serve as a member of the Remuneration Committee of other public companies
Convener	Ting Hein	Please refer to page 20 for content related to director information (1)	Please refer to page 20 for content related to director information (1)	0
Member		Please refer to page 20 for content related to director information (1)	Please refer to page 20 for content related to director information (1)	0
Member		Please refer to page 20 for content related to director information (1)	Please refer to page 20 for content related to director information (1)	0
Member	Tsan-Kai Chen			0

2. The operation of the Remuneration Committee

I. The Remuneration Committee of the Company is composed of with 3 members.

II. The tenure of this term: August 17, 2021 to August 16, 2024. The Remuneration Committee had held 6 meetings (A) in the most recent year; also, the member qualifications and attendances are as follows:

Job title	Name	Actual number of attendance (B)	Frequency of attendance by proxy	Actual attendance ratio (%) (B/A) (Note)	Remarks
Convener	Ting Herh	6	-	100%	Re-elected
Member	Kun- Hsien Lin	6	-	100%	Newly appointed on August 17, 2021
Member	Te-Ying Liao	4	-	100%	Newly appointed on August 17, 2021 Discharged on September 5, 2022.
Member	Tsan-Kai Chen	2		100%	Newly elected on November 10, 2022

Other information to be published:

- I. If the Board of Directors does not adopt or amend the recommendations of the Remuneration Committee, it shall state the board meeting date, term, content of the proposal, the resolutions of the Board of Directors, and the Company's handling the opinions of the Remuneration Committee (such as, the salary and remuneration approved by the Board of Directors is better than the recommendations of the Remuneration Committee), and should explain the difference and its reasons): None
- II. For the resolutions of the Remuneration Committee, if members have objections or reservations raised and have a record or written statement kept, it shall state the Remuneration Committee meeting date, term, content of the proposal, the opinions of all members, and the handling of the members' opinions: None

III. Scope of authority of the Remuneration Committee:

The following functions and powers should be faithfully carried out in good faith and the recommendations should be submitted to the Board of Directors for discussion.

- I. Review this procedure regularly and propose amendments.
- II. Establish and regularly review the policies, systems, standards, and structures of the performance evaluation and remuneration for the Company's directors and managers.
- III. Regularly evaluate and determine the salary and remuneration of directors and managers.

The Committee shall perform the responsibilities as stated in the preceding paragraph in accordance with the following principles:

- I. Ensure that the Company's remuneration arrangements are in compliance with relevant law and regulations and are sufficient enough to attract talents.
- II. The performance evaluation and remuneration of directors and managers should be determined by referring to the standards of the industry, including the reasonable connection of the personal performance, the Company's operating performance, and future risks.
- III. Directors and managers should not be led to engage in an act exceeding the tolerable risk of the Company for the pursuit of remuneration.
- IV. The ratio of remuneration distributed and partial change in remuneration payment time for the short-term performance of directors and senior managers, the characteristics of the industry and the nature of the Company's business should be taken into account.
- V. Members of the Remuneration Committee are not allowed to participate in discussing and voting on their personal salary and remuneration decision-making process.

The so-called "salary and remuneration" referred to in the preceding two paragraphs includes cash remuneration, stock options, dividend shares, pension or severance pay, various allowances, and other measures with substantial rewards; the scope of the remuneration shall be consistent with the remuneration of the directors and managers stated in the "Regulations Governing Information to be Published in Annual Reports of Public Companies."

IV. Important resolutions of the remuneration committee in 2022 and up to the publication date of the annual report:

January 27, 2022 (the third session of the fifth term) discussion of proposals:

Proposal 1: The Company's distribution of annual bonus to managers for 2021.

Resolution: The resolutions of the audit committee handled by the Company: Passed unanimously by the board directors present.

The opinions of the remuneration committee handled by the Company: Passed unanimously by the board directors present.

Proposal 2: The salary adjustment of the managers by the Company in 2022.

Resolution: The resolutions of the audit committee handled by the Company: Passed unanimously by the board directors present.

The opinions of the remuneration committee handled by the Company: Passed unanimously by the board directors present.

Proposal 3: The Company's 2021 remuneration distribution to employees and directors

Resolution: The resolutions of the audit committee handled by the Company: Passed unanimously by the board directors present.

The opinions of the remuneration committee handled by the Company: Passed unanimously by the board directors present.

August 12, 2022 (Friday) (the fourth session of the fifth term); proposal discussions:

Proposal 1: The Company's distribution of employee compensation to managers of 2021.

Resolution: The resolutions of the audit committee handled by the Company: Passed unanimously by the board directors present.

The opinions of the remuneration committee handled by the Company: Passed unanimously by the board directors present.

January 18, 2023 (Friday) (the 5th session of the 5th term); proposal discussions:

Proposal 1: The Company's 2022 remuneration distribution to employees and directors

Resolution: The resolutions of the audit committee handled by the Company: Passed unanimously by the board directors present.

The opinions of the remuneration committee handled by the Company: Passed unanimously by the board directors present.

Proposal 2: The Company's distribution of annual bonus to managers for 2022.

Resolution: The resolutions of the audit committee handled by the Company: Passed unanimously by the board directors present.

The opinions of the remuneration committee handled by the Company: Passed unanimously by the board directors present.

Proposal 3: The salary adjustment of the managers by the Company in 2023.

Resolution: The resolutions of the audit committee handled by the Company: Passed unanimously by the board directors present.

The opinions of the remuneration committee handled by the Company: Passed unanimously by the board directors present.

March 23, 2023 (Thursday) (the 6th session of the 5th term); proposal discussions:

Proposal 1: Remuneration of the Company's new financial officer.

Resolution: The resolutions of the audit committee handled by the Company: Passed unanimously by the board directors present.

The opinions of the remuneration committee handled by the Company: Passed unanimously by the board directors present.

(V) Fulfilling social responsibility:

Difference of the social responsibility fulfillment from the requirements of the "Sustainable Development Best Practice Principles for TWSE/GTSM-Listed Companies" and the root causes

	cipies for 1 wse/G15w-Elisted Companies and the foot causes				
			Operations	Its differences from the "Corporate	
Evaluation items	Yes	No	Summary description	Social Responsibility Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/GTSM Listed Companies" and its root causes	
I. Does the Company establish a governance structure to promote sustainable development, and set up a designated full-time (or part-time) unit to promote Sustainable Development, and the Board of Directors authorizes senior management to handle this and the Board of Directors supervises the situation?	V		On May 12, August 12, and November 10 of 2022, a report on the progress of sustainable development was made at the Board of Directors meeting.	Compliance with the Corporate Social Responsibility Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies	
II. Does the Company conduct risk assessments on environmental, social, and corporate governance issues related to the Company's operations in accordance with the materiality principle, and formulate relevant risk management policies or strategies?	V		 The Company's Sustainable Development Committee started a stakeholder engagement campaign on environmental, social, and corporate governance issues in 2022; completed the assessment of the Company's ESG risks; determined 9 material topics; and formulated management approaches and disclosed them in the report. For details, see 2022 Sustainability Report - 1.4 Identification of Material Topics. For the management and assessment of, and response to, the risks facing the Company's operations, see the 2022 Sustainability Report - 3.2 Risk Management. 本公司已訂定「公司治理守則」作為風險管理之指導原則。 	Compliance with the Corporate Social Responsibility Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies	
III. Environmental issues (I) Does the Company establish a suitable environmental management system based on its industrial characteristics?	V		Policy.	Compliance with the Corporate Social Responsibility Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies	
(II) Is the Company committed to improving the efficient use of resources and using recycled materials that have a low impact on the environment?	V		The Company's electronic products follow eco design and eco production to avoid environmental impact arising from our products. For the status of use of renewable materials, see 4.2 Energy and Resources Management in the 2022 Sustainability Report.	Compliance with the Corporate Social Responsibility Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies	

			Operations	Its differences from the "Corporate
Evaluation items	Yes	No	Summary description	Social Responsibility Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/GTSM Listed Companies" and its root causes
(III) Does the Company assess the current and future potential risks and opportunities of climate change for the Company, and take measures to respond to climate-related issues?(IV) Does the Company count the greenhouse gas emissions,		V	The Company assesses the risks and rewards of climate change and takes response measures through its Sustainable Development Committee. A description of the governance of climate change is provided in a dedicated chapter in the Sustainability Report, starting from 2022. 1. The Company has implemented various energy	Compliance with the Corporate Social Responsibility Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies Compliance with the Corporate Social
water consumption, and total weight of waste of the last two years, and formulate policies on energy conservation and carbon reduction, greenhouse gas reduction, water consumption reduction, or other waste management?			conservation and carbon reduction measures to support the promotion of energy conservation and carbon reduction. For example, better controlling the office temperature with the air conditioner, turning off the lights, less water consumption, using energy-saving lamps, separating recyclables and garbage, and reusing resources if possible. Develop specific improvement goals according to relevant regulations and actual conditions. Greenhouse gas inventory water usage, waste volume, and related reduction performances are already disclosed in the Sustainability Report. Refer to sections 4.2-4.4 of the 2022 Sustainability Report: (1) Greenhouse gas: Total greenhouse gas emissions were 560.21 tonnes of CO2e in 2021 and 554 tonnes of CO2e in 2022. (2) Water consumption: 13.00 million liters of water was consumed in 2021, and 12.51 million liters in 2022. (3) Waste: The Company produces no hazardous waste but domestic waste. 2. The Company will introduce ISO 14064-1 to inventory its GHG emissions. The Company plans to set the emissions in the first inventoried year as the base year, and aims to reduce carbon emissions by 1% from the level in the base year every year. 3. The environmental performance data in the Sustainability Report was attested to by an independent third party, which also issued a report containing its opinion. For details, see the Appendices to the 2021 Sustainability Report.	Responsibility Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies
(I) Does the Company formulate relevant management policies and procedures in accordance with relevant regulations and	V		United Integrated Services respects and complies with internationally recognized human rights regulations/principles,	Compliance with the Corporate Social Responsibility Best Practice Principles

			Operations	Its differences from the "Corporate
Evaluation items	Yes	No	Summary description	Social Responsibility Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/GTSM Listed Companies" and its root causes
international human rights conventions?			e.g., "The United Nations Universal Declaration of Human Rights", "The United Nations Global Compact", and "ILO Convention"; by referencing the core labor standards therein and local laws and regulations, United Integrated Services has formulated its human rights policy. Meanwhile, education and trainings are given to employees to raise their human rights awareness, to wipe out any conduct infringing on or violating human rights, and to further ensure that the Company's employees and stakeholders can be treated in a fair, equal, and dignified manner. The human rights policy is disclosed on the official website. Visit the official website and to Investor/Corporate Governance/Company Regulations and Systems.	for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies
(II) Does the Company formulate and implement reasonable employee benefits measures (including remuneration, vacation, benefits, etc.) and appropriately reflect operating performance or results in employee salary and compensation?	V			Compliance with the Corporate Social Responsibility Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies
(III) Does the Company create a safe and healthy working environment for employees, and regularly provide safety and health education to employees?	V			Compliance with the Corporate Social Responsibility Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies

			Operations	Its differences from the "Corporate
Evaluation items	Yes	No	Summary description	Social Responsibility Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/GTSM Listed Companies" and its root causes
(IV) Does the Company establish an effective career development training program for its employees?	V		in 2022, so both the number of incidents and the incident rate are 0. For the achievement in the implementation of the occupational safety and health policy, see 5.3 of the 2022 Sustainability Report. Describe the areas covered by training programs (e.g., newcomer training, professional development, supervisor training, etc.) and their scope (e.g., supervisors at all levels,	(IV) The Company has established a comprehensive welfare system and planned a variety of educational
			colleagues, etc.) as well as their implementation.	training courses to enhance the job competence of employees.
(V) Does the Company comply with relevant laws and regulations and international standards for customer health and safety, customer privacy, marketing and labeling of products and services; also, formulate relevant consumer protection policies and grievance procedures?	V		 Consumer-related rights are clearly stated in the contract, and special units are set up to fulfill the warranty obligations. The Company has established ISO: 13485 Medical Equipment Quality System to protect consumer safety. The Company sets up customer complaint filing procedures, and provide a complaint filing channel in the Stakeholders zone on its official website. https://www.uisco.com.tw/stakeholder.html In 2022, the Company did not violate any laws or regulations governing customer health and safety, customer privacy, or labelling or marketing. For the implementation of the legal compliance policy, see 3.3 of the 2022 Sustainability Report. 	Compliance with the Corporate Social Responsibility Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies
(VI) Does the Company formulate a supplier management policy that requires suppliers to follow relevant regulations on issues, such as, environmental protection, occupational safety and health, or labor rights, and their implementation?	V		The Company has set up its "Rules for Selection of Suppliers" and "Regulations for Management of Contractors", wherein the supplier management policy and compliance requirements are set out. For disclosure of supplier management policy and the implementation thereof, refer to section 4.5 of the 2022 ESG Report	The Company's quality management system has passed the internationally recognized latest edition (2015) of the ISO 9001 quality management system certification with a certificate received, in addition to meeting international quality control requirements; it is in line with the international community. The Company will evaluate suppliers on their social and environmental performance in 2023.
V. Does the Company compile reports on corporate non-		V	The Company referenced	Compliance with the Corporate Social

			Operations	Its differences from the "Corporate
Evaluation items	Yes	No	Summary description	Social Responsibility Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/GTSM Listed Companies" and its root causes
financial information, such as, corporate social responsibility reports, by referring to internationally accepted reporting standards or guidelines? Did the assurance, guarantee, or opinions of a public verification unit obtained for the aforementioned reports?			the general principles, industry-specific principles, and material topic principles issued by the Global Reporting Initiatives (GRI) when preparing the previous year's Sustainability Report, wherein material environmental/social/economic topics identified by the Company, their effects, disclosure items, and reporting requirements therefor were disclosed. the 2022 Sustainability Report was further verified by a third party and will be released in August 2023. For details, see the compilation policy of the 2022 Sustainability Report and the third party verification report in the Appendices.	Responsibility Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies

VI. If the Company has its own sustainable development code in accordance with the Sustainable Development Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEX Listed Companies, please describe the differences between its operation and the Principles:

The Company has adopted the general principles promulgated by the Global Reporting Initiatives (GRI) when preparing its 2022 ESG Report, which is scheduled for release for August 2023 and will be certified by a third party.

VII. Other important information helpful to understand the <u>implementation of sustainable development</u>: environmental protection, garbage sorting and recycling, resource recycling and reuse: such as PET bottles, second-hand paper, and iron and aluminum cans.

(VI) The ethical management of the Company and the measures adopted:

Difference of the ethical management performance from the requirements of the "Ethical Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/GTSM-Listed Companies" and the root causes

	_ ,,,,	Operations Its difference					
Evaluation items		Yes No Summary description		Management Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/GTSM Listed Companies" and the root causes			
I. Establishing ethical management policies and programs (I) Does the Company formulate an ethical management policy approved by the board of directors, and clearly state the policies and practices of ethical management in the regulations and external documents, and the board of directors and senior management actively implement the business policy?	V		(I) The Company has established the "Ethical Management Best-Practice Principles." A responsible person is designated for the formulation, supervision, and implementation of the ethical management policy and prevention plan, and reports to the Board of Directors on a regular basis.	None			
(II) Does the Company have established an evaluation mechanism for the risk of unethical conduct, regularly analyzed and evaluated business activities with a higher risk of unethical conduct within the business scope, and formulates a plan to prevent unethical conduct, which at least cover the precautionary measures for the unethical conduct listed in Article 7, Paragraph 2 of the "Ethical Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/GTSM-Listed Companies."		V	(II) The Company has not yet established an assessment mechanism for the risk of unethical conduct. It is currently in the planning process. In order to ensure an ethical management operation, the Company has established an effective accounting system and internal control system. Internal auditors regularly check the compliance with the aforementioned system. The Company's Employee Work Rules clearly stated that employees must not use their powers to seek illegal benefits, accept hospitality, receive kickback and gifts, and embezzle public funds and properties or other illegal interests; also, do not negligently disclose the Company's technology or business secrets in order to avoid employees' sacrificing company's equity for personal gains.	Being studied and worked out by the Company.			
(III) Does the Company clearly define the operating procedures, guidelines for conduct, disciplinary act and appeal system in the plan to prevent unethical conduct, implement it, and regularly review and revise the aforementioned plan?	V		(III) The Company has formulated the "Procedures for Ethical Management and Guidelines for Conduct" to regulate the relevant operation procedures. Internal auditors regularly review and revise the aforementioned plan.	None			
 II. Implementing ethical management (I) Does the Company assess the ethical conduct record of the counterparty and specify the terms of ethical conducts in the contract signed with the counterparty? (II) Does the Company have formulated a dedicated unit to promote 	V V		(I) Does the Company assess the legality of the customer and supplier and whether they have any record of unethical conduct before dealing with them? (II) The Audit Office of the Company is responsible for the	None			
corporate ethical management under the board of directors, and regularly (at least once a year) report to the board of directors			formulation, supervision, and implementation of the ethical management policy and prevention plan, and reports to the				

				Operations	Its differences from the "Ethical
	Evaluation items	Yes	No	Summary description	Management Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/GTSM Listed Companies" and the root causes
	the ethical management policy and plans to prevent unethical conduct and monitor its implementation?			Board of Directors.	
(III)	Does the Company have a policy to prevent conflicts of interest, provide a proper communication channel, and implement it accordingly?	V		(III) The Company's Employee Work Rules clearly stated that employees must not use their powers to seek illegal benefits, accept hospitality, receive kickback and gifts, and embezzle public funds and properties or other illegal interests; also, do not negligently disclose the Company's technology or business secrets in order to avoid employees' sacrificing company's equity for personal gains.	None
(IV)	Does the Company have established an effective accounting system and internal control system for the implementation of ethical management, and the internal audit unit based on the assessment of the risk of unethical conduct to draft up relevant audit plans, and checked the compliance with the plan in preventing unethical conduct, or commissioned a certified public accountant to perform an audit?	V		(IV) In order to ensure the implementation of ethical management, the Company has established an effective accounting system and internal control system, and internal auditors regularly check the compliance of the said system.	None
(V)	Does the Company regularly hold ethical management education and training internally and externally?	V		(V) The Company maintains the principle of good faith with its customers, handles customer complaints in a timely manner, and actively takes measures to minimize the loss of both parties in order to secure the trust of customers. The Administration Office of the Company clearly defines the job responsibilities and employee grievance; also, clearly defines the prevention of conflict of interest policy and communication channel in the management procedures.	None
	ne operation of the Company's reporting system	* 7			N
(I)	Does the Company have a specific reporting and reward system, a convenient reporting channel, and an appropriate officer assigned to deal with the reported individual?	V		The Company has a "Chairperson's Mailbox for suggestions and grievances" to handle the Company's major nonconformities, frauds, and other matters in a confidential	None
(II)	Does the Company have established standard operating procedures for investigating any incident reported, follow-up measures to be taken after the investigation is completed, and related confidentiality mechanisms?	V		manner for the protection of the reporting individuals. The relevant departments have been instructed to handle the specific project as quickly as possible. According to the reward and punishment regulations in the "Work Rules," the	
(III)	Does the Company take measures to protect the reporting personnel from improper treatment?	V		employees with unethical acts committed are accordingly reported for a disciplinary action.	
IV. Str	rengthening information disclosure Does the Company disclose the contents of its "Ethical	V		The Company has disclosed the contents of the "Ethical	None

Evaluation items			Operations	Its differences from the "Ethical
		No	Summary description	Management Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/GTSM Listed Companies" and the root
				causes
Management Best-Practice Principles" and the achievement in implementation on the website and Market Observation Post System?			Management Best-Practice Principles" on the Company's website and Market Observation Post System; also, the achievement in implementation is disclosed in the annual report.	

V. If the Company has its own "Ethical Management Best-Practice Principles" stipulated in accordance with the "Ethical Management Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/GTSM Listed Companies," please describe its operation and its differences from the "Ethical Management Best-Practice Principles" stipulated: None VI. Other important information that helps understand the operation of ethical management (such as, the Company reviews and amends its established "Ethical Management Best-Practice Principles" stipulated: None

Practice Principles," etc.): None

- (VII) The Company has established the Corporate Governance Best-Practice Principles and related regulations inquiry method: the website of UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES CO., LTD. (http://www.uisco.com.tw)
- (VIII) Other important information that helps understand the operation of corporate governance: None
- (IX) The implementation of the internal control system should be with the following information disclosed:
 - 1. Internal Control Statement

UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES CO., LTD.

Internal Control Statement

Date: March 23, 2023

The 2022 internal control system of the Company is declared as follows according to the results of self-inspection:

- I. The Company is aware that the establishment, implementation, and maintenance of the internal control system is the responsibility of the Board of Directors and the management of the Company. The Company has established such system. The purpose is to provide reasonable assurance in terms of achieving the goals of operational effectiveness and efficiency (including profitability, performance, asset safety, etc.), reporting reliability, timeliness, transparency, meeting relevant regulations, and compliance with relevant law and regulations.
- II. The internal control system has its inherent limitations. Regardless of how well the design is perfected, an effective internal control system can only provide reasonable assurance in achieving the above three objectives. Moreover, due to changes in the environment and conditions, the effectiveness of the internal control system may change. However, the Company's internal control system is designed with a self-monitoring mechanism. The Company can take corrective actions immediately upon identifying nonconformities.
- III. The Company judges whether the design and implementation of the internal control system is effective based on the criteria of the effectiveness of the internal control system as stipulated in the "Regulations Governing Establishment of Internal Control Systems by Public Companies" (hereinafter referred to as the "Regulations"). The criteria of the effectiveness of the internal control system as stated in the "Regulations" has internal control system divided into five elements according to the management and control process: 1. Environment control, 2. Risk assessment, 3. Control operation, 4. Information and communication, and 5. Monitoring operations. Each element contains several items. Please refer to the "Regulations" for the aforementioned items.
- IV. The Company has adopted the aforementioned criteria of the internal control system to evaluate the effectiveness of the design and implementation of the internal control system.
- V. The Company based on the results of the previous assessment believes that the internal control system (including the supervision and management of subsidiaries) on December 31, 2022, including understanding the operational effectiveness and the achievement in efficiency, the reliability, timeliness, and transparency of reporting, and the design and implementation of the internal control system complying with the relevant requirements and regulations, is effective and can reasonably ensure the achievement of the aforementioned objectives.
- VI. This statement will become the main content of the Company's annual report and prospectus, and is hereby made known to the public. If the content of the disclosure in the preceding paragraph is illegal or concealed, it will involve legal liabilities as stated in Articles 20, 32, 171, and 174 of the Securities and Exchange Act
- VII. This Statement has been passed by the Board of Directors Meeting of the Company held on March 23, 2023, where none of the 8 attending Directors expressed dissenting opinions, and the remainder all affirmed the content of this Statement.

UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES CO., LTD.

Chairperson: Belle Lee (signed)

President: Joseph Lee (signed)

(person with equivalent responsibilities)

- 2. If a certified public accountant is commissioned to examine the internal control system, the review report of the CPA should be disclosed: None.
- (X) In the most recent year and up to the publication date of the annual report, if the Company and its internal personnel were punished according to law, or the Company punished its internal personnel for violating the provisions of the internal control system, and the results of the punishment may have a significant impact on shareholders' equity or securities prices, the punishment content, major nonconformity, and improvements shall be detailed:
- (XI) Important resolutions of the shareholders meeting and the Board of Directors in the most recent year and as of the annual report printing date:

1. Important resolutions reached in the 2022 Shareholders Meeting and their implementation

1.1. 2022 General Shareholders' Meeting

Time: Thursday, May 26, 2022 at 9 pm

Location: Chinatrust Executive House (No.219-2, Sec. 3, Zhongxing Rd., Xindian Dist., New Taipei City)

Attendance: The total number of shares represented by shareholders in attendance in person and by proxy was

130,909,838 shares (including 47,728,192 shares with voting rights exercised electronically), accounting for 69.41% of the 188,577,698 voting shares issued by the Company.

Attending directors: Belle Lee; Joseph Lee

Attending independent directors/Audit Committee convener: Kun-hsien Lin

Guest participant: Certified Public Accountant Tsunglin Li of KPMG Certified Public Accountants

Chair: Belle Lee

I. Company Reports:

(I) 2021 Business report

- (II) 2021 Audit Committee's Review Report
- (III) Report on the distribution of compensation to employees and directors of 2021.
- (IV) Report on the distribution of earnings of 2021
- (V) Report on the implementation of the investment in Mainland China
- (VI) Report on the purchase of treasury stock and the amendments to the "Regulations Governing Share Repurchase and Transfer to Employees"

II. Proposals:

Proposal 1: The 2021 Business Report and Financial Statements. (Proposed by the Board of Directors)

Resolutions: The attending shareholders were with 130,909,838 voting shares (including those cast electronically); the shareholders that voted "in favor" were with 127,436,367 shares, the shareholders that voted "not in favor" were with 75,901 shares, and the shareholders that "abstained" were with 3,397,570 shares; the number of shares that voted "in favor" accounted for 97.34% of the total voting shares of all attending shareholders. The proposal was approved as proposed.

Proposal 2: 2021 earnings distribution proposal. (Proposed by the Board of Directors)

Resolutions: The attending shareholders were with 130,909,838 voting shares (including those cast electronically); the shareholders that voted "in favor" were with 128,994,105 shares, the shareholders that voted "not in favor" were with 87,820 shares, and the shareholders that "abstained" were with 1,827,913 shares; the number of shares that voted "in favor" accounted for 98.53% of the total voting shares of all attending shareholders. The proposal was approved as proposed.

Implementation: Cash dividend distribution date: July 25, 2022

III. Discussions:

Proposal 1: Partial amendment of the provisions of the Company's "Articles of Association". (Proposed by the Board of Directors)

Resolutions: The attending shareholders were with 130,909,838 voting shares (including those cast electronically); the shareholders that voted "in favor" were with 128,820,543 shares, the

shareholders that voted "not in favor" were with 80,245 shares, and the shareholders that "abstained" were with 2,009,050 shares; the number of shares that voted "in favor" accounted for 98.40% of the total voting shares of all attending shareholders. The proposal was approved as proposed.

Proposal 2: Partial amendment of the provisions of the Company's "Procedures for Acquisition or Disposal of Assets". (Proposed by the Board of Directors)

Resolutions: The attending shareholders were with 130,909,838 voting shares (including those cast electronically); the shareholders that voted "in favor" were with 128,820,643 shares, the shareholders that voted "not in favor" were with 80,665 shares, and the shareholders that "abstained" were with 2,008,530 shares; the number of shares that voted "in favor" accounted for 98.40% of the total voting shares of all attending shareholders. The proposal was approved as proposed.

Proposal 3: Change of the Company's address. (Proposed by the Board of Directors)

Resolutions: The attending shareholders were with 130,909,838 voting shares (including those cast electronically); the shareholders that voted "in favor" were with 128,402,468 shares, the shareholders that voted "not in favor" were with 484,194 shares, and the shareholders that "abstained" were with 2,023,176 shares; the number of shares that voted "in favor" accounted for 98.08% of the total voting shares of all attending shareholders. The proposal was approved as proposed.

2.2022 度董事會議事錄

2.1. Time: January 27, 2022 (Thursday), at 11 am (the fourth session of the fourteenth term)

I. Discussions

Proposal 1: Passed the assessment of the independence and suitability of the Company's attesting CPAs.

Proposal 2: Passed remuneration for the CPAs attesting the Company's financial statements.

Proposal 3: Passed the Company's distribution of annual bonus to managers for 2021.

Proposal 4: Passed the proposal on the Company's 2022 manager pay raise.

<u>Proposal 5:</u> Passed the proposal on the Company's 2021 compensation distribution to employees and directors.

2.2. Time: March 8, 2022 (Tuesday), 10 am (the fifth session of the fourteenth term)

I. Discussions

Proposal 1: Passed the proposal on the acquisition of real estate in Tainan.

<u>Proposal 2:</u> Passed the proposal on the buyback of issued common stock of the Company.

<u>Proposal 3:</u> Passed the proposal on the convening of the Company's 2022 general meeting of shareholders. Time: May 26, 2022 (Thursday) at 9:00 AM. Venue: Chinatrust Executive House (No. 219-2, Section

3, Zhongxing Road, Xindian District, New Taipei City).

2.3. Time: March 23, 2022 (Wednesday), 10 am (the sixth session of the fourteenth term)

I. Company Reports

- (I) Important financial operation reports:
 - 1. Important financial and business report
 - (1) Report on Endorsement/Guarantee
 - (2) Report on loaning of funds to others
 - (3) Report on Cash equivalents and use of credit line granted by financial institutions
 - 2. Business overview report
 - 3. Subsidiary business overview report
- (II) Internal audit business report
- (III) Other important company reports
 - 1. Report on the Company's 2021 annual Board of Directors Performance Evaluation:

II. Discussions

Proposal 1: Passed the Company's 2021 business report and financial statement.

Proposal 2: Passed the Company's 2021 earnings distribution.

Proposal 3: Passed the Company's 2021 remuneration distribution to employees and directors.

Proposal 4: Passed the preparation of the Company's "2021 Internal Control System Statement."

<u>Proposal 5:</u> Passed the partial amendment of the provisions of the Company's "Articles of Association".

<u>Proposal 6:</u> Passed the partial amendment of the provisions of the Company's "Procedures for Acquisition or Disposal of Assets".

Proposal 7: Passed the partial amendment of the Company's "Code of Practice for Corporate Governance."

<u>Proposal 8:</u> Passed amendment of the Company's Regulations Governing Share Repurchase and Transfer to Employees.

Proposal 9: Passed change of the Company's address.

Proposal 10: Approved the new proposal for the Company's 2022 general meeting of shareholders.

2.4. Time: May 12, 2022 (Thursday), at 10 am (the seventh session of the fourth term)

I. Company Reports

- (I) Last meeting minutes and implementation
- (II) Important financial business report
 - 1. Important financial and business report
 - (1) Endorsement/Guarantee report
 - (2) Report on loaning of funds to others
 - (3) Report on cash equivalents and use of credit line granted by financial institutions
 - 2. Business overview report
 - 3. Subsidiary business overview report
- (III) Internal audit business report
- (IV) Report on the timeline for GHG emission verification.
- All directors are informed of the issues reported above.

II. Discussions

Proposal 1: The Company's 2022 Q1 consolidated financial statements.

2.5. Time: August 12, 2022 (Friday), at 10 am (the eight session of the fourteenth term)

I. Company Reports

- (I) Last meeting minutes and implementation
- (II) Important financial business report
 - 1. Important financial and business report
 - (1) Endorsement/Guarantee report
 - (2) Report on loaning of funds to others
 - (3) Report on cash equivalents and use of credit line granted by financial institutions
 - 2. Business overview report
 - 3. Subsidiary business overview report
 - (1) For the business performance of subsidiaries for the period from January through June 2022, see the Attachment on p.7 through p.23.
 - (2) For the business report of the US subsidiary of United Integrated Services, see the attachment on p.24 through p.25.
- (III) For the internal audit business report, see the attachment on p.26.
- (IV) The Company's purchase of liability insurance policy for directors.
- (V) For the report on the timeline for GHG emission verification, see the attachment on p.30.

All directors are informed of the issues reported above.

II. Discussions

<u>Proposal 1</u>: The Company's 2022 Q2 consolidated financial statements.

Proposal 2: Passed the proposal on the Company's distribution of employee compensation to managers.

2.6. Time: November 10, 2022 (Thursday), at 10 am (the ninth session of the fourteen term)

I. Company Reports

- (I) Last meeting minutes and implementation
- (II) Important financial business report
 - 1. Important financial and business report
 - (1) Endorsement/Guarantee report
 - (2) Report on loaning of funds to others
 - (3) Report on cash equivalents and use of credit line granted by financial institutions
 - 2. Business overview report
 - 3. Subsidiary business overview report
- (III) Internal audit business report
- (IV) Report on the timeline for GHG emission verification.

All directors are informed of the issues reported above.

II. Discussions

Proposal 1: The Company's 2022 Q3 consolidated financial statements.

Proposal 2: Passed the Company's 2023 annual audit plan.

<u>Proposal 3:</u> Passed the proposal on the partial amendment of the provisions of the Company's "Rules of Procedure for Board of Directors Meetings".

<u>Proposal 4</u>: Passed the partial amendment of the provisions of the Company's "Regulations Governing Procedure for Board of Directors Meeting" of the Company.

<u>Proposal 5</u>: Passed the proposal to revise and rename some provisions of the Company's "Procedures for the Prevention of Insider Trading".

<u>Proposal 6</u>: Passed the proposal to issue a Letter of Support for the US subsidiary to extend its short-term general loan credit with a financial institution.

<u>Proposal 7</u>: Passed the proposal to sell all shares of Eco Energy Corporation.

Proposal 8: Passed the proposal to appoint a new Remuneration Committee member to fill the vacancy.

<u>Proposal 9</u>: Passed the proposal in which C.S. Chen, the Company's former chairperson, applied for compensation for his lawyer fees for the criminal case returned by the third instance court to the second instance court for reconsideration.

3.2023 年度董事會議事錄

3.1. Time: January 18, 2023 (Wednesday) at 10 am (the 10 session of the 14th term)

I. Discussions

<u>Proposal 1</u>: Passed the proposal to reduce the capital of the subsidiary Han Xuan Energy by retiring shares and returning share subscription proceeds to shareholders.

<u>Proposal 2</u>: Passed the proposal to reduce the capital of the subsidiary Han Te Energy by retiring shares and returning share subscription proceeds to shareholders.

<u>Proposal 3:</u> Passed the proposal to sell the shares of subsidiaries Han Xuan and Han Te and determine the rights and obligations attached to a photovoltaic power generation system installation project.

<u>Proposal 4:</u> Passed the proposal on the Company's 2022 compensation distribution to employees and directors.

Proposal 5: Passed the proposal on the Company's distribution of annual bonus to managers of 2022.

Proposal 6: Passed the proposal on the Company's 2023 manager pay raise.

3.2. Time: March 8, 2023 (Wednesday) at 10 am (the 1st session of the 14th term)

I. Discussions

<u>Proposal 1:</u> Passed the proposal on partial amendment of the provisions of the Company's "Articles of Association".

<u>Proposal 2:</u> Passed the proposal on partial amendment of the provisions of the Company's "Regulations Governing the Election of Directors and Independent Directors".

<u>Proposal 3</u>: Passed the proposal on by-election of an independent director of the Company.

Proposal 4: Passed the proposal on nomination of the candidates for independent directors.

<u>Proposal 5:</u> Passed the proposal to hold the Company's 2023 Shareholders' Meeting on May 30, 2023 on Tuesday at 9 am.

<u>Proposal 6</u>: Passed the proposal on the amount of capital reduction of the subsidiary Han Xuan Energy through retiring shares and returning share subscription proceeds to shareholders.

3.3. Time: March 23, 2023 (Tuesday) at 10 am (the 12th session of the 14th term)

I. Company Reports

- 1. Important financial and business report
- (1) Endorsement/Guarantee report
- (2) Loaning of funds report
- (3) Report on cash equivalents and use of credit line granted by financial institutions
- 2. Business overview report
- 3. Subsidiary business overview report
- 4. Internal audit business report
- 5. Other important company reports:
- (1) Report on the timeline for GHG emission verification.

II. Discussions

Proposal 1: Passed the proposal on the Company's 2022 business report and financial statements.

Proposal 2: Passed the proposal on the Company's 2022 earnings distribution.

Proposal 3: Passed the proposal on the Company's 2022 compensation distribution to employees and directors.

Proposal 4: Passed the preparation of the Company's "2022 Internal Control System Statement."

<u>Proposal 5:</u> Passed the proposal to lift the non-compete restrictions on directors and their representatives.

<u>Proposal 6:</u> Passed the proposal on the assessment of the independence and suitability of the Company's attesting CPAs.

Proposal 7: Passed the proposal on remuneration for the CPAs attesting the Company's financial statements.

Proposal 8: Passed the proposal on recruitment of the Company's financial officer.

<u>Proposal 9:</u> Passed the proposal on <u>remuneration of the Company's new financial officer.</u>

- (XII) For the resolutions of the Board of Directors in the most recent year and as of the annual report printing date, if the directors have different opinions on the resolutions reached by the Board of Directors and have a record or written statement made, the main contents are: None
- (XIII) Summary of the resignation and dismissal of the Company's chairman, general manager, accounting officer, financial officer, internal audit supervisor, corporate governance officer, and R&D officer in the most recent year and up to the publication date of the annual report:

Summary of the resignation of the relevant individuals of the Company

April 15, 2023

Job title	Name	Date of reporting to duty	Date of dismissal	Reason for resignation or dismissal
Finance	Liyu Lin	June 27, 2012	February 24, 2023	Retirement

IV. CPA auditing fee information

CPA auditing fee information

Amount: NT\$ Thousands Name of Name of CPA Auditing period of CPA Audit fees Non-audit fees Total Remarks **CPA Firm** Audit into direct **KPMG** January 2022 through deduction Chihkai Chen 180 180 Taiwan December 2022 method for business tax (VAT). 2022 tax **KPMG** 550 Tsunglin Li 2022 550 document Taiwan attestation Financial **KPMG** Statements in Taiwan Fu-jen Chen 2022 300 the English language (both

	Tsunglin Li		-			parent company only and consolidated ones)
KPMG Taiwan		2022	-	135	135	Report on Country- specific price and transfer pricing
KPMG Taiwan	Tsunglin Li Fu-jen Chen	January 2022 through December 2022	6,965	-	6,965	Audit fees
KPMG Taiwan	Tsunglin Li Fu-jen Chen	January 2022 through December 2022	-	50	50	Information of the salary remuneration to non-supervisor full-timers

Note: If the Company has changed the certified public accountant or accounting firms during the year, please indicate the audit period separately, and explain the reason for the replacement in the remark column; also, disclose the audit and non-audit expenses in an orderly manner. Non-audit expenses should be annotated to explain service content.

V. Information on CPA replacement

(I) About the predecessor CPA

Replacement date	Janua	January 2021					
Reason for and description of replacement	Internal job adjustment						
Explain whether it is terminated by the principal or the CPA, or the appointment is declined by the CPA	Status	Contractual parties	СРА		Principal		
		tive termination of ntment	Not applicable		Not applicable		
		nger accepting nuously) appointment	Not a	pplicable	Not applicable		
The audit report issued with an opinion other than unqualified opinion within two years and the reasons]	None			
•		Accounting principles or practice					
ra ii caa	Yes			Disclosure in financial report			
Is there any disagreement with the issuer?				Audit scope or steps			
issaci.		Others					
	None			V			
	Rema	rks					
Other disclosures (The disclosures made according to Section 1.4 \sim Section 1.7, Paragraph <u>6</u> ,				None			
Article <u>10</u> of the Regulations)							

(II) About the successor CPA

Name of CPA Firm	KPMG Taiwan
Name of CPAs	CPA Fu-jen Chen CPA: Tsunglin Li
Date of appointment	January 2021
The consultation on accounting treatment methods and accounting principles for specific transactions and possible opinion issued on the financial report prior to appointment and its result	None

Written opinion of the successor CPA that is different from the opinion of the predecessor CPA	None

- (III) The reply of the predecessor accountant to the matters stated in Section 1 and Section 2.3 of Paragraph 6 of Article 10 of the Regulations: Not applicable.
- (IV) Evaluation into certified public accountants' attribute in independence

The Company's Audit Committee members evaluate the certified public accountants' distribution of independence through the key issues as enumerated below:

- 1. The certified public accountants' detached declaration of independence
- 2. A same certified public accountant did not at all continually render certification services for more than seven (7) years in a row.
- 3. The Company conducts an evaluation through the Accounting Department over the key points of independence attribute of the certified public accountants each and every year.
- 4. Audit quality indicators (AQIs) (see p.42)
- VI. The Company's Chairperson, President, manager of finance or accounting who has worked in the public auditor's CPA Firm or affiliates within the most recent year: None.

VII. Changes in shareholdings of directors, managers, and major shareholders (I) Changes in shareholdings of directors, managers, and major shareholders.

(1) Chai			s, managers, and ma 2022	2023 through March 31			
Job Title	Name	Increase (decrease) in the number of shares held	Increase (decrease) in the number of shares pledged	Increase (decrease) in the number of shares held	Increase (decrease) in the number of shares pledged		
Chairperson	Belle Lee	2,196,029	_	_	_		
Director	Liang Yi Investment Co., Ltd.	_	_	_	_		
Incorporated representative of the Director	Chih-Ming Lai	Н	_	_	_		
Director	Benny Chen	(100,000)	_	(54,000)	_		
Director	Joseph Lee	_	_	_	_		
Director	Yu-An Chen		_	_	_		
	Kuan-Ming Lin	_	_	_	_		
Independent Director	Ting Herh	_	_	_	_		
Independent Director	Kun-Hsien Lin	_	_	_	_		
Independent Director Discharged on September 5, 2022.	Te-Ying Liao	_	_	_	_		
Chief Executive Officer	Belle Lee	2,196,029	_	_	_		
Chief Technology Officer	Joseph Lee	_	_	_	_		
President of Overseas Business Department	Chih-Ming Lai		_	_	_		
Business Officer	Chief Hsu Chun Yuan Business		_	_	_		
Vice President	Tseng	_	_	_	_		
Vice President							
Vice President	Chun-Hsiung Wang	_	_	_	_		
Accounting Officer	Limei Pan	-	_	_	_		
Finance Officer	Kuang-Yung Tseng	_	_	_	_		
Finance Officer	Li-Yu LinRetired on February 24, 2023	-	-	-	-		

(II) Equity transfer information:

Equity transfer information

	Name	Reason for transfer	Transaction date	Transaction counterparty	Relationship of the transaction counterparty with the Company, or its directors, supervisors, managers, and major shareholders with 10% or more stake	Shares	Transactio n price
В	Belle Lee	Inheritance (i.e., being a transferee)	December 13, 2022	Yen Chun Wang		2,080,029	32.25

(III) Equity pledge information: None

VIII. Top-ten shareholders who are the relatives to each other as stipulated in Article 6 of the Financial Accounting Standards or the spouses and the second cousins

March 31, 2023

Name	Shareholding of the Principal		Shareholding of the spouse and minor children		the name of others		The titles, names, and relationships of the top-ten shareholders who are related or the spouses and the second cousins.		Remarks
	Shares	Shareholding ratio (%)	Shares	Shareholding ratio (%)	Shares	Shareholding ratio (%)	Name	Relationship	
Belle Lee	11,023,896	5.78%	-	-	-	-	Kuo-Yu Wang Kuo-Wei Wang	Daughter Son	-
Liang Yi Investment Co., Ltd.	7,173,571	3.76%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
American JPMorgan Chase Bank Taipei Branch has been entrusted to take custody of Stichting Depositary APG Emerging Market Equity Mutual Fund	4,063,000	2.13%	-	-	-	<u>-</u>	ı	1	-
Kuo-Yu Wang	3,855,524	2.02%	_	-	_	-	Belle Lee	Mother/daughter	-
Kuo-Wei Wang	3,854,160	2.02%	-	-	-	-	Belle Lee-	Mother/son	-
Citi (Taiwan) Commercial Bank has been entrusted to take custody of the investment account of the Central Bank of Norway.	2,819,000	1.48%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
HSBC (Taiwan) Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. as the custodian of	2,220,000	1.16%	-	-	-	-			-

the investment									
account of									
Rena Emerging									
Market Value									
Fund									
Fu Kuo			-	-	-	-			-
Engineering	2,129,398	1.12%							
Co., Ltd.									
JPMorgan			-	-	-	-			-
Chase Bank									
Taipei Branch									
as the									
custodian of									
the Vanguard									
Emerging	2,114,800	1.11%							
Markets ETF	, ,								
investment									
account									
managed by									
Van Gard									
Group.							-	-	
Deutsche Bank			-	=	-	=	-	=	-
Taipei Branch									
as the									
custodian of									
New York	2,101,000	1.10%							
City's trust									
fund									
investment									
account									

IX. Comprehensive shareholding ratio:

Unit: Shares; %; March 31, 2021

Transfer investment	The Company's i	investments or indirect	managers, and s of the directly tly controlled siness	Comprehensive investment		
	Shares	Shareholding ratio	Shares	Shareholding ratio	Shares	Shareholding ratio
Ablerex Electronics Co., Ltd.	2,880,989	12.78%	_	_	2,880,989	12.78%
Wholetech System Hitech Limited	9,946,080	13.61%	_	_	9,946,080	13.61%
UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES CO., LTD. (BVI)	17,698,630	100.00%	_	_	17,698,630	100.00%
Jiangxi United Integrated Services Company	Note 1	75.00%	_	_	Note 1	75.00%
UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES CO., LTD. (Singapore)	Note 1	100.00%	_	_	Note 1	100.00%
JG Environmental Technology Co., Ltd.	2,880,989	12.78%	_	_	2,880,989	12.78%
Han Xuan Energy Co., Ltd.	50,000,000	100.00%			50,000,000	100.00%
Han Te Energy Co., Ltd.	9,000,000	100.00%			9,000,000	100.00%
UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES (USA) CORP	50,000,000	100.00%			50,000,000	100.00%

Note: Investment of the Company under the <u>equity method</u>. Note 1: It is registered with the capital contribution amount indicated.

Four. Public offering

I. Capital stock and shares

(I) Source of capital:

Unit: Thousand shares; NT\$ Thousands

(1)	טו	Juice of	сарпат.			Jiii. Tiiousaiic	i siiaies, i	NI 5 Illousalius
		Authorize	d capital stock	Paid-ir	capital		-	Remarks
Month/Year	Issuing Price (NT\$)	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Source of capital	Paid-in capital of assets other than cash	Others
September 1982	10	Note 1	5,100	Note 1	5,100	Initial capital stock	None	
August 1985	10	Note 1	15,100	Note 1	15,100	Capitalization of cash	None	
August 1987	10	Note 1	55,100	Note 1	55,100	Capitalization of cash	None	
July 1988	10	Note 1	85,100	Note 1	85,100	Capitalization of cash	None	
November 1990	10	14,060	140,600	14,060	140,600	Consolidated capital increase	None	
November 1991	10	17,100	171,000	17,100	171,000	Capitalization of cash	None	
August 1995	10	90,000	900,000	42,230	422,300	Capitalization of cash and earnings	None	
September 1996	10	90,000	900,000	50,676	506,760	Capitalization of earnings	None	
May 1997	10	90,000	900,000	60,811	608,112	Capitalization of earnings	None	
May 1998	10	90,000	900,000	76,930	769,297	Capitalization of earnings and employee bonus	None	
August 1998	10	90,000	900,000	89,930	899,297	Capitalization of cash	None	1998.7.22 (1998) Tai.Chai.Jen (I) No. 59372 Letter
August 1999	10	180,000	1,800,000	114,322	1,143,222	Capitalization of earnings and employee bonus	None	1999.7.8 (1999) Tai.Chai.Jen (I) No. 62332 Letter
July 2000	10	180,000	1,800,000	145,313	1,453,129	Capitalization of earnings, additional paid-in capital, and employee bonus	None	2000.6.20 (2000) Tai.Chai.Jen (I) No. 53145 Letter
July 2001	10	180,000	1,800,000	163,675	1,636,755	Capitalization of earnings, additional paid-in capital, and employee bonus	None	2001.6.8 (2001) Tai.Chai.Jen (VI) No. 136314 Letter
July 2002	10	180,000	1,800,000	179,216	1,792,158	Capitalization of earnings and employee bonus	None	2002.6.14 Tai.Chai.Jen -I No. 0910132448 Letter
July 2003	10	210,000	2,100,000	188,840	1,888,398	Capitalization of earnings and employee bonus	None	2003.7.1 Tai.Chai.Jen -I No. 0920129184 Letter
March 2004	10	210,000	2,100,000	190,210	1,902,097	Corporate bond converted to stock shares	None	2004.3.5 Jin.So.Sun.Tzi No. 09301036350
June 2004	10	210,000	2,100,000	194,594	1,945,937	Corporate bond converted to stock shares	None	2004.6.25 Jin.So.Sun.Tzi No. 09301110720
August 2004	10	300,000	3,000,000	214,738	2,147,379	Capitalization of earnings and employee bonus; corporate bond converted to stock shares	None	2004.8.17 Jin.So.Sun.Tzi No.09301152040
August 2005	10	300,000	3,000,000	236,613	2,366,127	Capitalization of earnings and employee bonus; corporate bond converted to stock shares	None	2005.8.18 Jin.So Sun.Tzi No.09401158100
August 2006	10	300,000	3,000,000	251,072	2,510,724	Capitalization of earnings and employee bonus	None	2006.8.18 Jin.So.Sun.Tzi No.09501182170
September 2011	10	300,000	3,000,000	247,483	2,474,834	Capital decrease with Treasury Stock cancelled	None	2011.9.21 Fu.Du.Jen.Tzi No. 10071686000
December 2011	10	300,000	3,000,000	238,233	2,382,334	Capital decrease with Treasury Stock cancelled	None	2011.12.06 Jin.So.Sun.Tzi No.10001274090
October 2018	10	300,000	3,000,000	190,587	1,905,867	Capital decrease with cash refunded	None	2018.10.26 Jin.So.Sun.Tzi No.10701133530

Note 1: The Company was originally a limited company; therefore, the number of shares is not stated.

As of April 15, 2023. Unit: Shares

	Authori			
Shares stock shares	Outstanding shares Unissued stock shares		Total	Remarks
Common stock	190,586,698 (issued shares)	109,413,302	300,000,000	

The public offering and issuance of securities by shelf registration: None.

(II) Shareholder structure

April 1, 2023

Shareholder structure QTY	Government agency	Financial institution	Other legal persons	Individuals	Foreign institutions and foreigners	Total
Number of persons	1	24	284	36,928	276	37,513
Shareholding	381,200	6,981,110	20,402,391	109,953,270	52,868,727	190,586,698
Shareholding ratio	0.20%	3.66%	10.71%	57.69%	27.74%	100.00%

(III) Equity dispersion

April 1, 2023

Shareholding bracket	Number of shareholders	Shareholding	to total shares
1 ~ 999	16,563	2,729,085	1.43%
1,000 ~ 5000	17,801	32,348,747	16.97%
5,001 ~ 10,000	1,614	12,487,803	6.55%
10,001 ~ 15,000	482	6,091,507	3.20%
15,001 ~ 20,000	273	4,952,023	2.60%
20,001 ~ 30,000	241	6,024,690	3.16%
30,001 ~ 40,000	139	4,898,102	2.57%
40,001 ~ 50,000	94	4,333,123	2.27%
50,001 ~ 100,000	140	9,895,962	5.19%
100,001 ~ 200,000	72	10,305,161	5.41%
200,001 ~ 400,000	36	11,236,737	5.90%
400,001 ~ 600,000	19	9,432,822	4.95%
600,001 ~ 800,000	10	7,165,722	3.76%
800,001 ~ 1,000,000	3	2,802,800	1.47%
1,000,001 and higher to be classified according to actual conditions	26	65,882,414	34.57%
Total	37,513	190,586,698	100.00%

(IV) Major shareholders list

Shareholders holding more than 5% of total shares or the top-ten shareholders. April 1, 2022

Shares		
	Shareholding	Shareholding ratio
Name of major shareholders		
Belle Lee	11,023,896	5.78%
Liang Yi Investment Co., Ltd.	7,173,571	3.76%
American JPMorgan Chase Bank Taipei Branch has been entrusted to take custody of Stichting Depositary APG Emerging Market Equity Mutual Fund	4,063,000	2.13%
Kuo-Yu Wang	3,855,524	2.02%
Kuo-Wei Wang	3,854,160	2.02%
Citi (Taiwan) Commercial Bank has been entrusted to take custody of the investment account of the Central Bank of Norway.	2,819,000	1.48%
HSBC (Taiwan) Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. as the custodian of the investment account of Rena Emerging Market Value Fund	2,220,000	1.16%
Fu Kuo Engineering Co., Ltd.	2,129,398	1.12%
JPMorgan Chase Bank Taipei Branch as the custodian of the Vanguard Emerging Markets ETF investment account managed by Van Gard Group.	2,114,800	1.11%
Deutsche Bank Taipei Branch as the custodian of New York City's trust fund investment account	2,101,000	1.10%

(V) Price per share, net worth, earnings, dividends, and related information for the last two years

Unit: NT\$

_					Ollit. IVI
Item		Year	2021	2022	As of March 31, 2023
Price per		Max.	275.50	201.00	241.00
share		Min.	169.00	129.00	181.50
		Average	210.41	169.55	211.23
Net asset	Bef	Fore distribution	50.41	54.64	-
share	value per share After distribution		37.49	To be resolved	-
Earnings per			190,586,698	190,586,698	-
share	Earnings per share		14.53	21.25	-
Dividend per	C	Cash dividend	13	To be resolved	-
share	Stock	Earnings distribution	-	-	-
	dividend	Additional paid-in capital	-	-	-
	Accumulated unpaid dividend		-	-	-
Return on	Profit-Ear	rnings ratio (P/E ratio)	14.48	7.98	-
investment analysis	Ra	tio of dividend	16.19	To be resolved	-

Cash dividend yield	6.18	To be resolved	-
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(VI) Company's dividend policy and implementation

1. Dividend policy

The Company's earnings, if any, should be applied to pay tax and make up for losses, and then appropriate 10% legal reserve. However, when the legal reserve is equivalent to the paid-in capital of the Company, the appropriation of the legal reserve could be ceased. In addition, special reserves will be appropriated or reversed according to law and regulations. The remaining amount, if any, plus the accumulated undistributed earnings will be available for distribution according to the proposal of the Board of Directors. The distribution of dividends to the shareholders should be presented in the shareholders' meeting for resolutions.

For the earnings distribution in the form of cash dividend as stated in the preceding paragraph, the Board of Directors is authorized to have it distributed with a special resolution reached and have it reported in the shareholders' meeting.

The Company's dividend policy is based on current and future development plans, considering the investment environment, capital needs, and domestic and international competition, and taking into account the interests of shareholders and other factors, in order to stabilize business development and protect investors' rights and interests. The dividends to shareholders can be in the form of cash dividend and/or stock dividend; also, the cash dividend is not less than 25% of the total dividend. If the Company has no loss, the earnings distribution can be resolved specifically in the shareholders meeting according to the Company Act, which is issuing stock dividend or cash dividend with the legal reserve exceeding 25% of the paid-up capital and all or part of the capital reserve in compliance with the Company Act. When cash dividend is to be distributed, the Board of Directors is authorized to have it distributed with a special resolution reached and have it reported in the shareholders' meeting.

- 2. The dividend distribution proposed in the current shareholders meeting On March 23, 2023, the Board of Directors of the Company proposed the profit distribution plan for 2022, with a proposed distribution of dividends of NT\$2,813,800,470 all to be distributed in the form of cash dividends for NT\$15.00 per share.
- 3. Significant changes in the expected dividend policy: The aforementioned policies will be implemented accordingly in the next three years without significant changes expected.
- (VII) The impact of the proposed stock dividend proposed by the shareholders' meeting on the Company's operating performance and earnings per share: The Company had no stock dividend distributed in 2022; therefore, it is not applicable.

Unit: NT\$ thousand

Item		Year	2022
Paid-in capital - beg	1,905,867		
Distribution of	Cash dividend per share (NT\$)		15.00
stock dividend and cash dividend in	Stock dividend (shares) per share f	From the capitalization of earnings	-
current year	Stock dividend (shares) per share f capital	from the capitalization of additional paid-in	-
Changes in	Operating profit		-
business performance	Ratio of increase (decrease) in ope	-	
1	Net income	-	
	Ratio of increase (decrease) in net	-	
	Earnings per share	-	
	Ratio of increase (decrease) in earn	-	
	Annual average return on investme	-	
		Proforma earnings per share (NT\$)	-
per share and P/E ratio	fully distributed with cash dividends	Proforma annual average return on investment	-
	If the capitalization of additional	Proforma earnings per share (NT\$)	-
	paid-in capital is not arranged	Proforma annual average return on investment	-
	If the capitalization of additional	Proforma earnings per share (NT\$)	-
	paid-in capital is not arranged and the capitalization of earnings is with cash dividend distributed	Proforma annual average return on investment	-

(VIII) Remuneration of employees and directors

- 1. The percentage or range of remuneration to employees and directors as stipulated in the Company's Articles of Association:
 - According to the Company's Articles of Association, if the Company has earnings resulted in the year; an amount equivalent to 6%~10% of the earnings should be appropriated as remuneration to employees. The Board of Directors decides the distribution of stock dividend and cash dividend; also, the employees of controlled or subsidiary companies that meet certain conditions are also entitled to the said remuneration. The Board of Directors of the Company may base on the aforementioned earnings to resolve having not more than 2% of the earnings appropriated as remuneration to directors. The remuneration to employee and directors shall be reported in the shareholders meeting.
- 2. If the estimation basis for the remuneration to the employees and directors, the basis for the calculation of the stock dividend as remuneration to employees, and the actual distribution amount different from the estimated amount in the current period, the accounting treatment is as follows: If the estimation basis for the remuneration to the employees and directors, the basis for the calculation of the stock dividend as remuneration to employees, and the actual distribution amount in 2022 different from the estimated amount in the current period, they are booked in the profit and loss in 2023.
- 3. The distribution of remuneration resolved by the Board of Directors:
 - (1) The amount of remuneration to employees and directors with cash dividend or stock dividend distributed. If it is different from the amount estimated in the expense recognizing year, the amount of differences and the root cause should be disclosed.

 Here at the Company in 2022, the report on distribution of remuneration to employees and remuneration to directors was passed in the board of directors meeting convened on March 23, 2023, with remuneration to employees amounting to NT\$566,000,000 and remuneration to directors amounting to NT\$47,000,000.

Unit: NT\$

Distribution items	The distribution amount proposed by the Board of Directors (A)	The amount estimated in the expense recognizing year (B)	Amount of difference (B-A)	Reason for difference and treatment
Employee cash bonus	566,000,000	566,000,000	0	None
Remuneration of Directors	47,000,000	47,000,000	0	

- (2) The stock dividend distributed as remuneration to employees and the ratio to the total amount of net income and remuneration to employees in the subsidiary's financial report or the individual financial report in the current period: the Company has no intention to distribute stock dividends to employees in 2022.
- 4. The earnings of the previous year used for the distribution of remuneration to employees and directors:

Unit: NT\$ thousand

		Last year (2021)		
	The actual	The distribution of	Variance	Reason for
	distribution of stock	stock shares originally		difference
	shares is resolved in	proposed by the Board		
	the shareholders	of Directors		
	meeting			
Distribution				-
1. Employee cash bonus	378,000	378,000	None	
2. Employee stock dividend		2,0,000		
3. Remuneration to directors and supervisors	32,400	32,400	None	

(IX) Repurchase of the Company's stock shares

April 15, 2023

Repurchase term	1st time	2nd time	3rd time	4th time	5th time	6th time	7th time
Purpose of repurchase	Transfer shares to	Transfer shares	Transfer shares	Transfer shares to	Transfer shares to	Transfer shares to	Transfer shares to
	employees	to employees	to employees	employees	employees	employees	employees
Repurchase period	2000.11.23~2001.01.22	2001.08.08- 2001.10.07	2001.10.09- 2001.12.08	2008.07.24- 2008.09.23	2008.10.22- 2008.11.20	2011.08.11- 2011.10.7	2022.03.09- 2022.05.06
Repurchase price range	22 ~ 30	14~29	12 ~ 27	15.50 ~ 30	12 ~ 28	23 ~ 33	170-250
Type of stock and shares repurchased	Common stock 3,000 thousand shares	Common stock 6,067 thousand shares	Common stock 7,000 thousand shares	Common stock 8,871 thousand shares	Common stock 1,257 thousand shares	Common stock 7,993 thousand shares	Common stock 3,000 thousand shares
Amount of repurchase shares	71,680,603	116,721,309	139,154,310	191,412,351	17,339,767	229,318,034	573,943,069
The ratio of the quantity bought back to the quantity planned to be bought back (%)	100%	60.67%	100%	44.36%	8.38%	42.07%	100%
Number of shares that have been processed for sale and transfer	3,000 thousand shares	6,067 thousand shares	7,000 thousand shares	8,871 thousand shares	1,257 thousand shares	7,993 thousand shares	0 share
Cumulative shareholding of the Company's stock	_	1	_	_	_	1	
Ratio of cumulative shareholding of the Company's stock to the total number of issued shares (%)	_	-	_	_	_	-	

II. Issuance of corporate bond: None

III. Issuance of preferred stock: None.

IV. Issuance of global depository receipt: None.

V. Issuance of employee stock warrant: None.

VI. Merger or acquisition or transfer of shares from other company with stock shares issued: None.

VII. Implementation of fund utilization plans: The Company did not have securities issued or private placement arranged in the most recent year.

Five. Operational overview

I. Business content

- (I) Business scope
 - 1. The main business content and business ratio of the Company:
 - (1) Main contents: The construction of semiconductor, optoelectronics and other technology plants; the consultancy work for cleanrooms, control, electromechanical, and special process system construction, design, and planning; and maintenance operation services.
 - (2) Business ratio:

Item	2021	2022
System integration	99.20%	99.52%
Maintenance service	0.17%	0.08%
Design business and product sales	0.63%	0.41%

- (II) Industry overview
 - 1. Current and future industry prospects:
 - (1) The Company has primarily engaged in such business lines as to serve the high-tech industry in planning for plant construction and expansion, including the semiconductor industry, optoelectronics industry, packaging and testing industry, solar energy industry, LED industry, biotechnology industry and the like. Given the Company's revenue in the past five years, Revenue from the semiconductor sector accounted for more than 90% of the Company's total revenue.
 - (2) Despite the impact of the pandemic and geopolitical tensions, factory construction is very hot in Taiwan's high-tech industry, revenue from major customers is expected to remain at the same level as last year.
 - (3) Enthusiasm has remained high for factory construction in Taiwan in the past two years, and the US market is also contributing to revenues to a certain extent. Revenues from major customers can sustain at a level above that of last year.
 - 2. Relevance of the up, middle and downstream amidst industries:

Our Company undertakes system integration services for the construction of high-tech plants. For that purpose, we must possess the technology and sufficient management workforce. In terms of suppliers including subcontracting manufacturers and suppliers for materials and equipment, we possess multiple supply sources and are virtually free of the risk of being cut off from or insufficient supply. Toward the price increase of materials and the shortage of skilled workers with special expertise, nevertheless, we must try hard in prevention with sound educational & training programs so that we may be free of problems in mounting costs and shortage of workforce.

- 3. Product development trend and competition:
 - At present, the Company is a leader in the field of whole-plant construction service, clean-room integration service, electromechanical integration service, and Hook up engineering service; the United Integrated Services brand is highly regarded by clients. To retain our prominent standing, the Company will persist in enhancing its skilled proficiency and organizational efficacy, as well as broadening its market share.
- 4. The impact incurred by the coronavirus pandemic (COVID-19) upon the Company.

 Projects in progress in Taiwan have not been subject to an impact so far. For mainland China construction sites, there have been no order cancellations even though construction periods have been affected. Since the Company's major revenues are coming from within Taiwan and the US in the present year, there would not be a too significant impact upon our overall revenues
- (III) Technology and R&D overview
 - 1. R&D expenses invested in the last two years and as of December 31, 2021:

Unit: NT\$ thousand

		% of current annual	% of current annual
Year	R&D expense	operating expense	operating income
2021	30,000	3.1680%	0.1172%
2022	27,165	2.1085%	0.0564%

- 2. Research and development achievement:
 - (1) Continuing to develop wireless home security monitoring system that helps make the overall system more complete.
- (IV) Long-term and short-term business development plans:
 - 1. In the short term, the business opportunities in market will grow to a certain extent, and the Company's revenue will also grow. Under this circumstance, it is also necessary to strengthen internal management,

reduce costs, train cadres, upgrade technology, and perform customer service work to meet future challenges.

- 2. In the long-term, the Company will work with clients all over the world to tap into the industry of in-plant system integration and to gain market share on the foreign market, to become a leading system integrator.
- 3. In response to TSMC's establishment of a factory in the United States, our Company sets up a new firm in the United States to vigorously boost.
- 4. We shall set up a Green Energy Business Office to put forth maximum possible efforts to develop solar photovoltaic-related businesses.
- 5. The wireless security monitoring product R&D will be enhanced. Wireless security monitoring businesses had begun to become profitable. In the future, we will try our best to expand the market share and to increase turnover and profit.

II. Market and production and sales overview

(I) Market analysis

1.

Major target mar	kets for our sa	ales of commodities	or businesses	:	Init: NT\$ thousa
		2021		202	2
Item	Area	Amount	%	Amount	%
System integration	Domestic	22,481,446	87.80	30,011,309	62.26
	Offshore	2,920,258	11.40	17,955,721	37.25
Maintenance service	Domestic	44,154	0.17	36,426	0.08
	Offshore	0	0	0	0
Design business and product sales	Domestic	154,857	0.61	192,995	0.40
	Offshore	5,426	0.02	3,859	0.01
Total		35,836,642	100	48,200,310	100

2. Future market supply and demand:

– Taiwan –

Investment in the optoelectronic industry in Taiwan has decreased, but semiconductor industry investment is still strong and constitutes the main foundation for the steady development of the Company.

Mainland China —

Mainland semiconductors still have a certain amount of investment power. However, the investment power of the panel industry has declined compared with previous years.

3. Business objectives

The Company has based on the business philosophy of "profession, teamwork, and efficiency" to accumulate technical experience for more than a decade, cultivate and recruit outstanding talents in related fields; also, has established a reputation of professionalism and quality in the industry. The trust and affirmation of customers has helped the business of the Company grow. The continuous management improvement will help reduce operating costs and enhance profitability of the Company. Given the gradual expansion of market demand, the established business objectives could be ensured.

- 4. Advantages and disadvantages affecting the Company's future development Advantages
 - (1) Investment in the semiconductor industry is strong while investment in the panel industry is weakening, which is beneficial to the Company's competitiveness
 - (2) The Company is in a leading position in business performance and has easily obtained customer trust and government engineering bidding qualifications to win over businesses.
 - (3) In a large-scale and complex integration project, there are not many domestic competitors who can compete. If competitors are foreign manufacturers, the Company has the advantages of familiarity with local operating environment, local relevant regulations, and local low-cost technology and management.
 - (4) Taiwanese businesspeople in Mainland China are more experienced in the high-tech industry because they share the same culture and background as the mainlanders. Therefore, they retain certain competitiveness.
 - (5) The Company has an experienced technical and management team with low operational risks for difficult projects.

Disadvantages

- (1) The experience of the owners in building factories is increasingly established and the effort in cost control is maturing. It is not easy to have a high profit margin while price competition is severe. In particular, the recent sharp rise in raw materials, workforce shortages and such rising prices will become an impact. In this regard, the Company has been working hard to improve and upgrade its procurement, management, technology, construction methods, and in-house processing improvements; therefore, this unfavorable factor can be minimized.
- (2) The competition in this industry is fierce over smaller projects.
- (II) Intended use of the main products and production process
 - 1. Intended use of the main products:
 - (1) System integration: Integrate system control and electromechanical engineering, including the design planning, installation, and test of the computer, communication, instruments, automation engineering and utilities, air conditioning, fire protection, etc. in order to satisfy the overall needs of the customers.
 - (2) Maintenance Engineering: Various maintenance engineering services are provided to fulfill the needs of customers for a smooth operation.
 - (3) Design business: Mainly for the design of mechanical and electrical engineering, computer room engineering, etc. of new factory buildings.
 - 2. Production process: not applicable.
- (III) Availability of major raw materials: Not applicable.

(IV) The name of the customers who had accounted for more than 10% of the total purchases (sales) of goods in one of the last two years and the amount and proportion of the goods purchased (sold), and the reasons for any increase or decrease occurred:

1. Main suppliers:

		11						Major su	ippliers in the	last two years	Unit: N	T\$ Thousands
		2021			2022				As of the prior quarter of 2023 (Note)			
Item	Name	Amount	% of annual net purchase amount		Name	Amount	% of annual net purchase amount		Name	Amount	% of the net purchase amount up to the last quarter of the current year	Relationship with the issue
1	Supplier A	3,355,119	15.59%	None	Supplier A	1,170,340	2.82%	None	-	-	-	-
2	Supplier B	588,316	2.73%	None	Supplier B	883,088	2.13%	None	-	-	-	-
3									-	-	-	-
4									-	-	-	-
5									-	-	-	-
6									-	-	-	-
7									-	-	-	-
8									-	-	-	-
9									-	-	-	-
10									-	-	-	-
	Others	17,576,070	81.68%		Others	39,428,158	95.05%		-	-	-	-
	Net purchase amount	21,519,505	100%		Net purchase amount	41,481,586	100%		-	-	-	-

Note: As of the publication date of the annual report, the 2022 Q1 financial data has not been reviewed by the certified public accountant and will not be listed.

Note 1: The name of the customers who had accounted for more than 10% of the total purchases of goods in the last two years and the amount and proportion of the goods purchased. However, if the name of the suppliers may not be disclosed due to the contracts signed or the counterparty of the transaction is a non-related individual, the name should be disclosed instead of the supplier code.

2. Major customers:

Major customer in the last 2 years

Unit: NT\$ Thousands

								Unit: N13 Thousands				
		2021			2022				As of the prior quarter of 2023 (Note)			
Item	Name Note 1	Amount	% of the annual net sales amount	Relationship with the issue	Name	Amount	% of the annual net sales amount		Name	Amount	% of the net sale amount up to the last quarter of the current year	Relationship with the issue
1	Customer A	14,652,850	57.22%	None	Customer A	19,494,958	40.45%	None	-	-	-	-
2	Customer B	7,153,847	27.94%	None	Customer B	18,370,552	38.11%	None	-	-	-	-
3	Customer C	302,194	1.18%	None	Customer C	6,320,885	13.11%	None	-	-	-	-
4									-	-	-	-
5									-	-	-	-
6									-	-	-	-
7									-	-	-	-
8									-	-	-	-
9									-	-	-	-
10									-	-	-	-
	Others	3,497,250	13.66%		Others	4,013,915	8.33%		Others	-	-	-
	Net sale amount	25,606,141	100%		Net sale amount	48,200,310	100%		Net sale amount	-	-	-

Note: As of the publication date of the annual report, the 2022 Q1 financial data has not been reviewed by the certified public accountant and will not be listed.

Note 1: The name of the customers who had accounted for more than 10% of the total sales of goods in the last two years and the amount and proportion of the goods sold. However, if the name of the customers may not be disclosed due to the contracts signed or the counterparty of the transaction is a non-related individual, the name should be disclosed instead of the supplier code.

Changes in the customers of the Company are arising from normal operating activities, and there are no special changes occurred.

Unit: NT\$ thousand

Production quantity		2021		2022		
and value Main products (or departments)	Productivity (Note 1)	Production quantity (Note 1)	Production value	Productivity (Note 1)	Production quantity (Note 1)	Production value
System integration			21,441,053			41,389,192
Maintenance service			15,098			19,862
Design business and product sales			63,354			72,532
Total			21,519,505			41,481,586

Note 1: The main business of the Company is to serve high-tech industry with its plant construction and expansion.

The nature of each project is different and cannot be quantified.

(VI) Sales quantity and value in the last two years

Unit: NT\$ Thousands

Year		20	21		2022			
Sales quantity and value	Domestic sales		Exports		Domestic sales		Exports	
Main products (or departments)	QTY Note	Value	QTY	Value	QTY	Value	QTY	Value
System integration		22,481,446		2,920,258		30,011,309		17,955,721
Maintenance service		44,154		0		36,426		0
Design business and product sales		154,857		5,426		192,995		3,859
Total		22,680,457		2,925,684		30,240,730		17,959,580

Note: The main business of the Company is to serve high-tech industry with its plant construction and expansion. The nature of each project is different and cannot be quantified.

III. Staff information in the last two years and as of the annual report printing date

March 31, 2023

	Year	2021	2022	As of March 31, 2023
NII	Technicians	615	662	646
Number of employees	Administration personnel	160	186	185
	Project workers	81	63	62
employees	Total	856	911	893
Average age		42.39	41.83	42.08
Ave	erage service years	10.09	9.56	9.56
	PhD	0.23%	0.35%	0.24%
T 44	Master's degree	6.47%	7.19%	7.10%
Education level	College and university	67.76%	75.23%	75.70%
ievei	High school	23.66%	15.46%	15.16%
	Below high school	1.88%	1.77%	1.80%

IV. Environmental expenditure information

- (I) The Company has suffered losses due to environment pollution in the most recent year and up to the publication date of the annual report (including compensation and environmental protection audits that concluded violations of environmental protection laws and regulations, the date of punishment, the case number of the punishment, in violation of the governing provisions, the content of the violation, and the content of the punishment) shall be detailed; also, the current and future estimated amounts and responsive measures shall be disclosed. If it cannot be reasonably estimated, the fact that it cannot be reasonably estimated shall be explained in details: None.
- (II) The Company's countermeasures for improving environmental pollution:
 The Company engages in the system integration technical service industry and there is no environmental pollution situation, so there is no need to take countermeasures for improvement.
- (III) Future response measures and possible expenses:

Due to the recent general awareness of environmental protection, the Company demands that all manufacturers cooperate in engineering safety and health and environmental protection measures throughout the construction process in order to comply with the provisions of labor safety and health regulations. The clean and delivery of the waste generated is specified in the contract. At present, the environmental protection work at each site has been thoroughly implemented and well appreciated. Therefore, the Company has no major environmental protection expenditures expected in the next two years.

V. Labor Relations

- (I) The implementation of various employee welfare measures, advanced study, training, and retirement system, as well as the agreement between labor and the management:
 - 1. Employee welfare measures:
 - (1) The establishment of the employee welfare committee to appropriate welfare funds in accordance with the law, and to handle various welfare businesses.
 - (2) Provide employee with labor and health insurance.
 - (3) Issue Dragon Boat Festival, Mid-Autumn Festival, and year-end bonuses.
 - (4) Appropriate pension reserves in accordance with government requirements.
 - (5) Various subsidy plans of the Welfare Committee.

2. Education and Training:

Education and training are a long-term and planned talent training program of the Company, including:

- (1) New recruits' education and training.
- (2) Employee on-job training.
- (3) Professional skills training.
- 3. Retirement system:

The Company has offered a labor retirement plan stipulated for all official employees. According to the said retirement plan, the payment of employee pension is calculated according to the pension points earned for the service years and the average salary of the six months before retirement. The pension points are the total of 2 points per year for the first 15 service years and 1 point per year after the fifteen service year with a maximum of 45 points per employee. Under the said retirement plan, the pension payment is fully borne by the Company. With the implementation of the Labor Pensions Act (hereinafter referred to as the "New Pension Plan") since July 1, 2005, for the employees who originally subject to this retirement plan choose to switch to the defined contribution plan for the service years performed after the application of the new retirement plan or the service years of the new recruits, the pension reserve is appropriated by the Company monthly for an amount no less than 6% of the monthly salary, which is deposited in the personal labor pension account. However, the Company's retirement plan has not been amended in compliance with the new pension act, so the employee retirement plan that is not stipulated should be processed according to the provisions of the Labor Pension Act.

4. The agreement between the employer and employees and various employee rights protection measures:

The Company has a comprehensive system in place to maintain a harmonious labor-management relationship and a smooth communication channel maintained. The Company has properly handled the opinions of employees, if any, through the maintenance of a harmonious labor-management relationship.

- 5. Protective measures to its staff members in the personal safety & security and working environments
 - 1. Health management measures:
 - 1.1 To maintain employees' health, the Company offers a health checkup for them at the Company's expense every two years. Aside from the mandatory checkup items, the Company also plans and accommodates other checkup items by looking at the employees' age dispersion and the 10 most fatal factors of Taiwanese. In addition, the Company also has health facilitators provide improvement measures for the health checkup results and hold awareness sessions to raise the health awareness based on employees' needs.
 - 1.2 The Company further sorts employees by their health checkup results, arranges for doctors to give healthcare services and individual consultation on site, and tracks the improvement of employees' health.
 - 2. Work environment and employee safety measures:
 - 2.1. In an effort to prevent potential occupational disasters, safeguard labor in safety and health and assure that all safety and health related issues comply with relevant laws and regulations so as to minimize the loss in life and property of personnel, the Company faithfully complies with the

Occupational Safety and Health Act, occupational safety and health facility rules and so on to duly enact "Safety & Health Management Plan" applicable to the entire staff, contractors, third party contractors or suppliers whenever they enter the Company for operations or activities. Toward incumbent employees, we implement safety & health oriented educational & training programs against potential calamity on a regular basis.

- 2.2. The Company has successfully passed ISO45001:2018 Certification and has duly set up an "Occupational Safety and Health Policy." Moreover, the Company has established a dedicated Occupational Safety & Health Department to check and identify hazards and analyze related high-risk operation procedures based on the Company's business characteristics and project contents. Our entire staff members are strictly required to comply with the standard operational procedures (SOP) so as to minimize potential risks at work and prevent a potential occupational calamity. The Company's Occupational Safety and Health Department will check and verify the effectiveness of each branch's occupational safety and health management from time to time to ensure that our colleagues are provided with a comfortable, safe and healthy working environment.
- 2.3. Publicity and drills on safety education: In an effort to continuously optimize the working environment and personal safety management toward employees, we have duly stipulated the emergency response plans, including notably "Establishment of an Emergency Response Task Force," "timeframe for notification in case of an accident," "the tasks assigned onto all levels of personnel for the responsibilities to assume," and the like while we conduct safety and health educational & training programs and publicity to ensure that all employees shall be provided with appropriate and necessary emergency response training and be equipped with the capability to perform their tasks among the overall endeavors to prevent occupational disasters from occurring.
- 2.4. ISO 45001 occupational safety and health management system

Verification unit: DNV (DNV Business Assurance Co., Ltd.)

Certificate code: 2986-2006-ASA-RGC-RVA Certificate validity: 2021/04/09-2024/04/02

Initial certification date: 2006/04/11

Expiration date of last certification cycle: 2021/04/02

Last review date: 2021/01/22

ISO 45001 certificate is valid for 3 years (3-year comprehensive review-certification-April 2021)

Annual regular audit: The regular audit in 2023 is: 2023/02/02

The annual review has been completed this year... Audit results: No primary deficiency... This

year's audit results: 1 Deficiency, 1 Observation, 3 Suggestions

(II) In the most recent year and up to the publication date of the annual report, the Company's losses due to labor disputes (including the result of labor inspection in violation of the Labor Standards Act, the date of punishment, the case number of the punishment, in violation of the governing provisions, the content of the violation, and the content of the punishment shall be disclosed in details). The current and future estimated amounts and responsive measures shall be disclosed: None



VI. Information security management:

Information security organization

The Company has established an information security team with the Chief Executive Officer as the Chair, and it is responsible for the supervision and review of information security risk management and information security target performance. The Manager of the Information Center serves as the Executive Director, and reports practical information security goal results to the Chair through the meeting. Representatives of each unit serve as committee members and are responsible for assisting the Executive Director in the implementation of information security tasks.

- 1. Substitution of 107 sets of computers (including notebook computers) for NT\$5,991,060.
- 2. 11 sets of networking devices (NAS & SWITCH) for NT\$303,679.
- 3. Software (AutoCAD & electromechanical) rent in the amount of NT\$ 1,225,931.
- 4. Renewal of anti-virus software (Trend Micro Inc's Apex One) contract for NT\$ 533,400.

Total amount of information security maintenance investments in 2022: NT\$8,054,070.

VII. Important contracts

Commencement date of contract	Major Contents
October 1, 2016-December 31, 2017	TSMC F15 P6 CR SCAD -TEM- additional engineering by foremen
February 12, 2018-June 30, 2018	SSMC plant new construction project-equipment procurement
July 27, 2018-December 31, 2018	TSMC-F18P1 EBO construction
August 24, 2018-March 31, 2019	IQE PLC Inc. 3F factory building new TURN-KEY project
December 4, 2018-May 31, 2019	AUO Optoelectronics Huaya Plant (AUO FAB L3D/L5D) L3D Project
February 11, 2019-December 31,2020	Advanced Wireless Semiconductor Company Phase II Plant Expansion Project (Buildings A, B, C, D, E, F)-Mechanical and Electrical Contracting Project
March 4, 2019-December 31,2021	Taiwan Micron's Houli New Plant Overall Design Project
July 18, 2019-December 31,2020	TSMC F15 P7 MEP PACKAGE B
October 21, 2019-December 31, 2020	TSMC F18 P3 MEP A PACKAGE
October 21, 2019-December 31, 2020	TSMC F18 P3 MEP B PACKAGE
October 21, 2019-December 31, 2020	TSMC F18 P3 FIRE PACKAGE
January 3, 2020~October 15, 2020	Yangtze Memory Technology Corporation (YMTC) (Phase I) Second-stage Project focusing on the Process Equipment Pipelin Purchase and Installation in Tender B Phase, for Imported Equipment
January 10, 2020~December 31, 2020	TSMC F18 P3 EBO CR PACKAGE
April 20, 2020~June 30, 2021	Advanced Wireless Semiconductor Company Phase II Expansion Project to add various new clean room (dust-free room) systems
April 15, 2020~March 31, 2021	Taiwan Micron's f16 tool install service po-Gas/NG/BA
June 15, 2020~June 14, 2022	TSMC F18 P4 MEP PACKAGE
June 1, 2020~October 31, 2021	TSMC F18 P4 CLEAN ROOM PACKAGE
October 20, 2020~December 31, 2021	TSMC RDR1 MEP PACKAGE
November 1, 2020~December 31, 2021	TSMC RDR1 C/R
November 11, 2020~December 31, 2021	TSMC F18 P5 CLEANROOM PACKAGE
November 1, 2020~December 31, 2021	TSMC F18 P5 MEP PACKAGE
January 1, 2021-June 30, 2022	Advanced Wireless Semiconductor Company Phase II Expans Project 2F Clean Room Extension Project
February 1, 2021-February 28, 2022	TSMC F18 P6 MEP PACKAGE
March 10, 2021-June 30, 2022	TSMC F18 P6 C/R
April 7, 2021-April 30, 2022	TSMC 12B-BRIDGE_SP1_F12 P7 CR RETROFIT
September 1, 2021-February 28, 2022	TSMC Nanjing F16 P1B CR PACAKGE-MATERIAL/EQ
November 1, 2021-August 31, 2021	F387 Taiwan Micron Technology-O2 expansion engineering- phase1
November 16, 2021-December 31, 2022	TSMC TCZWM MEP PACKAGE
November 24, 2021-December 31,	TSMC F18 P7 MEP A
November 24, 2021-December 31,	TSMC F18 P7 CLEAR ROOM A
December 31 2021-December 31, 2022	In 2021, Advanced Wireless Semiconductor added mechanical and electrical engineering to the office in Building A and the parking lot in Building D
December 1, 2021-December 31, 2022	TSMC F14 P8 MEP STAGE-1
January 20, 2022 ~ December 31, 2022	Micron Technology Taiwan-TCP2 MAIN CONTRACT
February 15, 2022 ~ December 31,	TSMC F18 P8 UNDERGROUND PIPING PACKAGE
March 1, 2022 ~ December 31, 2023	TSMC F18 P8 CR project
	October 1, 2016-December 31, 2017 February 12, 2018-June 30, 2018 July 27, 2018-December 31, 2018 August 24, 2018-March 31, 2019 December 4, 2018-May 31, 2019 February 11, 2019-December 31,2020 March 4, 2019-December 31,2021 July 18, 2019-December 31, 2020 October 21, 2019-December 31, 2020 October 21, 2019-December 31, 2020 October 21, 2019-December 31, 2020 January 3, 2020~October 15, 2020 January 10, 2020~December 31, 2020 April 20, 2020~June 30, 2021 April 15, 2020~March 31, 2021 June 15, 2020~June 14, 2022 June 1, 2020~October 31, 2021 October 20, 2020~December 31, 2021 November 1, 2021-February 28, 2022 February 1, 2021-June 30, 2022 February 1, 2021-February 28, 2022 March 10, 2021-June 30, 2022 September 1, 2021-December 31, 2022 November 16, 2021-December 31, 2022 November 24, 2021-December 31, 2022 November 24, 2021-December 31, 2022 Pocember 31 2021-December 31, 2022 November 24, 2021-December 31, 2022 February 15, 2022 ~ December 31, 2022

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Co., Ltd.	March 1, 2022 ~ December 31, 2023	TSMC F18 P8 MEP project
Micron Taiwan Memory Co., Ltd.	June 22, 2022 ~ December 31, 2023	Micron Technology-A3 Phase 2 (Module 2)
Japan Advanced Semiconductor Manufacturing, Inc.	September 30, 2022 ~ December 31, 2023	JASM-TSMC F23 P1 MEP PACKAGE_POWER PANCEL_Equipment /CLEANROOM PACKAGE-United Integrated Services

Note: The case cannot be closed as the Proprietor has not yet completed the final acceptance check. The Company is not subject to the penalty as it does not fall within the scope of the Company's responsibilities.

Six. Financial overview

I. Condensed balance sheet and consolidated income statement for the last five years

(I) Condensed consolidated balance sheet and consolidated income statement

1. Condensed consolidated balance sheet

Unit: NT\$ Thousands

	Year		The finar	ncial data of the last f	ive years		The financial data as of March 31,
Item		2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023 (Note 1)
Current a	issets	17,324,895	19,154,225	22,951,798	18,963,373	29,016,228	,
Financial assets		-	-	-	-	-	
at cost - nor							
Financial assets	s measured	7,879	6,347	6,805	3,529	-	
at fair value thr		.,		,,,,,,	- ,		
and loss - no							
Financial assets	s measured	1,636,961	2,051,779	1,958,718	2,026,136	1,630,910	
at fair value thr	ough other						
comprehensive	profit and						
loss - nonc	current						
Investment u	ınder the	756,814	837,973	849,145	874,867	839,280	
Equity M	ethod						
Property, pl	ant, and	806,633	778,132	790,818	1,328,217	1,405,613	
equipm	ent						
Long-term re	ceivables	0	0	0	0	0	
Right-of-us	e assets	-	59,443	192,323	285,099	376,598	
Intangible	assets	1,341	2,705	3,353	22,096	19,138	
Deferred inc	come tax	84,696	156,384	165,079	181,705	121,268	
asset	s			ŕ	ŕ	ŕ	
Other noncurr	ent assets	191,384	38,348	130,528	64,480	63,512	
Total as	sets	20,810,603	23,085,336	27,048,567	23,749,502	33,472,547	
	Before	12,861,638	13,938,252	16,059,658	13,204,445	21,898,666	
Current	distribution			, ,			
liabilities	After	14,767,505	16,415,879	19,552,816	15,666,576	Note 3	
	distribution			, ,			
Noncurrent 1	iabilities	462,200	409,271	837,391	778,749	963,533	
	Before	13,323,838	14,347,523	16,897,049	13,983,194	22,862,199	
Tr. (1.11 1.11)	distribution						
Total liabilities	After	15,229,702	16,825,150	20,137,023	16,445,325	Note 3	
	distribution			, ,			
Attributable	e to the	7,254,336	8,567,466	10,004,054	9,606,663	10,413,826	
shareholders' e	quity of the			, ,			
parent cor	npany						
Capital s	stock	1,905,867	1,905,867	1,905,867	1,905,867	1,905,867	
Additional paid	d-in capital	374,156	373,561	368,144	377,460	378,352	
	Before	4,409,052	5,356,074	6,882,189	6,426,414	7,991,483	
Retained	distribution						
earnings	After	2,503,185	2,878,447	3,642,215	3,964,283	Note 3	
	distribution						
Other ec	luity	565,261	931,964	847,854	896,922	712,067	
Treasury	stock	0	0	0	0	(573,943)	
Non-contro		232,429	170,347	147,464	159,645	196,522	
Total equity	Before	7,486,765	8,737,813	10,151,518	9,766,308	10,610,348	
, ,	distribution			, ,	, ,		
	After	5,580,898	6,260,186	6,911,544	7,304,177	Note 3	
	distribution						

Note 1: As of the publication date of the annual report, the 2023 Q1 financial data has not been reviewed by the certified public accountant and will not be listed.

Note 2: The Company did not arrange asset revaluation. Note 3: The shareholders meeting has not been held as of the annual report printing date.

Unit: NT\$ thousand

Year						The financial data as
		The finan	cial data of the las	t five years		of March 31, 2022 (Note 1)
Item	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Ì
Operating income	18,127,934	23,920,633	35,836,642	25,606,141	48,200,310	
Gross profit	3,183,441	4,351,240	5,684,146	4,086,636	6,718,724	
Operating profit and loss	2,372,100	3,407,298	4,620,646	3,139,661	5,430,364	
Non-operating income and expense	664,922	322,091	461,156	415,653	(2,465)	
Net income before tax	3,037,022	3,729,389	5,081,802	3,555,314	5,427,899	
Net income of the continuing business unit	2,274,169	2,893,881	4,091,332	2,820,482	4,101,845	
Net income (loss)	2,274,169	2,893,881	4,091,332	2,820,482	4,101,845	
Other comprehensive profit and loss of the current period (net amount after tax)	(999,678)	396,255	(112,057)	62,544	(154,822)	
Total consolidated profit and loss of the current period	1,274,491	3,290,136	3,979,275	2,883,026	3,947,023	
Net income attributable to the shareholders' equity of the parent company	2,147,566	2,815,298	4,033,304	2,769,475	3,999,485	
Net income attributable to non- control equity	126,603	78,583	58,028	51,007	102,360	
Comprehensive profit and loss attributable to the shareholders' equity of the parent company	1,155,079	3,219,592	3,919,632	2,833,267	3,842,345	
Comprehensive profit and loss attributable to non-control equity	119,412	70,544	59,643	49,759	104,678	
Earnings per share	9.42	14.77	21.16	14.53	21.25	

Note 1: As of the publication date of the annual report, the 2023 Q1 financial data has not been reviewed by the certified public accountant and will not be listed.

(II) Condensed balance sheet and comprehensive income statement of subsidiary

1. Condensed balance sheet of subsidiary

Unit: NT\$ Thousands

	Year		The finance	ial data of the last f	ive years	
		2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Item						
Current		12,917,785	14,801,451	18,657,050	13,973,957	19,111,110
Financial assets		0	0	0	0	0
cost - noncurrer						
Financial asset		7,879	6,347	6,805	3,529	0
fair value throu loss - noi	C 1					
Financial asset		1,636,961	2,051,779	1,958,718	2,026,136	1,630,910
fair value th		1,030,901	2,031,779	1,930,710	2,020,130	1,030,910
comprehensive						
- nonci	•					
Investment und	der the Equity	2,314,018	2,048,791	2,296,558	3,995,151	4,783,529
Metl						
Property, p	plant, and	560,187	553,061	547,066	1,090,521	1,124,182
equip						
Right-of-u		-	19,164	19,676	39,980	21,760
Intangibl		1,341	2,705	3,353	21,422	18,353
Deferred inco		84,696	156,384	165,079	172,319	121,268
Other		6,551	7,639	114,789	12,699	25,056
Long-term receivables		0	0	0	0	0
Long-term		218,682	203,876	202,767	162,917	0
accounts r		17.740.100	10.051.107	22 071 071	21 400 (21	26.026.160
Total a	Before	17,748,100 10,038,362	19,851,197 10,883,101	23,971,861 13,502,344	21,498,631 11,534,301	26,836,168 15,998,630
Current	distribution	10,038,362	10,883,101	13,302,344	11,554,501	15,998,630
liabilities	After	11,944,229	13,360,728	16,742,318	13,996,432	Note 2
	distribution	11,5,225	10,000,720	10,7 .2,510	15,550, 152	1,000 2
Noncurrent	liabilities	455,402	400,630	465,463	357,667	423,712
	Before	10,493,764	11,283,731	13,967,807	11,891,968	16,422,342
Total liabilities	distribution					
	After	12,399,631	13,761,358	17,207,781	14,354,099	Note 2
	distribution					
	al stock	1,905,867	1,905,867	1,905,867	1,905,867	1,905,867
Additional p	paid-in capital	374,156	373,561	368,144	377,460	378,352
	Before	4,409,052	5,356,074	6,882,189	6,426,414	7,991,483
	distribution	2 502 105	2 050 445	2 642 215	2.064.202	212
earnings	After	2,503,185	2,878,447	3,642,215	3,964,283	Note 2
distribution Other equity		565,261	931,964	847,854	896,922	712,067
	ry stock	0	931,964	047,834	0	(573,943)
	Before	7,254,336	8,567,466	10,004,054	9,606,663	10,413,826
Total equity	distribution	7,237,330	0,507,700	10,007,004	2,000,003	10,413,620
	After	5,348,469	6,089,839	6,764,080	7,144,532	Note 2
	distribution	2,2 10, 105	0,000,000	5,701,000	.,,552	1.035 2
-				·		4

Note 1: The Company did not arrange asset revaluation.

Note 2: The shareholders meeting has not been held as of the annual report printing date.

2. Condensed comprehensive income statement of subsidiary

Unit: NT\$ thousand

Year		The financial data of the last five years							
	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022				
Item									
Operating income	9,573,717	19,433,809	33,870,448	23,059,535	30,297,964				
Gross profit	2,296,047	3,949,665	5,369,140	3,722,203	5,346,043				
Operating profit and loss	1,586,190	3,107,684	4,394,746	2,905,531	4,303,824				
Non-operating income and	1,094,867	387,316	571,529	498,622	756,244				
expense									
Net income before tax	2,681,057	3,495,000	4,966,275	3,404,153	5,060,068				
Net income of the	2,147,566	2,815,298	4,033,304	2,769,475	3,999,485				
continuing business unit									
Loss of the discontinued	_	_	_	_	_				
business unit									
Net income (loss)	2,147,566	2,815,298	4,033,304	2,769,475	3,999,485				
Other comprehensive	(992,487)	404,294	(113,672)	63,792	(157,140)				
profit and loss of the									
current period									
(net amount after tax)									
Total consolidated profit	1,155,079	3,219,592	3,919,632	2,833,267	3,842,345				
and loss of the current									
period									
Earnings per share	9.42	14.77	21.16	14.53	21.25				

(III) Name of the certified public accountants and the audit opinions in the last five years:

Year	Public auditor	Audit opinions
2018	Tsunglin Li and Tzuhui Li	Unqualified opinion plus the paragraph
		of additional comments or other matters
2019	Tsunglin Li and Tzuhui Li	Unqualified opinion plus the paragraph
		of additional comments or other matters
2020	Tsunglin Li and Tzuhui Li	Unqualified opinion plus the paragraph
		of additional comments or other matters
2021	Fu-jen Chen and Tsunglin Li	Unqualified opinion plus other matters
		paragraph
2022	Fu-jen Chen and Tsunglin Li	Unqualified opinion plus other matters
		paragraph

II. Analysis of financial data for the last five years

(I) Consolidated financial analysis

	Year						As of March
	_	Analysis	of financial	data for the la	ast five years	(Note 1)	31, 2022 (Note 1)
Analysis ite	ems	2010	2010 2010 2020 2021 2022				
	I= 01: 1.11: ,	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	
Financial	Ratio of liabilities to assets (%)	64.02	62.15	62.47	58.88	68.30	
structure	Ratio of long-term fund to property, plant, and equipment (%)	928.15	1122.92	1,382.15	793.93	823.40	
 I	Current ratio (%)	134.70	137.42	140.70	143.61	132.50	
Solvency	Quick ratio (%)	117.78	125.37	126.93	117.94	115.06	
Solvency	Times interest earned ratio (%)	-	521.28	669.66	301.74	207.86	
Operating ability	Accounts receivable turnover (times)	5.50	4.88	5.69	4.85	8.22	
	Days Sales in Account Receivable	66	74.79	64.14	75.24	44.38	
	Inventory turnover (times)	0.30	0.3069	0.36	0.22	0.34	
	Average days in sales	1,216.67	1177.41	1013.88	1644.28	1057.10	
	Property, plant, and equipment turnover (times)	23.50	30.19	45.68	24.17	35.26	
	Total assets turnover (times)	0.87	1.04	1.32	1.08	1.44	
	Ratio of return on total assets (%)	12.15	13.21	16.35	11.14	14.41	
	Ratio of return on shareholders' equity (%)	32.27	35.67	43.32	28.32	40.26	
Profitability	Net profit before tax as a percentage of paid-in capital (%)	159.35	195.68	266.64	186.55	284.80	
	Profit ratio (%)	12.55	12.10	11.42	11.01	8.51	
	Earnings per share (NT\$)	9.42	14.77	21.16	14.53	21.25	
	Cash flow ratio (%)	9.16	29.29	23.13	15.85	30.22	
Cash flow	Cash flow adequacy ratio (%)	124.03	147.57	155.07	129.59	145.97	
	Cash re-investment ratio (%)	-2.92	18.31	14.97	-13.71	42.43	
Leverage	Operating leverage	1.02	1.02	1.03	1.03	1.03	
Leverage	Financial leverage	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	

Please explain the reasons for the changes in the financial ratios in the last two years.

Note 1: As of the publication date of the annual report, the 2023 Q1 financial data has not been reviewed by the certified public accountant and will not be listed.

^{1.} Interest coverage ratio and the ratio of pre-tax profit to total paid-in capital: Mainly due to the increase in pre-tax profit in 2022 by 52.67% from 2021.
2. Accounts receivable turnover, inventory turnover, property, plant, and equipment turnover, and return on total assets: Mainly

due to the increase in operating revenue in 2022 by 88.24% yoy.

3. Return on assets, return on equity, earnings per share: Mainly due to the increase in post-tax profit in 2022 by 45.43% from

^{4.} Increase in cash flow ratio compared with the previous period: Mainly due to the increase in net cash inflow from operating activities by 216.09%

^{5.} Cash reinvestment ratio: Mainly due to the increase in net cash inflow from operating activities by 216.09%, leading to an increase in operating revenue by 23.59% from the previous period.

(II) Subsidiary's financial analysis

	Year (Note 1)	Anal	ysis of financia	al data for the l	ast five years (1	Note 1)
		2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Analysis ite						
Financial	Ratio of liabilities to assets (%)	59.13	56.84	58.27	55.32	61.19
etructure	Ratio of long-term fund to property, plant, and equipment (%)	1294.98	1549.10	1913.76	913.72	964.04
	Current ratio (%)	128.68	136.00	138.18	121.15	119.45
C - 1	Quick ratio (%)	118.70	127.92	128.84	98.38	99.15
Solvency	Times interest earned ratio (%)	-	532.32	741.90	497.02	562.11
	Accounts receivable turnover (times)	5.24	6.02	6.89	5.44	8.51
	Days Sales in Account Receivable	70	61	53	67	42.91
	Inventory turnover (times)	0.21	0.42		0.32	0.34
ability	Average days in sales	1,769.36	879.30	607.49	1137.23	1071.71
	Property, plant, and equipment turnover (times)	16.94	34.91	61.58	28.16	27.36
	Total assets turnover (times)	0.54	0.98	1.41	1.07	1.13
	Ratio of return on total assets (%)	13.89	15.00	18.43	12.21	16.58
	Ratio of return on shareholders' equity (%)	31.45	35.59	43.44	28.24	39.95
Profitability	Net profit before tax as a percentage of paid-in capital (%)	159.35	183.38	260.57	178.61	265.50
	Profit ratio (%)	22.43	14.49	11.91	12.01	13.20
	Earnings per share (NT\$)	9.42	14.77		14.53	21.25
	Cash flow ratio (%)	15.54	26.37	25.24	25.05	24.08
Cash flow	Cash flow adequacy ratio (%)	98.58	113.17	132.79	118.55	120.92
	Cash re-investment ratio (%)	1.64	8.35	11.22	-4.53	15.04
Т	Operating leverage	1.01	1.01	1.02	1.02	1.01
Leverage	Financial leverage	1	1	1	1	1

- Please explain the reasons for the changes in the financial ratios in the last two years.

 1. Receivables turnover: Mainly due to the increase in operating revenue in 2022 by 31.39% from 2021.

 2. Increase in return on assets, return on equity, earnings per share compared with the preceding period: Mainly due to the increase in post-tax profits in 2022 by 44.41% from 2021.
- 3. Increase in the ratio of pre-tax profit to total paid-in capital compared with the previous period: Mainly due to the increase in pre-tax profit in 2022 by 48.64% from 2021.
- increase in pre-tax profit in 2022 by 48.04% from 2021.

 4. Cash reinvestment ratio: Mainly due to the increase in net cash inflow from operating activities by 33.33%, leading to an increase in operating revenue by 27.58% from the previous period.

(1) Financial analysis

- 1. Financial structure
 - (1) Ratio of liabilities to assets = Total liabilities / Total assets.
 - (2) Ratio of long-term fund to property, plant, and equipment = (Total equity+ noncurrent liabilities) / Net property, plant, and equipment.
- 2. Solvency
 - (1) Current ratio = Current assets / Current liabilities.
 - (2) Quick ratio = (Current assets inventory prepaid expense) / current liabilities.
 - (3) Times interest earned ratio = Net income before income tax and interest expense / Current interest expense.
- 3. Operating ability
 - (1) Accounts receivable (including accounts receivable and notes receivable resulting from business operations) turnover = Net sales amount / average accounts receivable balance of each period (including accounts receivable and notes receivable resulting from business operations).
 - (2) Days Sales in Account Receivable = 365 / Accounts receivable turnover.
 - (3) Inventory turnover = Cost of goods sold / Average inventory balance amount.
 - (4) Average days in sales = 365 / Inventory turnover.
 - (5) Property, plant, and equipment turnover = Net sales amount / average property, plant, and equipment net amount.
 - (6) Total assets turnover = Net sales amount / Average total assets.
- 4. Profitability
 - (1) Ratio of return on total assets = [Net income or loss + Interest expense x (1-tax rate)] / Average total assets.
 - (2) Ratio of return on shareholders' equity = Net income or loss / Average equity.
 - (3) Profit ratio = Net income or loss / Net sales amount.
 - (4) Earnings per share = (Profit and loss attributable to the shareholders' equity of the parent company preferred stock dividend) / Weighted average outstanding shares.
- 5. Cash flow
 - (1) Cash flow ratio = Net cash flow from operating activities / Current liabilities.
 - (2) Net cash flow adequacy ratio = Net cash flow from operating activities in the last 5 years / In the last 5 years (Capital expenditure + increase in inventory + cash dividend).
 - (3) Cash re-investment ratio = (Net cash flow from operating activities cash dividend) / (property, plant, and equipment gross amount + long-term investment + other noncurrent assets + operating fund).
- 6. Leverage:
 - (1) Operating leverage = (Net operating income variable operating cost and expense) / Operating profit.
 - (2) Financial leverage = Operating profit / (Operating profit-interest expense).

III. The Audit Report of the Audit Committee on the most recent annual financial report

UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES CO., LTD.

Audit Committee's audit report

Hereby approved

The 2022 standalone financial statements and 2022 consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries as submitted by the Board of Directors have been audited by CPAs Tsung-lin Li and Fu-jen Chen of KPMG Taiwan. The two sets of financial statements, together with the business report and motion for allocation of earnings, were confirmed by the Audit Committee. Accordingly, the Audit Committee hereby produces said report in accordance with Article 14-4 of the Securities and Exchange Act and Article 219 of the Company Act. Please review it accordingly.

Sincerely yours,

2023 General Shareholders' Meeting

UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES CO., LTD. Convener of the Audit Committee: Kun-Hsien Lin

March 23, 2023

- IV. Independent Auditor's Report and financial statements of the most recent year: please refer to Appendix A
- V. Subsidiary's financial report that has been audited by a public certified accountant in the most recent year: please refer to Appendix B
- VI. The financial difficulties faced by the Company and its affiliates in the most recent year and as of the annual report printing date: None

Seven. Review and analysis of financial status and operating results and risks

I. Financial status comparison analysis table

Unit: NT\$ Thousands

Year	2021	2022	Va	riance
Item	2021	2022	Amount	%
Current assets	18,963,373	29,016,228	10,052,855	53.01%
Financial assets measured at cost - noncurrent	-	-		
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit and loss - noncurrent	3,529	-		
Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive profit and loss - noncurrent	2,026,136	1,630,910	(395,226)	-19.51%
Investment under the Equity Method	874,867	839,280	(35,587)	-4.07%
Property, plant, and equipment	1,328,217	1,405,613	77,396	5.83%
Long-term receivables	0	0	0	
Right-of-use assets	285,099	376,598	91,499	32.09%
Intangible assets	22,096	19,138	(2,958)	-13.39%
Deferred income tax assets	181,705	121,268	(60,437)	-33.26%
Other noncurrent assets	64,480	63,512	(968)	-1.50%
Total assets	23,749,502	33,472,547	9,723,045	40.94%
Current liabilities	13,204,445	21,898,666	8,694,221	65.84%
Noncurrent liabilities	778,749	963,533	184,784	23.73%
Total liabilities	13,983,194	22,862,199	8,879,005	63.50%
Attributable to the shareholders' equity of the parent company	9,606,663	10,413,826	807,163	8.40%
Capital stock	1,905,867	1,905,867	0	0.00%
Additional paid-in capital	377,460	378,352	892	0.24%
Retained earnings	6,426,414	7,991,483	1,565,069	24.35%
Other equity	896,922	712,067	(184,855)	-20.61%
Total equity	9,766,308	10,610,348	844,040	8.64%

Description of items with major changes:

- 1. The increase in current assets and total assets compared with the previous period: Mainly due to the increase in cash and cash equivalents by 62.12%, and increase in net accounts receivable by 189.80%.
- 2. The increase in the right-of-use assets over the preceding period: Mainly due to the increase in right-of-use assets of buildings and structures by NT\$160,942 thousand.
- 3. Deferred income tax assets: Mainly due to the decrease in the loss on doubtful accounts in excess of the loss limit by NT\$12,914 thousand.
- 4. Current liabilities: Mainly due to the increase in contract liabilities construction projects by 90.28% compared with the previous period.
- 5. Non-current liabilities: Mainly due to the increase in deferred tax liabilities by 139.19% compared with the previous period.
- 6. Retained earnings: Mainly due to the increase in post-tax profit in 2022 by 45.43% from the previous period.
- 7. Other equity: Mainly due to the decrease in unrealized gains or losses on financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income by 138.38%.

II. Financial performance analysis

1. Operating result comparison table

			Ļ	Jnit: NT\$ Thousands
Item	2021	2022	Increased (decreased) amount	Ratio of change (%)
Operating income	25,606,141	48,200,310	22,594,169	88.24%
Gross profit	4,086,636	6,718,724	2,632,088	64.41%
Operating profit and loss	3,139,661	5,430,364	2,290,703	72.96%
Non-operating income and expense	415,653	(2,465)	(418,118)	-100.59%
Net income before tax	3,555,314	5,427,899	1,872,585	52.67%
Net income (loss)	2,820,482	4,101,845	1,281,363	45.43%
Other comprehensive profit and loss of the current period (net amount after tax)	62,544	(154,822)	(217,366)	-347.54%
Total consolidated profit and loss of the current period	2,883,026	3,947,023		36.91%
Net income attributable to parent company	2,769,475	3,999,485	1,230,010	44.41%
Total comprehensive profit and loss attributable to the parent company	2,833,267	3,842,345	1,009,078	35.62%

Description of items with major changes:

- 1. Increase in gross operating profit, operating profit and loss, net profit before tax and net profit for the current period over the preceding period: Due primarily to increase in operating revenues in 2021 by 88.24% compared with the preceding period.
- 2. Decrease in other comprehensive income (net amount after tax) compared with the previous period: Mainly due to the decrease in unrealized gains or losses on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income by 686.23%.
- 3. Increase in total comprehensive income for the period, net profit attributable to the parent, and comprehensive income attributable to the parent: Mainly due to the increase in post-tax profit in 2022 by 45.43% from the previous period.
- 2. Analysis of changes in operating gross profit: None.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

III. Cash flow analysis

1. Liquidity analysis for the last two years

Item Year	. 2021	2022	Increase (decrease) ratio (%)
Cash flow ratio (%)	15.85	30.22	90.66%
Cash flow adequacy ratio (%)	129.59	145.97	12.64%
Cash re-investment ratio (%)	-13.71	42.43	409.48%

Description of increase (decrease) ratio:

- 1. Increase in cash flow ratio compared with the previous period: Mainly due to the increase in net cash inflow from operating activities by 216.09%.
- 2. Cash reinvestment ratio: Mainly due to the increase in net cash inflow from operating activities by 216.09%, leading to an increase in operating revenue by 23.59% from the previous period.

2. Analysis of cash flow in the coming year Unit: NT\$ Thousands

Cash balance - beginning	Estimated annual net cash flow from	Estimated annual cash	Estimated cash surplus (shortfalls)	Remedial measures for expected cash shortfalls		
(1)	operating activities (2)	outflow (3)			Financial plan	
11,223,268	6,800,000	4,000,000	14,023,268	-	-	

IV. Impact of major capital expenditures on financial operations in the most recent year: None

V. Investment policy in the most recent year, the main reason for profit or loss, improvement plan, and investment plan for the next year

- (I) Transfer investment policy: The Company will continue to invest in compliance with the business strategy of "enhancing professional technical capabilities and increasing business opportunities" in order to strengthen the competitiveness of the Company in the future. The focus of new investment projects in the future is on those that can help increase the technical ability for the system integration engineering service, and the newly added investment projects for increasing business opportunities are controlled as much as possible in order to avoid an excessive expansion of investment in this business category. In addition, the Company will strengthen the follow-up and supervision of the financial and business conditions of the invested company. If the invested company is not performing as well as when it was originally invested and there is no sign of improvement, the Company does not rule out the possibility of changing long-term investment policies and will choose to have the shares disposed. The investment projects that are carried out to increase business opportunities will be sold at an appropriate time to recover the funds for better overall use.
- (II) The main reasons for profit or loss: As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, investment accounted for using the equity method accounted for 2.51% and 3.68%, respectively, of total assets. The share of profit of loss in associates accounted for using the equity method accounted for 1.98% and 1.95% of pre-tax profit as of January 1~December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.
- (III) Future Investment Plan: The Company will continue to invest in compliance with the strategy of "enhancing professional technical capabilities and increasing business opportunities."

VI. Risk management analysis and evaluation

- (I) The impact of interest rates, changes in exchange rate, and inflation on the Company's profit and loss in the most recent year and as of the annual report printing date, and the countermeasures in the future:
 - 1. Due to stable growth in business performance and stable annual interest rate maintained, the Company has

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

- a high credit rating in the banking sector. Compared with other companies, the Company enjoys a better interest rate. Therefore, changes in interest rate have no significant impact on the Company.
- 2. The Company is mostly engaged in the system integration engineering projects of electronics factories. Some of the equipment is purchased and imported from abroad. In this regard, the countermeasures of the Finance Office are with the exchange rate trend considered, if necessary, the operating procedures for derivative financial products are applied to operate options or forward foreign exchange transactions for a fixed exchange rate in order to avoid risks.
- 3. Since most of the projects undertaken by the Company are done with the spare parts produced by electronics factory, which usually take 1-2 years, the risk of inflation has never occurred.
- (II) The engagement in high-risk and high-leverage investment, loaning of funds, endorsements and guarantees, and derivative products policy in the most recent year and as of the annual report printing date, the main reason for the profit or loss, and future countermeasures:
 - 1. The Company has always adhered to the principle of focusing on the main business operation and pragmatic practice. For the high-risk and high-leverage investment and derivative products transactions, such as, non-principal clearance, investment with bank loans, and other speculative businesses, it is not within the scope of the non-operating income of the Company. If there are idle funds, the Company will choose a more stable practice, such as, bank deposit or bond funds, so the above practice does not have a significant impact on the Company.
 - 2. The Company's loaning of funds and making of endorsements/guarantees are mainly due to business transactions; also, it is handled in accordance with the Company's "Operating procedures for loaning of funds" and "Operating procedures for making of endorsements / guarantees."
- (III) Research and development plans and estimated R&D expenses in the most recent year and as of the annual report printing date:
 - 1. The research and development plans in the most recent year
 - (1) Wireless smart home system R&D
 Radar detects an elderly in case of a fall.
 180-degree penetration and displacement detector
 - 2. Estimated R&D expenses
 - (1)Product innovation: NT\$10 million
- (IV) The impact of important domestic and international policies and legal changes on the Company's financial business and the countermeasures in the most recent year and as of the annual report printing date: None.
- (V) The impact of technological changes (including information security risks) and industrial changes on the Company's financial business and the countermeasures in the most recent year and as of the annual report printing date: No significant operational risk.
- (VI) The impact of changes in corporate image on corporate crisis management and the countermeasures in the most recent year and as of the annual report printing date: None.
- (VII) Expected benefits, possible risks, and countermeasures for mergers and acquisitions in the most recent year and as of annual report printing date: None.
- (VIII) Expected benefits, possible risks, and countermeasures for the expansion of the plant in the most recent year and as of the annual report printing date: None.
- (IX) Risks of centralized sales or purchases of goods and the countermeasures in the most recent year and as of the annual report printing date: None.
- (X) The impact of a large number of shares transferred or replaced by the directors, supervisors, or shareholders with more than 10% shareholding on the Company, the risks, and the countermeasures: None.
- (XI) The impact of changes in management rights on the Company, the risks, and the countermeasures: None.
- (XII) Litigation or non-litigation events: The sentenced or outstanding major litigation, non-litigation, or administrative dispute of the Company and the Company's directors, supervisors, president, substantive principal, major shareholders with more than 10% shareholding, and subsidiaries in the most recent year and as of the annual report printing date that may have a significant impact on shareholders' equity or securities prices:
 - (I) Some of the Companys directors are involved in the adjudication process for violating the Securities and Exchange Act regulations and the impact on the Company's operation; please refer to the following information:

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(i) Criminal Procedure

Former chairmen, Mr. Chen and Mr. Wang, and other involved parties were prosecuted for violating the Securities and Exchange Act by the Taipei District Prosecutors Office on June 5, 2013. During the period, the former chairman Mr. Wang passed away and was declared dismissed by the Taiwan High Court (2015 Jin Shang Zhong Su No.40), while the Taipei District Court, the Taiwan High Court (the High Court), and the first and second trials all found that there was no breach of trust, non-arm's length transaction, and criminal conversion on the part of all the parties involved, and the verdict was not guilty (2013 Jin Zhong Su No.17, 2015 Jin Shang Zhong Su No.40, 2018 Jin Shang Zhong 1 No.8 and 2020 Jin Shang Zhong 2 No.13). The two other parties did not appeal after being granted probation by the High Court, while the former chairman, Mr. Chen, continued to appeal and was remanded twice by the Supreme Court, and on May 25, 2022, the original judgment on the guilty portion was vacated three times and remanded to the High Court (2021 Tai Shang No.4945). The case is currently on trial by the High Court (2022 Jin Shang Zhong 3 No.6).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(ii) Civil Procedure

- 1) On December 5, 2013, SFIPC filed a petition for dismissal of the three directors of the Company in connection with the criminal case in accordance with the aforementioned indictment, and due to the death of the former Chairman Mr. Wang, SFIPC withdrew the part of the lawsuit against him. The SFIPC lost both the first and second trials, however, on April 28, 2020, the High Court handed down the judgment of dismissal of the director in the first trial, in which Director Lee resigned on June 2, 2020, and withdrew the appeal on June 3, 2020, and the part of the main text of the High Court's ruling on the two other parties was confirmed on June 3, 2020.
- 2) On January 27, 2014, SFIPC filed a class action lawsuit on behalf of the investors on the grounds that the Company's financial statements from the third quarter of 2009 to 2011 were inaccurate, requesting the Company, its directors, former supervisors to jointly compensate the investors for damages in excess of \$243 million.

SFIPC filed an appeal with the Taipei District Court on September 16, 2022, which is currently on trial by the High Court (2023 Jin Shang No.1).

(iii) Impact on operation

The Company runs smoothly and has experienced continued growth in revenues. The business and financial structure are sound. The litigations do not have significant impact on the Company's operation.

(c) The Company received the civil judgment from the Taiwan Taipei District Court on September 2, 2014 that the Company should pay the package fees of \$104,559 thousand and the former Chairman Wang's salary from January 2001 to April 2012, as previously paid by Dentsu, amounting to \$21,405 thousand.

In the third quarter of 2014, in accordance with the judgment stated above, the Company assessed and took into accounts the package fees and salary paid by Dentsu, which have yet to be reimbursed by the Company (respectively logged as construction costs and management costs). The Company also estimated that the relevant interest payable as of December 31, 2022 amounted to \$53,028 thousand (please refer to note 7).

As of the reporting date, the Company has yet to reimburse the abovementioned package fees, salary and related interests.

(XIII) Other important risks and countermeasures:

1. Assessment and analysis of information security risk: No significant risks.

VII. Other important matters: None.

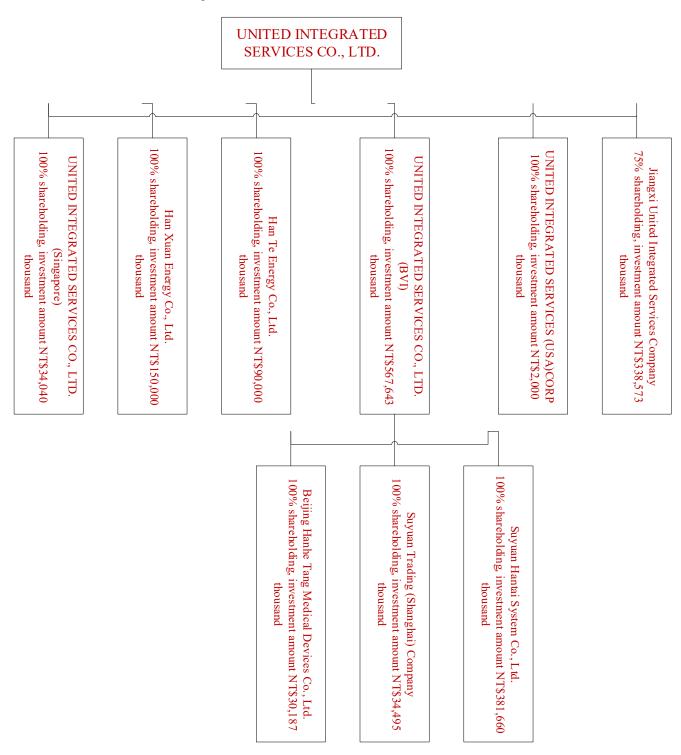
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Eight. Special notes

I. Information of the affiliates

(I) Consolidated business report of the affiliates

1. Organizational chart of the affiliates



UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

2. Basic profile of the affiliates

Unit: NT\$ Thousands

	Unit: N13 Thousands							
Company name	Establishment date	Address	Paid-in capital	Actual investment amount	Main business or production project			
UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES CO., LTD. (BVI)	2000.12.19	Commence Chambers, Road Town Totola, British Virgin Islands.	567,643	567,643	Investment business			
Suyuan Trading (Shanghai) Company	2001.7.2	Room 1102, No. 438, Pudian Road, Pudong New Area, Shanghai	34,495	34,495	Trades of semiconductors, cleanrooms, and electromechanical equipment			
Suzhou Hantai System Integration Company	2006.4.29	No. 7, Chenghu East Road, Wuzhong Economic Development Zone, Suzhou	381,660	381,660	Production and sales of construction hardware and materials			
Jiangxi United Integrated Services Company	2003.09.18	No. 176, Beijing West Road, Nanchang City, Jiangxi Province	446,702	338,573	Electromechanical business and pipeline equipment installation engineering			
UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES CO., LTD. (Singapore)	2011.01.25	30 MARSILING IND ESTATE ROAD 5#01-01 WIDEFIELD INDUSTRIAL BUILDING SINGAPORE	34,040	34,040	Cleanroom construction			
Beijing Hanhe Tang Medical Devices Co., Ltd.	2012.06.19	Room 302, Ronghua Xintai Building, 3rd Floor, Building 3, Yard 10, Ronghua South Road, Daxing District, Beijing	30,187	30,187	Sales of Class III and Class II medical devices			
Han Xuan Energy Co., Ltd.	2020.06.03	1st Floor, No. 1, Lane 7, Baoqiao Road, Xindian District, New Taipei City	500,000	500,000	Renewable energy self-use power generation equipment and energy technology services and the like			
Han Te Energy Co., Ltd.	2020.09.01	5th Floor, No. 3, Lane 7, Baoqiao Road, Xindian District, New Taipei City	90,000	90,000	Renewable energy self-use power generation equipment and energy technology services and the like			
UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES(USA) CORP	2020.11.30	2435 E SOUTHERN AVE,STE 1,TEMPE,AZ,85282,USA	1,392,503	1,392,503	Transaction on mechanical and electrical, clean room installation engineering and equipment. Planning and design related technical consulting services for various related projects.			

3. The shareholders of the companies that are with a relationship of control and affiliation

Presumptive	Title or name	Shareho	Establishmen		Address	Paid-in capital	Main business operations
reasons		Shares	Shareholdin	t date		(NT\$	
			g ratio			Thousands)	
Related parties	Dentsu	-	-	1981.06.19	5F, No. 79,	27,000	Design and installation of computerized
have a	Engineering				Minsheng Road,		central monitoring systems, traffic control,
substantial	Co., Ltd.				Yonghe District,		environmental monitoring, computers,
control					New Taipei City		cleanroom, etc.
relationship							
Related parties	Fuguo	-	-	1985.03.18	6F-2, No. 95,	25,000	Design and installation of computer room;
have a	Engineering				Fuguo Road,		electronic communication control system
substantial	Co., Ltd.				Taipei City		engineering, and the related material trades of
control							the projects in the preceding paragraph
relationship							
Related parties	Huayuan	-	-	2006.07.13	2F, No. 109-1,	10,000	Electrical installation, piping engineering,
have a	Engineering				Baoqing Street,		fire safety automatic control equipment
substantial	Co., Ltd.				Taipei City		engineering, etc.
control							
relationship							

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

4. Information of directors, supervisors, and President of each affiliate

Unit: Shares: %

		Unit: SI	nares; %	
Company name	Job title	Name or representative	Shareho	ldings
			Shares	Shareholding ratio
UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES CO., LTD. (BVI)	Chairperson		17,697,630	100.
Han Xuan Energy Co., Ltd.		C.S. Chen (Representative of UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES CO., LTD.)	50,000,000	100.
Han Te Energy Co., Ltd.	Chairperson	C.S. Chen (Representative of UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES CO., LTD.)	9,000,000	100.
UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES(USA) CORP	Director	Chih-Ming Lai (Representative of UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES CO., LTD.)	Note	100.
	Director	Belle Lee (Representative of UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES CO., LTD.)	Note	100.
	Director	Joseph Lee (Representative of UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES CO., LTD.)	Note	100.
	Director	Kuo-Yu Wang (Representative of UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES CO., LTD.)	Note	100.
	Director	Hsiao-Pang Yang (Representative of UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES CO., LTD.)	Note	100.
Suyuan Trading (Shanghai) Company	Chairperson	Benny Chen (Representative of UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES CO., LTD.)	Note	100.
(3 / 1)	Director	C.S. Chen (Representative of UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES CO., LTD.)	Note	100.
	Director	Juichin Wu (Representative of UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES CO., LTD.)	Note	100.
Suzhou Hantai System Integration Company	Chairperson	Chun-Yuan Hsu (Representative of UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES CO., LTD.)	Note	100.
	Director	Juichin Wu (Representative of UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES CO., LTD.)	Note	100.
	Director	Benny Chen (Representative of UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES CO., LTD.)		
	Director	Yuanyi Wang (Representative of UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES CO., LTD.)	Note	100.
Jiangxi United Integrated Services Company	Chairperson	Chun-Yuan Hsu (Representative of UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES CO., LTD.)	Note	75
	Director	Benny Chen (Representative of UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES CO., LTD.)	Note	75
	Director	Joseph Lee (Representative of UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES CO., LTD.)	Note	75
	Director	Juichin Wu (Representative of UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES CO., LTD.)	Note	75
	Director	Haiyen Liu (Representative of UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES CO., LTD.)	Note	75
	Director	Chienchung Lee (Representative of UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES CO., LTD.)	Note	75
	Supervisor	Belle Lee (Representative of UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES CO., LTD.)		
UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES CO., LTD.		Belle Lee (Representative of UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES CO., LTD.)	Note	100.
(Singapore)	Director	ZHAO KE (Representative of UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES CO., LTD.)	Note	100.
Beijing Hanhe Tang Medical Devices Co., Ltd.	Director	Chunhsiung Wang (Representative of UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES CO., LTD.)	Note	100.
	Director	Tsuifen Hsu (Representative of UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES CO., LTD.)	Note	100.

SERVICES CO., LTD.)

Note: It is registered with the capital contribution amount indicated.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

5. Affiliate operation overview

				Unit: NT\$ Tl	housands	December 3	1, 2021	
Company name	Capital amount	Total assets	Total liabilities	Net worth	Operating income	Operating profit	Profit and loss (after tax)	Earnings per share (NT\$) (after tax)
UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES CO., LTD. (BVI)	567,643	1,120,285	263,135	857,150	24,361	76,800	4.34	567,643
UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES CO., LTD. (Singapore)	34,040	9,401	27,718	(18,317)	7,499	13,673	9.12	34,040
Jiangxi United Integrated Services Company	446,702	2,845,354	2,059,266	786,088	3,042,970	409,440	4.09	446,702
Han Xuan Energy Co., Ltd.	500,000	622,414	143,700	478,714	0	(8,391)	(0.17)	500,000
Han Te Energy Co., Ltd.	90,000	89,746	64	89,682	0	(24)	(0.003)	90,000
UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES(USA) CORP	1,392,503	6,381,096	4,393,142	1,987,954	14,900,876	462,455	9.25	1,392,503

- (II) Consolidated business report of the affiliates: Please refer to Appendix A.
- (III) Relationship report: Not applicable.
- II. For the private placement of securities processed in the most recent year and as of the annual report printing date, it is necessary to disclose the date and amount resolved in the shareholders meeting or the board meeting, the basis and reasonableness of the price determination, the method of selecting the specific persons, the must reasons for the private placement, and from the stock proceeds collected to the fund implementation plan completed, the fund use of the private placement of securities, and plan implementation in the most recent year and as of the annual report printing date: None.
- III. The Company's stock shares held or disposed by the subsidiary in the most recent year and as of the annual report printing date

The acquisition and disposal of the Company's stock shares by the subsidiaries

							U	mit: N 1 \$ 1 noi	usanas / 1	housand shares / %	
Name of subsidiary	Paid-in	Source of	The	Acquisition or	Number of	Number	Investment	Number of	Pledge	Making of	Loaning of
	capital	funds	Company's	disposal date	shares	of shares	gains and	shares	made	endorsements/guarantees	funds to
			shareholding		acquired and	disposed	losses	held and		for the subsidiary by the	the
			ratio		amount	and		amount as		Company	subsidiary
						amount		of the			by the
								annual			Company
								report			
								printing			
								date			
UNITED	567,643	Shareholders'	100.00%	2022	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
INTEGRATED		investment		As of the	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SERVICES CO.,				current annual							
LTD. (BVI)				report printing							
				date							
Suyuan Trading	34,495	Shareholders'	100.00%	2022	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(Shanghai) Company		investment		As of the	-	-	-	-	-	-	
				current annual							
				report printing							
				date							
Jiangxi United	453,360	Shareholders'	75.00%	2022	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Integrated Services		investment		As of the	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Company				current annual							
				report printing							
				date							
UNITED		Shareholders'		2022							
INTEGRATED		investment			-	-	-	-	-	12,528,403	-

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

SERVICES(USA) CORP	1,392,503		100.00%	As of the current annual report printing date	-	-	-	-	-	12,422,334	-
UNITED	22,620	Shareholders'	100.00%	2022	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
INTEGRATED		investment		As of the	-	-	-	-	-	=	-
SERVICES CO.,				current annual							
LTD. (Singapore)				report printing							
				date							

IV. Other necessary supplementary notes: None.

Nine. The occurrence of the events that have significant impact on shareholders' equity or securities price as stipulated in Section 2, Paragraph 2, of Article 36 of the Act in the most recent year or as of the annual report printing date should be itemized for illustration:

Please refer to this annual report (Page 100 of the annual report) Seven: review and analysis of financial conditions and operating results and risk matters, Clause 12 of Paragraph 6 "Risk Management Analysis and Evaluation:" Litigation or non-litigation events: The sentenced or outstanding major litigation, non-litigation, or administrative dispute of the Company and the Company's directors, supervisors, president, substantive principal, major shareholders with more than 10% shareholding, and subsidiaries in the most recent year and as of the annual report printing date that may have a significant impact on shareholders' equity or securities prices.

Consolidated Financial Statements

With Independent Auditors' Report For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

Address: 13F., No.13, Qiaohe Rd., Zhonghe Dist., New Taipei City,

Taiwan (R.O.C.)

Telephone: (02)2917-4060

The independent auditors' report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements are the English translation of the Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between, or any difference in the interpretation of the English and Chinese language independent auditors' report and consolidated financial statements, the Chinese version shall prevail.

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Representation Letter

The entities that are required to be included in the combined financial statements of United Integrated Services Co., Ltd. as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022 under the Criteria Governing the Preparation of Affiliation Reports, Consolidated Business Reports, and Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprises are the same as those included in the consolidated financial statements prepared in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards No. 10 endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission, "Consolidated Financial Statements." In addition, the information required to be disclosed in the combined financial statements is included in the consolidated financial statements. Consequently, United Integrated Services Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries do not prepare a separate set of combined financial statements.

Company name: United Integrated Services Co., Ltd.

Chairman: Belle, Lee

Date: March 23, 2023

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors of United Integrated Services Co., Ltd.:

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of United Integrated Services Co., Ltd. and its Subsidiaries ("the Group"), which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2022 and 2021 and the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, based on our audits and the reports of other auditors (please refer to Other Matter section), the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and with the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs"), International Accounting Standards ("IASs"), Interpretations developed by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC") or the former Standing Interpretations Committee ("SIC") endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Account of Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirement. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis of our opinion.

Other Matter

We did not audit the financial statements of investee companies under the equity method and certain information of Note 13 (b) "Information on investees of the consolidated financial statements". Those statements were audited by other auditors, whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for these investee companies, is based solely on the reports of other auditors. The investments in the investee companies constituted 2.51% and 3.68% of the consolidated total assets, as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. For the years then ended, the recognized shares of profit of associates accounted for using the equity method of these investee companies constituted 1.98% and 1.95% of the consolidated total profit before tax, respectively.

United Integrated Services Co., Ltd. has prepared its parent-company-only financial statements as of and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, on which we have issued an unmodified opinion with the Other Matter paragraph.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. In our judgment, the key audit matters we communicated in the auditors' report were as follows:

1. Revenue recognition

For the accounting policies related to revenue recognition, please refer to Note 4 (o) "Revenue recognition"; for uncertainty of accounting estimates and assumption for revenue recognition, please refer to Note 5 (b) "Revenue recognition"; for information of revenue recognition, please refer to Note 6 (u) "Revenue from contracts with customers" to the consolidated financial statements.

Description of Key Audit Matter:

The Group recognizes construction contract revenue by percentage of completion method. The percentage of completion is based on the contract costs incurred as of the financial statements reporting date, representing the percentage of the estimated total contract costs. Because construction contract accounting involves a high level of estimation and judgment, revenue recognition has been identified as one of the key audit matters for our audit.

How the matter was addressed in our audit:

In relation to the key audit matter above, our principal audit procedures included: (i) testing the effectiveness of the internal control related to the timing and precision of revenue recognition; (ii) selecting samples of new construction projects and inspecting the contracts as well as related documents to evaluate the reasonableness of the management's accounting estimates; (iii) obtaining the annual construction revenue statistics of the Group and assessing whether the revenue recognition was appropriate.

2. Accounts receivable impairment assessment

For the accounting policies related to the impairment assessment of accounts receivable, please refer to Note 4 (g) "Financial instruments"; for uncertainty of accounting estimates and assumption for the impairment assessment of accounts receivable, please refer to Note 5 (a) "Impairment assessment of accounts receivable"; for information of the impairment assessment of accounts receivable, please refer to Note 6 (c) "Notes and accounts receivable" to the consolidated financial statements.

Description of Key Audit Matter:

The Group recognized expected credit loss in accordance with the Group's policy of allowance for accounts receivable, and established its estimation based on its clients' credit risk, historical experiences of credit loss, and rational expectation of future economic conditions. Since the accounting of expected credit loss of accounts receivable involves a high level of estimation and judgment, the impairment assessment of accounts receivable has been identified as one of the key audit matters for our audit.

How the matter was addressed in our audit:

In relation to the key audit matter above, our principal audit procedures included: (i) understanding the accounting policies of the impairment assessment of notes and accounts receivables; (ii) implementing sampling procedures to examine the accuracy of accounts receivable aging report; (iii) analyzing the changes of the aging of accounts receivable in each period; (iv) examining historical collection records; (v) examining subsequent collection status to evaluate the reasonableness of the Group's recognition of allowance for impairment loss.

3. Financial instruments assessment

For the accounting policies related to the assessment of financial instruments, please refer to Note 4 (g) "Financial Instruments"; for uncertainty of accounting estimates and judgments for fair value of financial instruments, please refer to Note 5 (c) "Fair value of financial instruments"; for information of the fair value of financial instruments, please refer to Note 6 (x) "Fair value hierarchy information" to the consolidated financial statements.

Description of Key Audit Matter:

The accounting of the assessment of financial instruments involves a high level of estimation and judgment. Therefore, the assessment of financial instruments has been identified as one of the key audit matters for our audit.

How the matter was addressed in our audit:

In relation to the key audit matter above, our principal audit procedures included: (i) testing the investment cycle and financial reporting process of the Group and assessing the internal control of the disclosure of the financial statements; (ii) appointing our valuation specialists to assess the reasonableness of valuation techniques and to test the key parameters of financial assets without active market prices, wherein valuation models are used to check whether the applied valuation techniques are in accordance with IFRS 13 "Fair Value Measurement".

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and with the IFRSs, IASs, IFRIC, SIC endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance (including the Audit Committee) are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of the management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partners on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report are Fu-Jen, Chen and Jung-Lin, Lee.

KPMG

Taipei, Taiwan (Republic of China) March 23, 2023

Notes to Readers

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such consolidated financial statements are those generally accepted and applied in the Republic of China.

The independent auditors' audit report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements are the English translation of the Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between, or any difference in the interpretation of the English and Chinese language independent auditors' audit report and consolidated financial statements, the Chinese version shall prevail.

(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese) UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES Consolidated Balance Sheets December 31, 2022 and 2021 (Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollar)

		December 31	ecember 31, 2022 December 31, 2021 Liabilities and Equity		Amount	%	Amount %			
	Assets	Amount	%	Amount	%		Current liabilities:			
	Current assets:					2130	Current contract liabilities (note 6(u))	\$ 13,682,90	5 40	7,191,840 30
1100	Cash and cash equivalents (note 6(a))	\$ 11,223,26	8 34	6,922,880	29	2150	Notes payable (note $6(x)$)	19,54		64,094 -
1110	Current financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss (notes 6(b) and (x))	328,17	6 1	710,961	3	2170	Accounts payable (note $6(x)$)	6,212,54	2 19	4,588,716 19
1140	Current contract assets (note 6(u))	3,818,97	7 11	3,389,495	14	2180	Accounts payable—related parties (notes 6(x) and 7)	37,70	<u>.</u> –	67,757 -
1150	Notes receivable, net (note 6(c))	31	9 -	1,016	-	2220	Other payables—related parties (notes 7 and 12)	178,99	1	172,780 1
1170	Accounts receivable, net (notes 6(c), (u) and 12)	8,394,61	8 25	2,896,744	12	2230	Current tax liabilities	673,03		187,234 1
1180	Accounts receivable – related parties (notes 6(c), (u) and 7)	-	-	107	-	2250	Current provisions (note 6(n))	19,92	, –	11,812 -
1220	Current tax assets	2	4 -	2	-	2280	Current lease liabilities (notes 6(j), (p) and (x))	75,77		58,679 -
130X	Inventories (note 6(d))	52,13	6 -	58,433	-	2300	Other current liabilities (notes 6(o) and (x))	998,24	3	861,533 4
1410	Prepayments (notes 6(e) and 7)	1,945,85	8 6	1,352,701	6		Total current liabilities	21,898,66	65	13,204,445 55
1470	Other current assets (notes 6(1) and 7)	3,252,85	2 10	3,631,034	15		Non-Current liabilities:			
	Total current assets	29,016,22	8 87	18,963,373	79	2550	Non-current provisions (note $6(q)$)	126,48	, –	176,745 1
	Non-current assets:					2570	Deferred tax liabilities (note 6(r))	259,00	1	108,287 -
1510	Non-current financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss (notes 6(f) and					2580	Non-current lease liabilities (notes 6(j), (p) and (x))	299,44	. 1	211,167 1
	(\mathbf{x})	-	-	3,529	-	2600	Other non-current liabilities (notes (o), (q) and (x))	278,60	. 1	282,550 1
1517	Non-current financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income						Total non-current liabilities	963,53	3	778,749 3
	(notes $6(g)$ and (x))	1,630,91	0 5	2,026,136	9		Total liabilities	22,862,19	68	13,983,194 58
1550	Investments accounted for using equity method (notes 6(h) and 7)	839,28	0 3	874,867	4	31XX	Equity attributable to owners of parent (notes 6(g), (q) and (s)):			
1600	Property, plant and equipment (notes 6(i) and 7)	1,405,61	3 4	1,328,217	6	3100	Common stock	1,905,86	6	1,905,867 8
1755	Right-of-use assets (note 6(j))	376,59	8 1	285,099	1	3200	Capital surplus	378,35	: 1_	377,460 2
1780	Intangible assets (note 6(k))	19,13	8 -	22,096	-		Retained earnings:			
1840	Deferred tax assets (note 6(r))	121,26	8 -	181,705	1	3310	Legal reserve	2,694,58	8	2,416,160 10
1900	Other non-current assets (notes 6(l) and 7)	63,51	2 -	64,480		3350	Unappropriated earnings	5,296,90	3 16	4,010,254 17
	Total non-current assets	4,456,31	9 13	4,786,129	21			7,991,48	3 24	6,426,414 27
						3400	Other equity	712,06	2	896,922 4
	Total assets	<u>\$ 33,472,54</u>	7 100	23,749,502	100	3500	Treasury stock	(573,943	(2)	
							Total equity attributable to owners of parent	10,413,82	31	9,606,663 41
						36XX	Non-controlling interests	196,52	. 1	159,645 1
							Total equity	10,610,34	32	9,766,308 42
							Total liabilities and equity	<u>\$ 33,472,54</u>	100	23,749,502 100

(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese) UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 (Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollar, Except Earnings Per Share)

		2022		2021	
		Amount	%	Amount	%
4000	Operating Revenues (notes 6(u) and 7):				
4520		\$ 47,964,996	100	25,401,497	99
4600	Service and design revenue etc.	235,314	_	204,644	1
	Operating revenues, net	48,200,310	100	25,606,141	100
5000	Operating costs (notes 6(d), (k), (p), (q), 7 and 12):				
5520	Construction cost	41,389,192	86	21,441,053	84
5600	Service and design cost etc.	92,394	_	78,452	-
2000	Total operating costs	41,481,586	86	21,519,505	84
	Gross profit from operations	6,718,724	14	4,086,636	16
	Operating expenses (notes 6(c), (k), (p), (q), (v), 7 and 12):	0,710,72.		.,000,000	
6100	Selling expenses	39,507	_	27,285	_
6200	Administrative expenses	1,222,505	3	904,993	4
6300	Research and development expenses	27,165	_	30,000	_
6450	Reversal of expected credit losses	(817)	_	(15,303)	_
0.50	Total operating expenses	1,288,360	3	946,975	4
	Net operating income	5,430,364	11	3,139,661	12
	Non-operating income and expenses:	3,130,301	- 11	3,137,001	
7010	Other income (notes 6(b), (g), (w) and 7)	101,395	_	67,408	_
7020	Other gains and losses (note 6(w))	(348,650)	_	194,463	2
7100	Interest income (note 6(w))	163,398	_	96,436	_
7510	Interest expense (notes $6(p)$, (w) and 7)	(26,239)	_	(11,822)	_
7370	Share of profit of associations and joint ventures accounted for using equity method (note 6(h))	107,631	_	69,168	
7370	Total non-operating income and expenses	(2,465)		415,653	2
7900	Net income from continuing operations before tax	5,427,899	11	3,555,314	14
7950	Less: Income tax expenses (note $6(r)$)	1,326,054	3	734,832	3
	Net income		0		
8200	Other comprehensive income (notes 6(g), (q), (r) and (s)):	4,101,845	8	2,820,482	11
8300	Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:				
8310	-				
8311	Gains (losses) on remeasurements of defined benefit plans	33,355	-	17,388	-
8316	Unrealized gains (losses) from investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	(395,226)	-	67,418	-
8320	Share of other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	52,351	-	814	-
8349	Less: Income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	6,671	_	3,478	_
0377	Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	(316,191)		82,142	
0260	Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss:	(310,191)	-	02,142	<u> </u>
8360	Exchange differences on translation of foreign operation				
8361		189,079	-	(19,423)	-
8370	Share of other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss	9,643	-	(3,810)	-
8399	Less: Income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss	37,353	_	(3,635)	_
	Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss	161,369	_	(19,598)	
8300	Other comprehensive income	(154,822)		62,544	
8500	Comprehensive income	\$ 3,947,023	8	2,883,026	11
0500	Profit attributable to:	<u> </u>		2,000,020	
8610		\$ 3,999,485	8	2,769,475	11
8620	Non-controlling interests	102,360	0	51,007	11
0020	Non-controlling interests	\$ 4,101,845	8	2,820,482	11
	Comprehensive income attributable to:	<u> 7,1V1,U7J</u>	<u> </u>	#,U#V,704	
8710	·	\$ 3,842,345	8	2,833,267	11
8720	Non-controlling interests	104,678	_	49,759	-
3720	Tion controlling interests	\$ 3,947,023	- 8	2,883,026	11
9750	Basic earnings per share (in dollars) (note 6(t))		21.25	#9UUJ9U#U	14.53
9850	Diluted earnings per share (in dollars) (note 6(t))	\$	20.89		14.36
7030	Direct carmings per smare (in domars) (note o(t))	J.	<u> </u>		17.20

(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese) UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 (Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollar)

					E	quity attributable to	o owners of parent						
	Sh	are capital	– Capital		Retained earnings Unappropriated retained	Total retained	Exchange differences on translation of foreign	Other equity Unrealized gains (losses) on financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive	Total other	Treasury	Total equity	Non-controlling	
	Cor	mmon stock	surplus	reserve	earnings	earnings	operations	income	equity	stock	owners of parent	interests	Total equity
									0.4				
Balance on January 1, 2021	\$	1,905,867	368,144	2,015,786	4,866,403	6,882,189	(102,652)	950,506	847,854	-	10,004,054	147,464	10,151,518
Net income		-	-	-	2,769,475	2,769,475	-	-	-	-	2,769,475		2,820,482
Other comprehensive income		-	-	-	14,724	14,724	(18,350)		49,068	-	63,792	(1,248)	62,544
Total comprehensive income		-	-	-	2,784,199	2,784,199	(18,350)	67,418	49,068		2,833,267	49,759	2,883,026
Appropriation and distribution of retained earnings:													
Legal reserve		-	-	400,374	(400,374)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends		-	-	-	(3,239,974)	(3,239,974)	-	-	-	-	(3,239,974)	-	(3,239,974)
Other changes in capital surplus:													
Changes in equity of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method		-	9,111	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,111	-	9,111
Overdue unclaimed dividend transferred in		-	205	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	205	-	205
Changes in non-controlling interests		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(37,578)	(37,578)
Balance on December 31, 2021		1,905,867	377,460	2,416,160	4,010,254	6,426,414	(121,002)	1,017,924	896,922	-	9,606,663	159,645	9,766,308
Net income		-	-	-	3,999,485	3,999,485	-	-	-	-	3,999,485	102,360	4,101,845
Other comprehensive income		-	-	-	27,715	27,715	159,051	(343,906)	(184,855)	-	(157,140)	2,318	(154,822)
Total comprehensive income		-	-	-	4,027,200	4,027,200	159,051	(343,906)	(184,855)		3,842,345	104,678	3,947,023
Appropriation and distribution of retained earnings:													
Legal reserve appropriated		-	-	278,420	(278,420)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends of ordinary share		-	-	-	(2,462,131)	(2,462,131)	-	-	-	-	(2,462,131)	-	(2,462,131)
Other changes in capital surplus:													
Changes in equity of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method		-	518	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	518	-	518
Overdue unclaimed dividend transferred in		-	374	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	374	-	374
Purchase of treasury stock		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(573,943	3) (573,943)	-	(573,943)
Changes in non-controlling interests			-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	(67,801)	(67,801)
Balance on December 31, 2022	<u>\$</u>	1,905,867	378,352	2,694,580	5,296,903	7,991,483	38,049	674,018	712,067	(573,943	3) 10,413,826	196,522	10,610,348

(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese) UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 (Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollar)

	2022	2021
Cash flows from (used in) operating activities: Income before income tax	\$ 5,427,899	3,555,314
Adjustments:	\$ 3,427,899	3,333,314
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss):		
Depreciation expense	103,253	69,552
Amortization expense	6,713	1,630
Reversal of expected credit losses	(817)	(15,303)
Net loss (profit) on financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	377,036	(194,990)
Interest expense	26,239	11,822
Interest income	(163,398)	(96,436)
Dividend income	(22,642)	(12,273)
Share of profit of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method	(107,631)	(69,168)
Loss (gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	224	(15)
Gain on disposal of investments Gain on reversal of impairment loss of property, plant and equipment	(21,411) (1,402)	(31,382)
Other income	(66)	_
Total adjustments to reconcile loss	196,098	(336,563)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		(550,505)
Changes in operating assets:		
Increase in current contract assets	(429,482)	(1,143,490)
Decrease in notes receivable	697	6,367
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(5,499,451)	4,257,591
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable - related parties	107	(107)
Decrease (increase) in inventories	6,297	(6,974)
Increase in prepayments	(593,157)	(562,780)
(Increase) decrease in other current assets	(115,990)	14,279
Subtotal of changes in operating assets	(6,630,979)	2,564,886
Changes in operating liabilities:	(401 0/5	(74.202)
Increase (decrease) in current contract liabilities	6,491,065	(74,203)
(Decrease) increase in notes payable Decrease in notes payable—related parties	(44,553)	1,464
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	1,623,826	(5,983) (2,230,566)
Decrease in accounts payable—related parties	(30,055)	(168,336)
Increase (decrease) in current provisions	8,114	(7,596)
Increase (decrease) in other current liabilities	136,710	(100,004)
Decrease in net defined benefit liability	(16,907)	(132,849)
Increase (decrease) in other non-current liabilities	3,702	(1,909)
Subtotal of changes in operating liabilities	8,171,902	(2,719,982)
Total changes in operating assets and liabilities	1,540,923	(155,096)
Total adjustments	1,737,021	(491,659)
Cash inflow generated from operations	7,164,920	3,063,655
Interest received	147,731	94,412
Interest paid	(20,027)	(5,523)
Income taxes paid Net cash flows from operating activities	(675,146) 6,617,478	(1,059,019) 2,093,525
Cash flows from (used in) investing activities:		2,093,323
Proceeds from capital reduction of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	2,303	3,251
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	(26,408)
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	3,854	41,532
Proceeds from disposal of investments accounted for using equity method	176,570	535
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(98,588)	(463,340)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	14	80
(Increase) decrease in guarantee deposits paid	(10,077)	277
Acquisition of intangible assets	(3,152)	(19,800)
Decrease in other financial assets	549,728	36,741
Increase in other non-current assets	(27,346)	(101)
Dividends received	76,334	61,501
Net cash flows from (used in) investing activities	669,640	(365,732)
Cash flows from (used in) financing activities:	(7.650)	10.002
(Decrease) increase in guarantee deposits received	(7,650)	19,093
Payment of lease liabilities	(56,841)	(28,811)
Cash dividends paid	(2,462,131)	(3,239,974)
Payments to acquire treasury shares Overdue unclaimed dividends transferred to capital surplus	(573,943) 374	-
Overdue unclaimed dividends transferred to capital surplus Changes in non-controlling interests	(67,801)	205 (37,578)
Net cash flows used in financing activities	(3,167,992)	(3,287,065)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(3,107,992) 181,262	(19,415)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	4,300,388	(1,578,687)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	6,922,880	8,501,567

(English Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese)
UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021
(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollar, Unless Otherwise Specified)

(1) Company history

United Integrated Services Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as the "Company") was incorporated as a limited company under the provisions of the Ministry of Economic Affairs, R.O.C on September 13, 1982, as United Technology And Engineering Co., Ltd.. The Company reincorporated as United Linkfast Co., Ltd. on March 14, 1990. On October 30, 1990, the Company merged with Linkfast System Co., Ltd. The surviving company was United Linkfast Co., Ltd., and was renamed as United Integrated Services Co., Ltd. on May 29, 2002. On July 29, 2003, the Company merged with Taichun Technology Co., Ltd. through the cash consideration method. The surviving company was United Integrated Services Co., Ltd. The Company relocated during 2022 and changed the registered address to 13F., No.13, Qiaohe Rd., Zhonghe Dist., New Taipei City, Taiwan (R.O.C.)

The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred hereinafter as the "Group") are primarily engaged in: (1) Contracting various running water projects, instrumental control projects, refrigerating and air conditioning projects, installation of clean rooms and the related transactions and manufacturing of supplies. (2) Traffic surveillance & control system engineering building, factory computer control monitoring systems, engineering environment monitoring systems, the design and installation of engineering toll collection systems and related supply transactions. (3) Various electrical and mechanical engineering contracts for transmission and distribution of electric power. (4) The design, installation, maintenance and trading of related equipment of various computerized automatic engineering monitoring systems. (5) Contracting of various computer and communication system integration projects and the manufacturing and trading of related software and hardware. (6) Installation and design of controlling equipment in computer rooms. (7) Technical advisory services for planning and designing of projects. (8) Importing restrained telecom radio frequency equipment.

United Integrated Services (British Virgin Islands) Ltd. (UIS BVI), a holding company established in the third place in accordance to relevant laws of Republic of China, was established in accordance with the British Virgin Islands International Business Law on October 31, 2001. The company is engaged in investing in Su Yuan (Shanghai) Trading Ltd. and Suzhou Han Tai System Integrated Ltd., trading various engineering equipment and participating in installation projects. On August 2012, UIS BVI invested in Beijing Han He Tang Medical Instrument Ltd. and engaged in businesses such as distribution and agency services for medical devices.

On September 18, 2003, Jiangxi United Integrated Services Ltd. was incorporated as a limited company under the Ministry of Commerce of the People's Republic of China and the Jiangxi Provincial Administration of Industry and Commerce. The company mostly engages in is pipeline equipment installation projects.

On January 25, 2011, United Integrated Services Pte Ltd. was incorporated as a limited company under the Singapore Accounting & Corporate Regulatory Authority. The company mainly engages in the construction of clean rooms.

On June 3, 2020, Hanxuan Energy Co., Ltd. (Hanxuan Energy) was incorporated as a company limited by shares under the Taipei City Government. The major business activities of the company are the self-usage power generation equipment utilizing renewable energy, and energy technical services.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

On September 1, 2020, Hunter Energy Co., Ltd. (Hunter Energy) was incorporated as a company limited by shares under the New Taipei City Government. The major business activities of the company are the self-usage power generation equipment utilizing renewable energy, and energy technical services.

On November 30, 2020, UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES (USA) CORP. (UIS(USA)) was incorporated as a company limited by shares under the Arizona Corporation Commission. The major business activities of the company are: (1) the installation construction of electrical and clean room, as well as the related transactions of supplies. (2) technical advisory services for planning and designing of projects.

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the composition of the consolidated financial statements includes the Company, its subsidiaries (the Group), and the affiliates of the Group in the associates. Please refer to note 4 (c) for the main operation items of the Group.

(2) Approval date and procedures of the consolidated financial statements

These consolidated financial statements were authorized for issuance by the Board of Directors on March 23, 2023.

(3) New standards, amendments and interpretations adopted:

(a) The impact of the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission, R.O.C. which have already been adopted.

The Group has initially adopted the following new amendments, which do not have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements, from January 1, 2022:

- Amendments to IAS 16 "Property, Plant and Equipment Proceeds before Intended Use"
- Amendments to IAS 37 "Onerous Contracts—Cost of Fulfilling a Contract"
- Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2018 2020
- Amendments to IFRS 3 "Reference to the Conceptual Framework"
- (b) The impact of IFRS issued by the FSC but not yet effective

The Group assesses that the adoption of the following new amendments, effective for annual period beginning on January 1, 2023, would not have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements:

- Amendments to IAS 1 "Disclosure of Accounting Policies"
- Amendments to IAS 8 "Definition of Accounting Estimates"
- Amendments to IAS 12 "Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction"

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(c) The impact of IFRS issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

The Group does not expect the following new and amended standards, which have yet to be endorsed by the FSC, to have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements:

- Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 "Sale or Contribution of Assets Between an Investor and Its Associate or Joint Venture"
- IFRS 17 " Insurance Contracts" and amendments to IFRS 17 " Insurance Contracts"
- Amendments to IAS 1 "Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current"
- Amendments to IAS 1 "Non-current Liabilities with Covenants"
- Amendments to IFRS 17 "Initial Application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 Comparative Information "
- IFRS16 "Requirements for Sale and Leaseback Transactions"

(4) Summary of significant accounting policies

The significant accounting policies presented in the consolidated financial statements are summarized below. Except for those specifically indicated, the following accounting policies were applied consistently throughout the periods presented in the consolidated financial statements.

(a) Statement of compliance

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers (hereinafter referred to as "the Regulations") and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission, R.O.C..

- (b) Basis of preparation
- (i) Basis of measurement

Except for the following significant accounts, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis:

- 1) Financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value:
- 2) Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are measured at fair value;
- 3) The defined benefit liabilities are measured at fair value of the plan assets less the present value of the defined benefit obligation.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(ii) Functional and presentation currency

The functional currency of each Group entity is determined based on the primary economic environment in which the entity operates. The consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan Dollar (NT\$), which is the Company's functional currency. All financial information presented in NTD has been rounded to the nearest thousand.

(c) Basis of consolidation

(i) Principles of preparation of consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements comprise the Company and subsidiaries. The financial statements of the subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date on which control commences until the date on which control ceases. Intragroup balances and transactions, and any unrealized income and expenses arising from Intragroup transactions, are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements. The Group attributes the profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of the subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by the Group.

Changes in the Group's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in the loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions.

Shareholding

(ii) List of the subsidiaries in the consolidated financial statements

			Snaren	ioiaing	Ξ.
Name of			December	December	
investor	Name of subsidiary	Principal activity	31, 2022	31, 2021	Description
The Company	United Integrated Services BVI	Investment Business	100%	100%	Subsidiary of the Company
The Company	Jiangxi United Integrated Services Ltd.	Electromechanical business and pipeline engineering business	75%	75%	Subsidiary of the Company
The Company	United Integrated Services Pte Ltd.	Clean room construction	100%	100%	Subsidiary of the Company
The Company	Hanxuan Energy Co., Ltd. (note)	self-usage power generation equipment utilizing renewable energy and energy technical services	100%	100%	Subsidiary of the Company
The Company	Hunter Energy Co., Ltd. (note)	self-usage power generation equipment utilizing renewable energy and energy technical services	100%	100%	Subsidiary of the Company
The Company	UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES (USA) CORP.	Clean room construction	100%	100%	Subsidiary of the Company
United Integrated Services BVI	Su Yuan (Shanghai) Trading Ltd.	Selling semiconductors, clean rooms and electromechanical	100%	100%	Subsidiary of United Integrated Services BVI
					(0 1)

(Continued)

UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

equipment

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

			Sharel	holding	<u>_</u> .
Name of			December	December	
investor	Name of subsidiary	Principal activity	31, 2022	31, 2021	Description
United Integrated Services BVI	Suzhou Han Tai System Integrated Ltd.	Construction hardware materials production and sales	100%	100%	Subsidiary of United Integrated Services BVI
United Integrated Services BVI	Beijing Han He Tang Medical Instrument Ltd.	Distribution agency for medical equipment, import and export of goods, after-sales service	100%	100%	Subsidiary of United Integrated Services BVI

Note: It has not been in operation yet.

All subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements.

(d) Foreign currencies

(i) Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the respective functional currencies of Group entities at the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each subsequent reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currencies using the exchange rate at that date. Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at fair value are translated into the functional currencies using the exchange rate at the date that the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that are measured based on historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

Exchange differences are generally recognized in profit or loss, except for those differences relating to the following, which are recognized in other comprehensive income:

- 1) an investment in equity securities designated as at fair value through other comprehensive income:
- 2) a financial liability designated as a hedge of the net investment in a foreign operation to the extent that the hedge is effective; or
- 3) qualifying cash flow hedges to the extent that the hedges are effective.

(ii) Foreign operations

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations, including goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on acquisition, are translated into the presentation currency at the exchange rates at the reporting date. The income and expenses of foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency at the average exchange rate. Exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

When a foreign operation is disposed of such that control, significant influence, or joint control is lost, the cumulative amount in the translation reserve related to that foreign operation is reclassified to profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on disposal. When the Group disposes of only part of its interest in a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation while retaining control, the relevant proportion of the cumulative amount is reattributed to non-controlling interests. When the Group disposes of only part of its investment in an associate or joint venture that includes a foreign operation while retaining significant influence or joint control, the relevant proportion of the cumulative amount is reclassified to profit or loss.

When the settlement of a monetary receivable from or payable to a foreign operation is neither planned nor likely to occur in the foreseeable future, Exchange differences arising from such a monetary item that are considered to form part of the net investment in the foreign operation are recognized in other comprehensive income.

- (e) Classification of current and non-current assets and liabilities
- (i) An asset is classified as current under one of the following criteria, and all other assets are classified as non-current.
 - 1) It is expected to be realized, or intended to be sold or consumed, in the normal operating cycle;
 - 2) It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
 - 3) It is expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period; or
 - 4) The asset is cash or a cash equivalent (as defined in IAS 7) unless the asset is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.
- (ii) A liability is classified as current under one of the following criteria, and all other liabilities are classified as non-current.

An entity shall classify a liability as current when:

- 1) It is expected to be settled in the normal operating cycle;
- 2) It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- 3) It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- 4) The Group does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by issuing equity instruments do not affect its classification.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(iii) Other

The Group is mainly engaged in the planning, designing and construction contracting of engineering projects with a operating cycle of approximately three to five years. The classification of current and non-current assets and liabilities related to the engineering business is based on the operating cycle.

(f) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits. Cash equivalents are short term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in fair value. The definition of time deposit within 3 months is similar to that of cash equivalent; however, the purpose of holding time deposit is for short term cash commitment rather than investment.

(g) Financial instruments

(i) Financial assets

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at: amortized cost; FVOCI – equity investment; or FVTPL. Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the Group changes its business model for managing financial assets, in which case all affected financial assets are reclassified on the first day of the first reporting period following the change in the business model.

1) Financial assets measured at amortized cost

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

These assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost, which is the amount at which the financial asset is measured at initial recognition, plus/minus, the cumulative amortization using the effective interest method, adjusted for any loss allowance. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses, as well as impairment, are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognized in profit or loss.

2) Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)

On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Group may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in other comprehensive income. This election is made on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Equity investments at FVOCI are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividends are recognized as income in profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income and are never reclassified to profit or loss.

Dividend income is recognized in profit or loss on the date on which the Group's right to receive payment is established.

3) Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

All financial assets not classified as amortized cost or FVOCI described as above are measured at FVTPL. On initial recognition, the Group may irrevocably designate a financial asset, which meets the requirements to be measured at amortized cost or at FVOCI, as at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any interest or dividend income, are recognized in profit or loss.

4) Business model assessment

The Group makes an assessment of the objective of the business model in which a financial asset is held at portfolio level because this best reflects the way the business is managed and information is provided to management. The information considered includes:

- the stated policies and objectives for the portfolio and the operation of those policies in practice. These include whether management's strategy focuses on earning contractual interest income, maintaining a particular interest rate profile, matching the duration of the financial assets to the duration of any related liabilities or expected cash outflows or realizing cash flows through the sale of the assets;
- how the performance of the portfolio is evaluated and reported to the Group's management;
- the risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and how those risks are managed;
- the frequency, volume and timing of sales of financial assets in prior periods, the reasons for such sales and expectations about future sales activity.

Transfers of financial assets to third parties in transactions that do not qualify for derecognition are not considered sales for this purpose, and are consistent with the Group's continuing recognition of the assets.

Financial assets that are held for trading or are managed and whose performance is evaluated on a fair value basis are measured at FVTPL.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

5) Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognizes loss allowances for expected credit losses (ECL) on financial assets measured at amortized cost (including cash and cash equivalents, notes and accounts receivable, other receivable, guarantee deposit paid and other financial assets), debt investments measured at FVOCI, accounts receivable and contract assets.

Loss allowance for trade receivables and contract assets are always measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECL.

Lifetime ECLs are the ECLs that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Group is exposed to credit risk.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECL, the Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis based on the Group's historical experience and informed credit assessment as well as forward-looking information.

The Group considers a financial asset to be in default when the financial asset is more than a year past due, or the debtor is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Group in full.

ECLs are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e the difference between the cash flows due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive). ECLs are discounted at the effective interest rate of the financial asset.

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether financial assets carried at amortized cost and debt securities at FVOCI are credit-impaired. A financial asset is 'credit-impaired' when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes the following observable data:

- significant financial difficulty of the borrower or issuer;
- a breach of contract such as a default or being more than a year past due;
- the disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties.

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortized cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off when the Group has no reasonable expectations of recovering a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof. For corporate customers, the Group individually makes an assessment with respect to the timing and amount of write-off based on whether there is a reasonable expectation of recovery. The Group expects no significant recovery from the amount written off. However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities in order to comply with the Group's procedures for recovery of amounts due.

6) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and it does not retain control of the financial asset.

The Group enters into transactions whereby it transfers assets recognized in its statement of balance sheet, but retains either all or substantially all of the risks and rewards of the transferred assets. In these cases, the transferred assets are not derecognized.

(ii) Financial liabilities

1) Financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is also recognized in profit or loss.

2) Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Group derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expire. The Group also derecognizes a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows of the modified liability are substantially different, in which case a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognized at fair value.

On derecognition of a financial liability, the difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability extinguished and the consideration paid (including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed) is recognized in profit or loss.

3) Offsetting of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of balance sheet when, and only when, the Group currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(h) Inventories

The cost of inventories consists of all costs of purchase, conversion, and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. The cost of inventories includes an appropriate share of fixed production overhead based on normal capacity and allocated variable production overhead based on actual output. However, unallocated fixed production overhead arising from lower or idle capacity is recognized in cost of goods sold during the period. If actual capacity is higher than normal capacity, fixed production overhead should be allocated based on actual capacity. The method of valuing inventories is the weighted average method.

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and selling expenses at the end of the period. When the cost of inventories is higher than the net realizable value, inventories are written down to net realizable value, and the write down amount is charged to current year's cost of goods sold. If net realizable value increases in the future, the cost of inventories is reversed within the original write down amount, and such reversal is treated as a reduction of cost of goods sold.

(i) Investment in associates

Associates are those entities in which the Group has significant influence, but not control or joint control, over their financial and operating policies.

Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method and are recognized initially at cost. The cost of the investment includes transaction costs. The carrying amount of the investment in associates includes goodwill arising from the acquisition less any accumulated impairment losses.

The consolidated financial statements include the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of those associates, after adjustments to align their accounting policies with those of the Group, from the date on which significant influence commences until the date on which significant influence ceases. The Group recognizes any changes of its proportionate share in the investee within capital surplus, when an associate's equity changes due to reasons other than profit and loss or comprehensive income, which did not result in changes in actual significant influence.

Gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and an associate are recognized only to the extent of unrelated Group's interests in the associate.

When the Group's share of losses of an associate equals or exceeds its interests in an associate, it discontinues recognizing its share of further losses. After the recognized interest is reduced to zero, additional losses are provided for, and a liability is recognized, only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

When the Group subscribes to additional shares in an associate at a percentage different from its existing ownership percentage, the resulting carrying amount of the investment will differ from the amount of the Group's proportionate interest in the net assets of the associate. The Group records such a difference as an adjustment to investments, with the corresponding amount charged or credited to capital surplus. The aforesaid adjustment should first be adjusted under capital surplus. If the capital surplus resulting from changes in ownership interest is not sufficient, the remaining difference is debited to retained earnings. If the Group's ownership interest is reduced due to the additional subscription to the shares of the associate by other investors, the proportionate amount of the gains or losses previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate will be reclassified to profit or loss on the same basis as would be required if the associate had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

(j) Property, plant and equipment

(i) Recognition and measurement

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost, which includes capitalized borrowing costs, less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognized in profit or loss.

(ii) Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Group.

(iii) Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated on the cost of an asset less its residual value and is recognized in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of each component of an item of property, plant and equipment.

Land is not depreciated.

The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment for current and comparative periods are as follows:

Buildings	5~50 years
Machinery	3∼7 years
Plant equipment	3~50 years
Transportation equipment	3∼5 years
Office equipment	3∼10 years
Leasehold improvements	5 years

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each annual reporting date and adjusted if appropriate.

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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(k) Leases

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

(i) As a lessee

The Group recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be reliably determined, the Group's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following:

- fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments;
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; and
- payments for purchase or termination options that are reasonably certain to be exercised.

The lease liability is measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when:

- there is a change in future lease payments arising from the change in an index or rate; or
- there is a change in the Group's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; or
- there is a change in the lease term resulting from a change of its assessment on whether it will exercise an option to purchase the underlying asset, or
- there is a change of its assessment on whether it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option; or
- there is any lease modifications

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

When the lease liability is remeasured, other than lease modifications, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or in profit and loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

When the lease liability is remeasured to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease for lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease, the Group accounts for the remeasurement of the lease liability by decreasing the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease, and recognize in profit or loss any gain or loss relating to the partial or full termination of the lease.

The Group presents right-of-use assets that do not meet the definition of investment and lease liabilities as a separate line item respectively in the statement of financial position.

The Group has elected not to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases of buildings and office equipment that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets, including IT equipment. The Group recognizes the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(ii) As a leasor

When the Group acts as a lessor, it determines at lease commencement whether each lease is a finance lease or an operating lease. To classify each lease, the Group makes an overall assessment of whether the lease transfers to the lessee substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership incidental to ownership of the underlying asset. If this is the case, then the lease is a finance lease; if not, then the lease is an operating lease. As part of this assessment, the Group considers certain indicators such as whether the lease is for the major part of the economic life of the asset.

(1) Intangible assets

(i) Recognition and measurement

Other intangible assets, including computer software, that are acquired by the Group and have finite useful lives are measured at cost less accumulated amortization and any accumulated impairment losses.

(ii) Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates. All other expenditure, including expenditure on internally generated goodwill and brands, is recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

(iii) Amortization

Amortization is calculated over the cost of the asset, less its residual value, and is recognized in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of intangible assets, other than goodwill, from the date that they are available for use.

The estimated useful lives for current and comparative periods are as follows:

Computer software

 $2\sim10$ years

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Amortization methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each annual reporting date and adjusted if appropriate.

(m) Impairment of non-financial assets

At each reporting date, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its non-financial assets (other than inventories, contract assets, deferred tax assets and assets arising from employee benefits) to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. Goodwill is tested annually for impairment.

For impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or CGUs. Goodwill arising from a business combination is allocated to CGUs or groups of CGUs that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or CGU.

An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount.

Impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss. They are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the CGU, and then to reduce the carrying amounts of the other assets in the CGU on a pro rata basis.

An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed. For other assets, an impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

(n) Provisions

A provision is recognized if, as a result of a past event, the Group has a present obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects the current market assessments of the monetary market time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognized as finance cost.

The Group shall provide one-thousandth of the total contract amounts for the completed project within one year of the period-end settlement for the project warranty reserve. When the actual expenditure occurs, the provision is reversed, and if there is a deficiency, it is listed as the annual expense.

A provision for onerous contracts is recognized when the expected benefits to be derived by the Group from a contract are lower than the unavoidable cost of meeting its obligations under the contract. The provision is measured at the present value of the lower of the expected cost of terminating the contract and the expected net cost of continuing with the contract. Before a provision is established, the Group recognizes any impairment loss on the assets associated with that contract.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(o) Revenue Recognition

Revenue is measured based on the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer. The Group recognizes revenue when it satisfies a performance obligation by transferring control of a good or a service to a customer. The accounting policies for the Group's main types of revenue are explained below.

(i) Sale of goods

The Group recognizes revenue when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the customer, the customer has full discretion over the channel and price to sell the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer, and either the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, the acceptance provisions have lapsed, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.

A receivable is recognized when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the Group has a right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional.

(ii) Consulting Services

The Group is engaged in providing construction consulting and design services. Revenue from providing services is recognized in the accounting period in which the services are rendered. For fixed price contracts, revenue is recognized based on the actual service provided to the end of the reporting period as a proportion of the total services to be provided. The proportion of services provided is determined based on the surveys of work performed.

(iii) Construction contracts

The Group enters into contracts to design and install constructions. Because its customer controls the asset as it is being constructed, the Group recognizes revenue over time basis of the construction costs incurred to date as a proportion of the total estimated costs of the contract. The consideration promised in the contract includes fixed and variable amounts. Considering the progress of a public construction is highly susceptible to factors outside the Group's control and, therefore, completion bonus is usually constrained, the Group recognizes revenue only to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognized will not occur. If the Group has recognized revenue, but not issued a bill, then the entitlement to consideration is recognized as a contract asset. The contract asset is transferred to receivables when the entitlement to payment becomes unconditional.

If the Group cannot reasonably measure its progress towards complete satisfaction of the performance obligation of a construction contract, the Group shall recognize revenue only to the extent of the costs expected to be recovered.

A provision for onerous contracts is recognized when the Group expects the unavoidable costs of performing the obligations under a construction contract exceed the economic benefits expected to be received under the contract.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Estimates of revenues, costs or extent of progress toward completion are revised if circumstances change. Any resulting increases or decreases in estimated revenues or costs are reflected in profit or loss in the period in which the circumstances that give rise to the revision become known by management.

For constructions, the Group offers a standard warranty to provide assurance that they comply with agreed-upon specifications and has recognized warranty provisions for this obligation.

(p) Contract costs

(i) Incremental costs of obtaining a contract

The Group recognizes as an asset the incremental costs of obtaining a contract with a customer if the Group expects to recover those costs. The incremental costs of obtaining a contract are those costs that the Group incurs to obtain a contract with a customer that it would not have incurred if the contract had not been obtained. Costs to obtain a contract that would have been incurred regardless of whether the contract was obtained shall be recognized as an expense when incurred, unless those costs are explicitly chargeable to the customer regardless of whether the contract is obtained.

The Group applies the practical expedient to recognize the incremental costs of obtaining a contract as an expense when incurred if the amortization period of the asset that the entity otherwise would have recognized is one year or less.

(ii) Costs to fulfil a contract

If the costs incurred in fulfilling a contract with a customer are not within the scope of another Standard (for example, IAS 2 Inventories, IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment or IAS 38 Intangible Assets), the Group recognizes an asset from the costs incurred to fulfil a contract only if those costs meet all of the following criteria:

- The costs relate directly to a contract or to an anticipated contract that the Group can specifically identify;
- The costs generate or enhance resources of the Group that will be used in satisfying (or in continuing to satisfy) performance obligations in the future; and
- The costs are expected to be recovered.

General and administrative costs, costs of wasted materials, labor or other resources to fulfil the contract that were not reflected in the price of the contract, costs that relate to satisfied performance obligations (or partially satisfied performance obligations), and costs for which the Group cannot distinguish whether the costs relate to unsatisfied performance obligations or to satisfied performance obligations(or partially satisfied performance obligations), the Group recognizes these costs as expenses when incurred.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(q) Employee benefits

(i) Defined contribution plans

Obligations for contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed as the related service is provided.

(ii) Defined benefit plans

The Group's net obligation in respect of defined benefit plans is calculated separately for each the plan by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in the current and prior periods, discounting that amount and deducting the fair value of any plan assets.

The calculation of defined benefit obligations is performed annually by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method. When the calculation results in a potential asset for the Group, the recognized asset is limited to the present value of economic benefits available in the form of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan. To calculate the present value of economic benefits, consideration is given to any applicable minimum funding requirements.

Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability, which comprise actuarial gains and losses, the return on plan assets (excluding interest) and the effect of the asset ceiling (if any, excluding interest), are recognized immediately in other comprehensive income, and accumulated in retained earnings within equity. The Group determines the net interest expense (income) on the net defined benefit liability (asset) for the period by applying the discount rate used to measure the defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the annual period to the then-net defined benefit liability (asset). Net interest expense and other expenses related to defined benefit plans are recognized in profit or loss.

When the benefits of a plan are changed or when a plan is curtailed, the resulting change in benefit that relates to past service or the gain or loss on curtailment is recognized immediately in profit or loss. The Group recognizes gains and losses on the settlement of a defined benefit plan when the settlement occurs.

(iii) Short term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognized for the amount expected to be paid if the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

(r) Income tax

Income taxes comprise current taxes and deferred taxes. Except for expenses related to business combinations or recognized directly in equity or other comprehensive income, all current and deferred taxes are recognized in profit or loss.

The surtax on undistributed earnings, computed according to the ROC Income Tax Act, is charged to current income expense in the year when stockholders decide not to distribute the earnings.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Current taxes comprise the expected tax payables or receivables on the taxable profits (losses) for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years. The amount of current tax payables or receivables are the best estimate of the tax amount expected to be paid or received that reflects uncertainty related to income taxes, if any. It is measured using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred taxes arise due to temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their respective tax bases. Deferred taxes are recognized except for the following:

- (i) temporary differences on the initial recognition of assets and liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profits (losses) at the time of the transaction;
- (ii) temporary differences related to investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint arrangements to the extent that the Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future; and
- (iii) taxable temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of goodwill.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for the carry forward of unused tax losses, unused tax credits, and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefits will be realized; such reductions are reversed when the probability of future taxable profits improves.

Deferred taxes are measured at tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reserve, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if the following criteria are met:

- (i) the Group has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and
- (ii) the deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either:
 - 1) the same taxable entity; or
 - 2) different taxable entities which intend to settle current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis, or to realize the assets and liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(s) Earnings per share

The Group discloses the Company's basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company. Basic earnings per share is calculated as the profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding. Diluted earnings per share is calculated as the profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding after adjustment for the effects of all potentially dilutive ordinary shares.

(t) Operating segments

An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses (including revenues and expenses relating to transactions with other components of the Group). Operating results of the operating segment are regularly reviewed by the Group's chief operating decision maker to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and to assess its performance. Each operating segment consists of standalone financial information.

(5) Significant accounting assumptions and judgments, and major sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates, and assumptions that affect the application of the accounting policies and the reported amount of assets, liabilities, income, and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The management continues to monitor the accounting assumptions, estimates and judgments. The management recognizes the changes in the accounting estimates during the period and the impact of the changes in the accounting estimates in the next period.

Information about judgments made in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effects on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements is as follows:

(a) Judgment regarding significant influence of investees

The Group has less than 20% of the voting or potential voting rights of Wholetech System Hitech Limited and JG Environmental Technology Co., Ltd. However, the Group has determined that it has significant influence because it has participation in the policy-making process of Wholetech System Hitech Limited and JG Environmental Technology Co., Ltd.

Information about assumptions and estimation uncertainties that have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year is as follows. Those assumptions and estimation have been updated to reflect the impact of COVID-19 pandemic:

(a) Impairment assessment of accounts receivable

The Group has estimated the allowance for loss on accounts receivable that is based on the risk of default occurring and the rate of expected credit loss. The Group has considered historical experience, current economic conditions and forward-looking information at the reporting date to determine the assumptions to be used in calculating impairments and the selected inputs. For relevant assumptions and input values, please refer to Note 6 (c).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(b) Revenue recognition

The Group recognizes contract revenues based on the degree of completion on construction contracts; degree of completion is calculated with contract costs incurred to date as a percentage of estimated total contract costs. The Group considers the nature of each project, the estimated construction period, the project item, the construction process, the construction method and the estimated amount of the subcontracts when estimating total contract costs. Any changes in the estimates above may result in a significant adjustment to the estimated amount. For details of revenue recognition, please refer to Note 6 (u).

(c) Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of non-active market or non-quoted financial instruments is determined by the valuation model or counterparty quotes. When using the valuation model to determine fair value, the models use only observable data as input values, without artificial adjustment, as far as possible. To avoid differences in cross period financial reporting arose from changes in data source, the observable input shall be a stable, long-term available market practice parameter. Moreover, the model must be repeatedly verified and revised in order to ensure that the output is adequate to reflect the value of the asset.

For detailed information on the main assumptions used in determining the fair value of the financial instruments and detailed sensitivity analysis of these assumptions, please refer to Note 6(x).

(d) Measurement of defined benefit obligations

Defined benefit costs and net defined benefit liabilities (assets) under defined benefit pension plans are calculated using the Projected Unit Credit Method. The appropriate actuarial assumptions include the discount rate, employee turnover rate, and future salary increase rate. Changes in economic circumstances and market conditions will affect these assumptions and may have a material impact on the amount of the expense and liability. Please refer to Note 6 (q) for the material actuarial assumptions and sensitivity analysis for actuarial calculations.

(6) Explanation of significant accounts

(a) Cash and cash equivalents

		ecember 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	
Cash on hand and petty cash	\$	5,234	6,223	
Demand deposits		6,148,441	3,872,311	
Check deposits		1,043,595	60,990	
Time deposits		4,025,998	2,983,356	
Cash and cash equivalents in the consolidated statement of cash flow	<u>\$</u>	11,223,268	6,922,880	

Please refer to note 6 (x) for the disclosure of the sensitivity analysis and interest rate risk of the financial assets and liabilities of the Group.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(b) Current financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss

	Dec	ember 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss:			
Domestic listed stocks	\$	249,273	252,646
Domestic unlisted stocks		68,687	68,687
Valuation adjustment		10,216	389,628
Total	\$	328,176	710,961

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Group recognized dividend income from the above financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss of \$22,642 thousand and \$12,273 thousand, respectively.

(c) Notes and accounts receivable, net

	December 31, 2022		December 31, 2021	
Notes receivable – unrelated parties	\$	319	1,016	
Accounts receivable - unrelated parties		8,574,362	3,145,313	
Accounts receivable – related parties		-	107	
Less: Loss allowance		179,744	248,569	
Total	<u>\$</u>	8,394,937	2,897,867	

The Group applies the simplified approach to provide for its expected credit losses, i.e. the use of lifetime expected loss provision for all receivables. To measure the expected credit losses, accounts receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due, as well as incorporated forward looking information, including macroeconomic and relevant industry information. The loss allowance provisions in respect of all receivables were determined as follows:

	December 31, 2022			
			Weighted-avera	
		oss carrying amount	ge expected credit loss rate	Loss allowance provision
Current	\$	8,300,247		-
1 to 60 days past due		89,262	1%	892
61 to 120 days past due		1,807	1%	18
121 to 365 days past due		4,577	1%	46
More than one year past due		178,788	100%	178,788
	<u>\$</u>	8,574,681		<u>179,744</u>

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

	December 31, 2021			
			Weighted-avera	
		oss carrying amount	ge expected credit loss rate	Loss allowance provision
Current	\$	2,730,856		-
1 to 60 days past due		130,758	1%	1,308
61 to 120 days past due		1,909	1%	19
121 to 365 days past due		36,031	1%	360
More than one year past due		246,882	100%	246,882
	<u>\$</u>	3,146,436		248,569

The movement in the allowance for notes and accounts receivable were as follows:

		2022	2021
Balance on January 1	\$	248,569	265,225
Gain on reversal of impairment loss recognized		(817)	(15,303)
Amounts written off		(70,402)	-
Foreign exchange losses / (gains)		2,394	(1,353)
Balance on December 31	<u>\$</u>	179,744	248,569

The Group recognized the allowance for notes and accounts receivable based on the nature of the industry, historical payment behavior and the credit rating of customers.

The Group did not provide any notes and accounts receivable as collaterals.

(d) Inventories

		Cost	Allowance for Impairment	Carrying Amount
Raw materials	\$	34,755	(5,623)	29,132
Work in progress		28,861	(18,769)	10,092
Finished goods		21,354	(9,450)	11,904
Merchandise		7,742	(6,734)	1,008
Total	<u>\$</u>	92,712	(40,576)	52,136
		December 31, 2021		
		Cost	Allowance for Impairment	Carrying Amount
Raw materials	\$	53,450	(5,895)	47,555
Work in progress		24,405	(22,626)	1,779
Finished goods		16,594	(9,557)	7,037
Merchandise		8,003	(5,941)	2,062
Total	•	102,452	(44,019)	58,433

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The (write-down of inventories) reversal of write-downs to net realizable value amounted to \$3,443 thousand and \$(4,553) thousand, respectively, for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.

The Group did not provide any inventories as collaterals.

(e) Prepayments

	December 31, 2022		December 31, 2021	
Domestic purchase of materials	\$	486,530	266,250	
Foreign purchase of materials		1,241,573	888,494	
Prepaid project subcontractor cost		46,380	52,093	
Prepaid insurance expense		85,595	90,075	
Others		85,780	55,789	
Total	<u>\$</u>	1,945,858	1,352,701	

(f) Non-current financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss

	De	cember 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or			
loss:			
Unlisted stocks	\$	25,639	31,544
Valuation adjustments		(25,639)	(28,015)
Total	<u>\$</u>		3,529

(g) Non-current financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

	De	cember 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income			
Unlisted stocks (overseas)	\$	1,008,212	1,008,212
Valuation adjustment		622,698	1,017,924
Total	\$	1,630,910	2,026,136

(i) The equity instrument investment of the Group is a long-term strategic investment and is not held for trading, which has been designated as measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(ii) The changes in valuation adjustment of financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income were as follows:

	2022	2021
Balance on January 1	\$ 1,017,924	950,506
Add: Changes for the period	 (395,226)	67,418
Balance on December 31	\$ 622,698	1.017.924

- (h) Investments accounted for using equity method
- (i) Affiliate which was material to the Group consisted of the followings:

Name of	Nature of Relationship	Main operating location/Registered	Propor shareholdin rig	
		Country of the	December	December
Affiliate	with the Group	_ Company	31, 2022	31, 2021
Ablerex electronics	Selling and Manufacturing	Taiwan	31.57%	33.30%
co., Ltd.	of UPS			

The fair value of the investment in associates which are publicly traded was as follows:

	Dec	ember 31,	December 31,
		2022	2021
Ablerex electronics co., Ltd.	<u>\$</u>	605,282	589,719

A summary of the consolidated financial information of significant associates was as follows:

	De	ecember 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Current assets	\$	2,540,220	2,406,092
Non-current assets		1,174,296	972,575
Current liabilities		(1,841,299)	(1,751,250)
Non-current liabilities		(124,820)	(120,375)
Net assets	<u>\$</u>	1,748,397	1,507,042
Net assets attributable to non-controlling interests	<u>\$</u>	12,194	13,878
Net assets attributable to investee	<u>\$</u>	1,736,203	1,493,164
		2022	2021
Operating revenue	\$	3,057,767	2,984,677
Net income from continuing operations	\$	115,658	76,511
Other comprehensive income		187,820	(5,778)
Total comprehensive income	<u>\$</u>	303,478	70,733
Total comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests	<u>\$</u>	(1,684)	339

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Total comprehensive income attributable to investee \$\\ 305,162 \\ 70,394

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

	2022	2021
Share of net assets of associate attributable to the Group as of January 1	\$ 498,930	490,473
Total comprehensive income attributable to the Group	99,259	23,444
Changes in capital surplus of associates accounted for using equity method	486	-
Disposal of investments	(30,916)	-
Dividends from associate	 (17,887)	(14,987)
Share of net assets of associate attributable to the Group as of December 31	549,872	498,930
Add: Goodwill	 116	116
Ending balance of net assets of associate attributable to the Group	\$ 549,988	499,046

(ii) Insignificant associates

The Group's financial information for investments accounted for using the equity method that are individually insignificant were as follows:

	De	cember 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Carrying amount of individually insignificant associates' equity	\$	289,292	375,821
		2022	2021
Attributable to the Group:			
Net income from continuing operations	\$	68,991	43,900
Other comprehensive income		1,368	(1,172)
Total comprehensive income	<u>\$</u>	70,359	42,728

In 2022 and 2021, the preparation of the financial statements for the investee companies under the equity method was evaluated based on the independent auditors' reports of the investee companies. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the share of profit of associations accounted for using equity method amounted to \$107,631 thousand and \$69,168 thousand, respectively.

(iii) Guarantee

The Group did not provide any investment accounted for using equity method as collaterals.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(i) Property, plant and equipment

The cost, depreciation, and impairment of the property, plant and equipment of the Group for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, were as follows:

		Land	Buildings	Machinery	Plant equipment	Transportation Equipment	Office equipment	Leasehold Improvements	Total
Cost or deemed cost:									
Balance on January 1, 2022	\$	782,737	562,141	68,968	162,689	15,075	72,798	2,076	1,666,484
Additions		-	28,654	-	21,270	4,811	19,200	24,653	98,588
Disposal		-	-	(258)	-	(633)	(2,678)	-	(3,569)
Reclassification		-	-	-	-	1,578	-	-	1,578
Effect of movements in exchange rates		835	7,880	374	611	229	427	709	11,065
Balance on December 31, 2022	S	783,572	598,675	69,084	184,570	21,060	89,747	27,438	1,774,146
Balance on January 1, 2021	\$	402,782	389,844	70,800	156,387	12,081	71,317	2,076	1,105,287
Additions		318,269	132,733	81	6,302	3,880	2,075	-	463,340
Disposals		-	-	(1,713)	-	(859)	(455)	-	(3,027)
Reclassification		61,876	42,729	-	-	-	-	-	104,605
Effect of movements in exchange rates		(190)	(3,165)	(200)	-	(27)	(139)	-	(3,721)
Balance on December 31, 2021	S	782,737	562,141	68,968	162,689	15,075	72,798	2,076	1,666,484
Accumulated depreciation and impairment loss:									
Balance on January 1, 2022	\$	1,160	148,353	64,669	51,754	8,839	61,416	2,076	338,267
Depreciation		-	18,496	774	6,436	2,318	3,641	912	32,577
Reversal of impairment		(1,160)	(242)	-	-	-	-	-	(1,402)
Disposal		-	-	(242)	-	(633)	(2,456)	-	(3,331)
Effect of movements in exchange rates		-	1,678	358	68	66	226	26	2,422
Balance on December 31, 2022	S	-	168,285	65,559	58,258	10,590	62,827	3,014	368,533
Balance on January 1, 2021	\$	1,160	131,715	65,329	47,237	8,323	58,656	2,049	314,469
Depreciation		-	17,405	1,203	4,517	1,400	3,284	27	27,836
Disposal		-	-	(1,674)	-	(858)	(430)	-	(2,962)
Effect of movements in exchange rates		-	(767)	(189)	-	(26)	(94)	-	(1,076)
Balance on December 31, 2021	S	1,160	148,353	64,669	51,754	8,839	61,416	2,076	338,267
Carrying amounts:									
Balance on December 31, 2022	\$	783,572	430,390	3,525	126,312	10,470	26,920	24,424	1,405,613
Balance on January 1, 2021	\$	401,622	258,129	5,471	109,150	3,758	12,661	27	790,818
Balance on December 31, 2021	<u>s</u>	781,577	413,788	4,299	110,935	6,236	11,382	-	1,328,217

The property, plant and equipment of the Group had not been pledged as collaterals.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(j) Right-of-use assets

The Group leases many assets including land, buildings and office equipment. Information about leases for which the Group as a lessee was presented below:

		Land	Buildings	Office equipment	Total
Cost:					
Balance on January 1, 2022	\$	173,684	181,318	563	355,565
Additions		-	160,942	465	161,407
Write-off		(1,513)	(36,815)	(239)	(38,567)
Effect of movements in exchange rates		476	14,264	4	14,744
Balance on December 31, 2022	<u>\$</u>	172,647	319,709	793	493,149
Balance on January 1, 2021	\$	173,941	51,635	505	226,081
Additions		-	135,598	123	135,721
Write-off		-	(4,658)	(63)	(4,721)
Effect of movements in exchange rates		(257)	(1,257)	(2)	(1,516)
Balance on December 31, 2021	<u>\$</u>	173,684	181,318	563	355,565
Accumulated depreciation:					
Balance on January 1, 2022	\$	11,171	58,854	441	70,466
Depreciation		6,951	63,487	238	70,676
Write-off		-	(27,074)	(239)	(27,313)
Effect of movements in exchange rates		31	2,687	4	2,722
Balance on December 31, 2022	<u>\$</u>	18,153	97,954	444	116,551
Balance on January 1, 2021	\$	3,808	29,672	278	33,758
Depreciation		7,376	34,112	228	41,716
Write-off		-	(4,658)	(63)	(4,721)
Effect of movements in exchange rates		(13)	(272)	(2)	(287)
Balance on December 31, 2021	<u>\$</u>	11,171	58,854	441	70,466
Carrying amount:					
Balance on December 31, 2022	<u>\$</u>	154,494	221,755	349	376,598
Balance on January 1, 2021	<u>\$</u>	170,133	21,963	227	192,323
Balance on December 31, 2021	<u>\$</u>	162,513	122,464	122	285,099

The Group and Mr. Larry entered into a warehouse lease agreement in September 2022, with a contract term of 5 years and a total rental price of US\$5,495 thousand. According to the transaction, the Group initially recognized right-of-use assets and lease liabilities, both amounting to US\$4,767 thousand (NT\$142,306 thousand).

The Group and Exeter 100 West Pinnacle Peak, LLC entered into a warehouse lease agreement in August 2021, with a contract term of 3 years and a total rental price of US\$3,678 thousand. According to the transaction, the Group initially recognized right-of-use assets and lease liabilities, both amounting to US\$3,253 thousand (NT\$90,043 thousand).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

On September 9, 2020, the Group entered into a land lease for solar energy installment with Jindun Village Forestry Cooperative of Changhua County. The construction period (from the notarization date to finish the construction) is 18 months, with an annual rental of \$400 thousand for the first year. The monthly rental was \$80 thousand starting from the second year. An application for an 18-month extension shall be approved by the lessor when 18 months of construction is mature, and the monthly rental is \$160 thousand starting from the 31st month. Furthermore, the annual rental was \$8,400 thousand, as well as the land value tax born by the lessee for a period of 20 years from the date of completion of the construction. According to the above transactions, the Group initially recognized right-of-use assets and lease liabilities, both amounting to \$141,343 thousands. In early 2022, the lessor has agreed to extend the construction period to August 2023. The lease modification led to the write-off of right-of-use assets and lease liabilities both amounting to \$1,513 thousand in 2022.

(k) Intangible assets

The cost and amortization of the intangible assets of the Group for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 were as follows:

		omputer oftware
Costs:		
Balance on January 1, 2022	\$	31,574
Additions		3,152
Disposals		(7,321)
Effect of changes in exchange rate		113
Balance on December 31, 2022	<u>\$</u>	27,518
Balance on January 1, 2021	\$	11,783
Additions		19,800
Effect of changes in exchange rates		(9)
Balance on December 31, 2021	<u>\$</u>	31,574
Accumulated amortization:		
Balance on January 1, 2022	\$	9,478
Amortization		6,185
Disposals		(7,321)
Effect of changes in exchange rates		38
Balance on December 31, 2022	<u>\$</u>	8,380
Balance on January 1, 2021	\$	8,430
Amortization		1,048
Balance on December 31, 2021	<u>\$</u>	9,478
Carrying value:		
Balance on December 31, 2022	<u>\$</u>	19,138
Balance on January 1, 2021	<u>\$</u>	3,353
Balance on December 31, 2021	<u>\$</u>	22,096

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the amortization expense amounted to \$6,185 thousand and \$1,048 thousand, respectively. These expenses were included in operating costs and operating expenses in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

- (1) Other current assets and non-current assets
- (i) The other current assets of the Group were as follows:

	December 31, 2022		December 31, 2021	
Other financial assets	\$	2,925,204	3,442,594	
Construction guarantee deposits paid		11,461	3,910	
Temporary payment		987	9,836	
Others		315,200	174,694	
Total	<u>\$</u>	3,252,852	3,631,034	

Other financial assets were time deposits with a maturity of three to twelve months.

(ii) The other non-current assets of the Group were as follows:

	De	cember 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Other financial assets	\$	-	32,338
Guarantee deposits paid		30,611	28,085
Prepayments of equipment for construction project		24,216	2,088
Others		8,685	1,969
Total	<u>\$</u>	63,512	64,480

Other financial assets were mainly time deposits with a maturity of more than twelve months and bank deposits with restricted pay holders.

(m) Short-term borrowings

The short-term borrowings were summarized as follows:

	D	ecember 31,	December 31,
		2022	2021
Range of interest rates (%)	_	-	
Unused short-term credit lines	<u>\$</u>	19,642,940	21,039,440

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(n) Current provisions

	\mathbf{W}_{i}	arranty
Balance on January 1, 2022	\$	11,812
Provisions made during the year		12,505
Provisions used during the year		(4,391)
Balance on December 31, 2022	<u>\$</u>	19,926
Balance on January 1, 2021	\$	19,408
Provisions made during the year		9,339
Provisions used during the year		(16,935)
Balance on December 31, 2021	<u>\$</u>	11,812

The Group determined provisions for warranty based on 0.1% of the value of the construction contracts completed within one year. The provisions for warranty were deducted as incurred, otherwise, it was recognized as an expense for current period if there was a deficiency.

(o) Other current liabilities and other non-current liabilities

The other current liabilities of the Group were as follows:

	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Receipts under custody	\$ 1,870	1,607
Other payables	59,226	56,676
Accrued expenses	931,644	796,004
Other current liabilities	5,503	7,246
Total	<u>\$ 998,243</u>	861,533

The other non-current liabilities of the Group were as follows:

	D	ecember 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Guarantee deposit received	\$	23,625	31,275
Dividends payable		254,977	251,275
Total	<u>\$</u>	278,602	282,550

(p) Lease liabilities

The Group's lease liabilities were as follow:

	De	ecember 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Current	\$	75,776	58,679
Non-current	\$	299,441	211,167

For the maturity analysis, please refer to note 6(x).

(Continued)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The amounts recognized in profit or loss were as follows:

	,	2022	2021
Interest on lease liabilities	\$	11,000	5,281
Expenses relating to short-term leases	<u>\$</u>	51,281	22,663

The amounts recognized in the statement of cash flows for the Group was as follows:

	2022	2021
Total cash outflow for leases	\$ 119,122	56,755

(i) Real estate leases

The Group leases land and buildings for its office space and plant. The leases of office space and plant typically run for a period of 1 to 5 years. Some leases include an option to renew the lease for an additional period of the same duration after the end of the contract-term.

Some leases provide for additional rent payments that are based on changes in local price indices. Some also require the Group to make payments that relate to the property taxes levied on the lessor and insurance payments made by the lessor; these amounts are generally determined annually.

Some leases of office buildings contain extension or cancellation options. These leases are negotiated and monitored by local management, and accordingly, contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The extension options held are exercisable only by the Group and not by the lessors. In which lease is not reasonably certain to use an optional extended lease term, payments associated with the optional period are not included within lease liabilities.

(ii) Other leases

The Group leases equipment, with lease terms of 1 to 3 years. In some cases, the Group has options to purchase the assets at the end of the contract term; in other cases, it guarantees the residual value of the leased assets at the end of the contract term.

The Group also leases buildings and equipment. These leases are short-term or leases of low-value items. The Group has elected not to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for these leases.

(q) Employee benefits

(i) Defined benefit plans

Reconciliation of defined benefit obligation at present value and plan asset at fair value were as follows:

	De	cember 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Present value of the defined benefit obligations	\$	(372,749)	(420,853)
Fair value of plan assets		246,266	244,108
Net defined benefit liabilities	<u>\$</u>	(126,483)	(176,745)

UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Group's employee benefit liabilities were as follows:

	Dece	ember 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Short-term compensated absence liabilities (Other	\$	25,932	25,659
current liabilities)			

The Group makes defined benefit plan contributions to the pension fund account with Bank of Taiwan that provides pensions for employees upon retirement. Plans (covered by the Labor Standards Law) entitle a retired employee to receive retirement benefits based on years of service and average monthly salary for the six months prior to retirement.

1) Composition of plan assets

The Group allocates pension funds in accordance with the Regulations for Revenues, Expenditures, Safeguard and Utilization of the Labor Retirement Fund, and such funds are managed by the Bureau of Labor Funds, Ministry of Labor. With regard to the utilization of the funds, minimum earnings shall be no less than the earnings attainable from two-year time deposits with interest rates offered by local banks.

The Group's Bank of Taiwan labor pension reserve account balance amounted to \$246,266 thousand at the end of the reporting period. For information on the utilization of the labor pension fund assets, including the asset allocation and yield of the fund, please refer to the website of the Bureau of Labor Funds, Ministry of Labor.

2) Movements in present value of the defined benefit obligations

The movements in present value of the defined benefit obligations for the Group for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 were as follows:

	2022	2021
Defined benefit obligations at January 1	\$ 420,853	435,658
Current service costs and interest cost	3,496	3,247
Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liabilities		
 Actuarial (gain) loss arising from changes in financial assumptions 	(22,780)	(3,925)
 Actuarial (gain) loss arising from experience adjustments 	5,408	(11,496)
Benefits paid	 (34,228)	(2,631)
Defined benefit obligations at December 31	\$ 372,749	420,853

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

3) Movements in defined benefit plan assets

The movements in the fair value of the defined benefit plan assets for the Group for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 were as follows:

	2022	2021
Fair value of plan assets at January 1	\$ 244,108	108,676
Interest income	1,152	389
Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liabilities		
-Return on plan assets excluding interest	15,983	1,967
income		
Contributions	2,282	135,707
Benefits paid	 (17,259)	(2,631)
Fair value of plan assets at December 31	\$ 246,266	244,108

4) Expenses recognized in profit or loss

The expenses recognized in profit or loss for the Group for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 were as follows:

		2022	2021
Current service costs	\$	1,522	1,709
Net interest of net liabilities for defined benefit obligations		822	1,149
	<u>\$</u>	2,344	2,858
		2022	2021
Operating costs	\$	2,009	2,373
Operating expenses		335	485
	<u>\$</u>	2,344	2,858

5) Remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability recognized in other comprehensive income

The Group's remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability recognized in other comprehensive income were as follows:

	2022	2021
Accumulated amount at January 1	\$ 124,160	141,548
Recognized during the period	 (33,355)	(17,388)
Accumulated amount at December 31	\$ 90,805	124,160

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

6) Actuarial assumptions

The principal actuarial assumptions for the Group at the reporting date were as follows:

	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Discount rate	1.32%	0.47%
Future salary increases rate	2.00%	2.00%

The expected allocation payment to be made by the Group to the defined benefit plans for the one-year period after the reporting date is \$2,327 thousand.

The weighted average lifetime of the defined benefit plans is 7.12 years.

7) Sensitivity analysis

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, if the actuarial assumptions had changed, the impact on the present value of the defined benefit obligations shall be as follows:

	The impact of defined benefit obligations		
]	ncrease	Decrease
December 31, 2022			
Discount rate (0.50%)	\$	(12,643)	13,355
Future salary increase rate (0.25%)		6,434	(6,292)
December 31, 2021			
Discount rate (0.50%)		(16,326)	16,223
Future salary increase rate (0.25%)		8,273	(8,073)

Reasonably possible changes at the reporting date to one of the relevant actuarial assumptions, holding other assumptions constant, would have affected the defined benefit obligation by the amounts shown above. The method used in the sensitivity analysis is consistent with the calculation of pension liabilities in the balance sheets.

There is no change in the method and assumptions used in the preparation of sensitivity analysis for 2022 and 2021.

(ii) Defined contribution plans

The Company, Hanxuan Energy Co., Ltd., and Hunter Energy Co., Ltd. allocate 6% of each employee's monthly wages to the labor pension personal account at the Bureau of Labor Insurance in accordance with the provisions of the Labor Pension Act. The subsidiary in the United States, UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES (USA) CORP., allocates a specific ratio of local employees' monthly wages to pension management institutions in accordance with the 401(k) plan. Under these defined contribution plans, the Company allocates a pension to the Bureau of Labor Insurance and related pension management institutions without additional legal or constructive obligation.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The cost of the pension contributions to the Bureau of Labor Insurance or related pension management institutions for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 amounted to \$36,786 thousand and \$33,574 thousand, respectively.

(r) Income taxes

Income tax returns of the Group are filed individually by each entity and not on a combined basis. The Company and its subsidiaries incorporated in the R.O.C. are subject to R.O.C income tax at a rate of 20% for fiscal years 2022 and 2021. Foreign subsidiaries are subject to income tax in accordance with their respective local tax law and regulations.

(i) Income tax expenses

The components of income tax of the Group in the years 2022 and 2021 were as follows:

		2022	2021
Current tax expense			
Current period	\$	1,159,854	747,224
Adjustment for prior periods		(1,671)	(8,454)
Deferred tax benefit			
Origination and reversal of temporary differences		167,871	(3,938)
Income tax expense	<u>\$</u>	1,326,054	734,832

There was no income tax expense recognized in equity for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.

The amount of income tax expense (benefit) recognized directly in other comprehensive income for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 were as follows:

		2022	2021
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:	'		_
Remeasurement of defined benefit plans	\$	6,671	3,478
Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss:			
Exchange differences on translation		37,353	(3,635)
	\$	44,024	(157)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Reconciliation of the Group's income tax expense and net income before tax for 2022 and 2021 was as follows:

	 2022	2021
Net income before tax	\$ 5,427,899	3,555,314
Income tax using the Company's domestic tax rate	\$ 1,085,580	711,063
Effect of tax rates in foreign jurisdiction	66,271	13,705
Temporary differences	(36,550)	12,067
Tax- exempt income	(4,528)	(2,455)
Permanent differences	46,899	(2,265)
Deferred tax	167,871	(3,938)
5% income surtax on undistributed earnings	2,182	15,109
Income tax adjustments for prior periods	 (1,671)	(8,454)
Total	\$ 1,326,054	734,832

(ii) Deferred tax assets and liabilities

1) Unrecognized deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets have not been recognized in respect of the following items:

	Dec	ember 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
The court adjudged to pay the payment and related interest expenses	\$	35,798	34,556
Impairment loss		4,321	2,638
	\$	40,119	37,194

Tax losses are applied to Income Tax Act that can be carried forward for ten years, after assessed by tax authority, to offset taxable income before applying to tax rate. Deferred income tax assets have not been recognized in respect of these items because the subsidiaries, Hanxuan Energy Co., Ltd. and Hunter Energy Co., Ltd. is not probable that the future taxable profit will be available, against which, the Group can utilize the benefits therefore.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

2) Recognized deferred tax assets and liabilities

Changes in the amount of deferred tax assets and liabilities for 2022 and 2021 were as follows:

Deferred tax liabilities:

		Foreign investment profit	Cumulative translation adjustment	Total
Balance on January 1, 2022	\$	108,287	-	108,287
Recognized in profit or loss		131,321	-	131,321
Recognized in other comprehensive income		-	19,399	19,399
Balance on December 31, 2022	<u>\$</u>	239,608	19,399	259,007
Balance on January 1, 2021	\$	95,643	-	95,643
Recognized in profit or loss		12,644	-	12,644
Balance on December 31, 2021	<u>\$</u>	108,287		108,287

Deferred Tax Assets:

	De	fined benefit plans	Unrealized warranty	Loss allowance exceeded the limit	Allowance for inventory valuation	Foreign investment loss	Others	Total
Balance on January 1, 2022	\$	33,424	4,837	12,914	8,804	48,547	73,179	181,705
Recognized in profit or loss		-	1,623	(12,914)	(689)	-	(24,570)	(36,550)
Recognized in other comprehensive income		(6,671)	-	-	-	-	(17,954)	(24,625)
Effects of changes in exchange rate		-	-	-	-	-	738	738
Balance on December 31, 2022	\$	26,753	6,460		8,115	48,547	31,393	121,268
Balance on January 1, 2021	\$	36,902	6,356	4,778	7,893	44,032	65,118	165,079
Recognized in profit or loss		-	(1,519)	8,136	911	4,515	4,539	16,582
Recognized in other comprehensive income		(3,478)	-	-	-	-	3,635	157
Effects of changes in exchange rate	_	-	-	-	-	-	(113)	(113)
Balance on December 31, 2021	S	33,424	4,837	12,914	8,804	48,547	73,179	181,705

(iii) Assessment of tax

The Company's tax returns for the years through 2020 were assessed by the tax authorities.

(s) Capital and other equity

(i) Common Stock

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company's authorized capital both amounted to \$3,000,000 thousand with par value of \$10 per share. The Company's issued capital both amounted to \$1,905,867 thousand at December 31, 2022 and 2021.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(ii) Capital surplus

The balances of capital surplus were as follows:

	Dec	ember 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Capital surplus - premium from merger	\$	6,938	6,938
Share premium		49,987	49,987
Convertible bond premium		215,672	215,672
Treasury share transactions		77,158	77,158
Others		28,597	27,705
	<u>\$</u>	378,352	377,460

According to the R.O.C. Company Act, capital surplus can only be used to offset a deficit, and only the realized capital surplus can be used to increase the common stock or be distributed as cash dividends. The aforementioned realized capital surplus includes capital surplus resulting from premium on issuance of capital stock and earnings from donated assets received. According to the Regulations Governing the Offering and Issuance of Securities by Securities Issuers, capital increases by transferring capital surplus in excess of par value should not exceed 10% of the total common stock outstanding.

(iii) Retained earnings

According to the Company's Article of Incorporation, if the Company has retained earnings according to its annual accounts, it may, after paying all taxes, and making up all past losses, set aside a 10% legal reserve, and a special reserve, if necessary, pursuant to laws, unless the reserve as allocated has equaled the Company's paid-in capital. The remainder, if any, shall be provided as or reversed from special reserve pursuant to laws. The balance, if any, shall be included into the unappropriated accumulated earnings for prior years and allocated as bonuses and dividends to shareholders based on the motion for allocation of earnings proposed by the Board of Directors, then resolved by a shareholders' meeting.

Where the earnings referred in the preceding paragraph are intended to be allocated in cash, the Board of Directors is authorized to allocate the same per special resolution and report it to the shareholders' meeting.

The Company's dividend policy is based on current and future development plans, considering the investment environment, capital needs, domestic and international competition, taking into account the interests of shareholders and other factors, in order to stabilize business development and protect investors' rights and interests. The dividends to shareholders can be in the form of cash dividend and/or stock dividend; also, the cash dividend is not less than 25% of the total dividend.

1) Legal reserve

When a company incurs no loss, it may, pursuant to a resolution by the shareholders' meeting, distribute its legal reserve by issuing new shares or by distributing cash, and only the portion of legal reserve which exceeds 25% of capital may be distributed.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

2) Earnings distribution

Earnings distribution for 2021 and 2020 was decided by the resolution adopted, at the general meeting of shareholders held on May 26, 2022 and August 17, 2021, respectively. The relevant dividend distributions to shareholders were as follows:

	2	2021	2020
Dividends for ordinary shareholder:			
Cash	\$	13	17

(iv) Treasury stock

In 2022, in accordance with the requirements under section 28(2) of the Securities and Exchange Act, the Company repurchased 3,000 shares as treasury stock for an aggregate amount of \$573,943 thousand, in order to retain talent. As of December 31, 2022, the treasury stock have yet to transfer to employees.

In accordance with the requirements of Securities and Exchange Act, the treasury stock held by the Company should not be pledged, and do not hold any shareholder rights before their transfer.

Unrealized gains (losses)

(v) Other equity, net of tax

	transl	ge differences on ation of foreign operations	Unrealized gains (losses) on financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	Total
Balance on January 1, 2022	\$	(121,002)	1,017,924	896,922
Exchange differences on foreign operations		149,408	-	149,408
Exchange differences on translation financial statements of the associates accounted for using equity method		9,643	-	9,643
Unrealized gains (losses) from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income		-	(395,226)	(395,226)
Unrealized gains (losses) from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive of the associates accounted for using equity method		_	51,320	51,320
Balance on December 31, 2022	\$	38,049	674,018	712,067
Balance on January 1, 2021	\$	(102,652)	950,506	847,854
Exchange differences on foreign operations		(14,540)	-	(14,540)
Exchange differences on translation financial statements of the associates accounted for using equity method		(3,810)	-	(3,810)
Unrealized gains (losses) from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income		-	67,418	67,418
Balance on December 31, 2021	<u>\$</u>	(121,002)	1,017,924	896,922

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(t) Earnings per share

The calculation of basic earnings per share and diluted earnings per share for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 were as follows:

(i) Basic earnings per share

		2022	2021
Net income attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company	<u>\$</u>	3,999,485	2,769,475
Weighted average number of ordinary shares		188,233	190,587
Basic earnings per share (in NT dollars)	\$	21.25	14.53

ii) Diluted earnings per share

	2022	2021
Net income attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company (diluted)	\$ 3,999,485	2,769,475
Weighted average number of ordinary shares (basic)	188,233	190,587
Effect of potentially dilutive ordinary shares:		
Effect of employee bonuses	3,253	2,247
Weighted average number of ordinary shares (diluted)	191,486	192,834
Diluted earnings per share (in NT dollars)	\$ 20.89	14.36

(u) Revenue from contracts with customers

(i) Disaggregation of revenue

Disaggregation of revenue			
		2022	2021
Primary geographic markets:			
Taiwan	\$	25,645,459	22,457,138
Mainland China		3,050,061	2,848,002
Singapore		7,499	(1,193)
USA		19,497,291	302,194
	<u>\$</u>	48,200,310	25,606,141
Major products/services lines:			
Integrated engineering service	\$	47,964,996	25,401,497
Service and design		93,914	88,262
Sales		141,400	116,382
	<u>\$</u>	48,200,310	25,606,141
Type of contract:			
Fixed price contract	\$	48,058,910	25,489,759
Material-based contract		141,400	116,382

(Continued)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

<u>\$ 48,200,310 25,606,141</u>

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(ii) Contract balances

	D	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	January 1, 2021
Accounts receivable	\$	8,574,362	3,145,420	7,402,904
Less: allowance for impairment		179,744	248,569	265,225
Total	\$	8,394,618	2,896,851	7,137,679
Contract assets-Construction in Progress	<u>\$</u>	3,818,977	3,389,495	2,246,005
Contract liabilities-Construction in Progress	\$	13,682,291	7,190,568	7,263,159
Contract liabilities-Merchandise inventory		614	1,272	2,884
Total	\$	13,682,905	7,191,840	7,266,043

For details on accounts receivable and allowance for impairment, please refer to note 6(c).

The revenue recognized for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 that were included in the contract liabilities balance of sale the merchandise at the beginning of the period were \$138 thousand and \$103 thousand, respectively.

The major change in the balance of contract assets and contract liabilities is the difference between the time frame in the performance obligation to be satisfied and the payment to be received. Other significant changes during the period were as follows:

		202	2	2021		
	Contract assets		Contract liabilities	Contract assets	Contract liabilities	
Stage of completion measurement	\$	-	_	-		
Contract modification	\$	553,009	653,310	903,659	600,658	

(v) Employee compensation and directors' remuneration

In accordance with the articles of incorporation the Company should contribute 6% to 10% of the profit as employee compensation and less than 2% as directors' remuneration when there is profit for the year. However, if the Company has accumulated deficits, the profit should be reserved to offset the deficit. The recipients of shares and cash may include the employees of the Company's controlled or affiliated companies who meet certain conditions.

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company estimated its employee remuneration amounting to \$566,000 thousand and \$378,000 thousand, and directors' remuneration amounting to \$47,000 thousand and \$32,400 thousand, respectively. The estimated amounts mentioned above are calculated based on the net profit before tax, excluding the remuneration to employees and directors of each period, multiplied by the percentage of remuneration to employees and directors as specified in the Company's articles. These remunerations were expensed under expenses during 2022 and 2021. Related information would be available at the Market Observation Post System website. The amounts, as stated in 2021 consolidated financial statements, are identical to those of the actual distributions in 2022 shareholders' meeting.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(w) Non-operating income and expenses

(i) Interest income

The details of the Group's interest income were as follows:

		2022	2021
Interest income from bank deposits	<u>\$</u>	163,398	96,436

(ii) Other income

The details of the Group's other income were as follows:

		2022	2021
Rental income	\$	37,424	18,116
Dividend income		22,642	22,642
Other income – other			
Revenue from sale of scraps		3,565	6,162
Other		37,764	29,006
Other income – other subtotal		41,329	35,168
Total	<u>\$</u>	101,395	75,926

iii) Other gains and losses

The details of the Group's other gains and losses were as follows:

		2022	2021
Gains (losses) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	\$	(224)	15
Gain on disposal of investments		21,411	31,382
Foreign exchange gains (losses)		21,798	(29,824)
Gains (losses) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		(377,036)	194,990
Gains on reversal of impairment loss of property, plant and equipment		1,402	-
Other gains and losses		(16,001)	(2,100)
Total	<u>\$</u>	(348,650)	194,463

iv) Interest expense

The details of the Group's interest expense were as follows:

		2022	2021
Interest expense of—Dentsu Engineering	\$	6,212	6,299
Others		20,027	5,523
Total	<u>\$</u>	26,239	11,822

2022

(Continued)

2021

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(x) Financial instruments

(i) Credit risk

1) Credit risk exposure

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum amount exposed to credit risk. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the amounts of the maximum exposure to credit risk were \$22,585,481 thousand and \$13,327,674 thousand, respectively.

The Group assesses the financial condition of its customers continuously to reduce the credit risk of accounts receivable and requires its customers to provide guarantees and collateral if it is necessary. The Group monitors and reviews the recoverable amount of the accounts receivable to ensure the uncollectible amount are recognized appropriately as impairment loss. Therefore, the expected credit losses are in the expectation of the Group.

2) Concentration of credit risk

When the transaction of financial instruments is concentrated in a single industry or region, the ability to oblige the contract would be impacted by similar factors, thereby causing concentration of credit risk. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, notes and accounts receivable concentrated on few counter-parties were as follows:

	December 31, 2022					
			the maximum			
Name of client		Carrying amount	exposure to credit risk	%		
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Co., Ltd.	\$	2,265,473	2,265,473	26.99		
Micron Memory Taiwan Co., Ltd.		1,278,952	1,278,952	15.24		
TSMC Arizona Corporation	_	3,981,048	3,981,048	47.13		
Total	<u>\$</u>	7,525,473	7,525,473	89.36		
		De	ecember 31, 2021			

	December 01, 2021					
	the maximum					
Name of client		Carrying amount	exposure to credit risk	%		
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Co., Ltd.	\$	1,641,189	1,641,189	56.63		
Micron Memory Taiwan Co., Ltd.		252,537	252,537	8.72		
Total	<u>\$</u>	1,893,726	1,893,726	65.35		

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(ii) Liquidity risk

The following table shows the contractual maturities of financial liabilities, including estimated interest payments and excluding the impact of netting agreements:

	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	Within 6 months	6-12 months	1-2 years	2-5 years	More than 5 years
December 31, 2022					<u> </u>		
Non-derivative financial liabilities							
Notes payable	\$ 19,541	19,541	19,541	-	-	-	-
Accounts payable	6,250,244	6,250,244	3,951,864	129,496	238,675	1,794,651	135,558
Accrued expenses (Note)	896,160	896,160	896,160	-	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	375,217	426,287	48,455	49,804	71,796	124,632	131,600
Guarantee deposits received	 23,625	23,625	1,711	-	4,463	17,451	
	\$ 7,564,787	7,615,857	4,917,731	179,300	314,934	1,936,734	267,158
December 31, 2021							
Non-derivative financial liabilities							
Notes payable	\$ 64,094	64,094	64,094	-	-	-	-
Accounts payable	4,656,473	4,656,473	2,679,374	62,072	192,272	1,597,210	125,545
Accrued expenses (Note)	772,778	772,778	772,778	-	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	269,846	304,812	33,786	33,323	60,862	49,441	127,400
Guarantee deposits received	 31,275	31,275	2,721	-	1,445	27,109	
	\$ 5,794,466	5,829,432	3,552,753	95,395	254,579	1,673,760	252,945

Note: Other current liabilities

The Group does not expect the cash flows included in the maturity analysis to occur significantly earlier or at significantly different amounts.

(iii) Currency risk

1) Exposure to foreign currency risk

The Group's significant exposure to foreign currency risk were as follows:

	 December 31, 2022			December 31, 2021			
		Exchange		Exchange			
	Foreign currency	rate (dollars)	TWD	Foreign currency	rate (dollars)	TWD	
Financial assets							
Monetary items							
USD	\$ 186,706	30.71	5,733,733	11,492	27.68	318,107	
CNY	451,648	4.41	1,990,866	413,157	4.34	1,794,756	
Non-monetary items							
Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	369,989	4.41	1,630,910	466,422	4.34	2,026,136	
Finance liabilities							
Monetary items							
USD	8,347	30.71	256,330	8,651	27.68	239,450	

Note: Each balance listed is greater than 5% of total Monetary items.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

2) Sensitivity analysis

The Group's exposure to foreign currency risk arises from the translation of the foreign currency exchange gains and losses on cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, other receivables, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, accounts payable and other payables that are denominated in foreign currency. A (weakening) strengthening of 1% of the NTD against the USD, CNY and others foreign currency, the Group's net income before tax would have increased (decreased) by \$59,708 thousand and \$14,939 thousand, and other comprehensive income would have increased (decreased) by \$13,047 thousand and \$16,209 thousand, for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The analysis was performed on the same basis for both periods.

3) Foreign exchange gain and loss on monetary items

Since the Group has many kinds of functional currency, the information on foreign exchange gain (loss) on monetary items is disclosed by total amount. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, foreign exchange gain (loss) (including realized and unrealized portions) amounted to \$21,798 thousand and \$(29,824) thousand, respectively.

(iv) Interest rate analysis

Please refer to the notes on liquidity risk management and interest rate exposure of the Group's financial assets and liabilities.

If the interest rate had increased or decreased by 0.25%, the Group's net income would have increased or decreased by \$28,286 thousand and \$20,783 thousand for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, with all other variable factors remaining constant.

(v) Fair value of financial instruments

1) Fair value hierarchy

To provide disclosure information, the Group classifies the measurement of fair value based on fair value hierarchy which reflects the significance of the inputs during the measurement. The Group categorizes fair value into the following levels:

a) Level 1

Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical financial instruments. An active market is a market in which all the following conditions exist:

- i) The items traded within the market are homogeneous.
- ii) Willing buyers and sellers can normally be found at any time.
- iii) Prices are available to the public.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

b) Level 2

Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted market prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

c) Level 3

Level 3 inputs are valuation parameters which are not based on the information available in the market or the quoted price from the counter party. For example, historical volatility used in option pricing models is an unobservable input since it cannot represent the expected value of future volatility of the entire market participants.

The fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income is measured on a recurring basis. The carrying amount and fair value of the Group's financial assets and liabilities, including the information on fair value hierarchy were as follows; however, for financial instruments not measured at fair value whose carrying amount is reasonably close to the fair value, disclosure of fair value information is not required:

			Dece	ember 31, 2022						
		Carrying		Fair va	Fair value					
		amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss										
Designated at fair value through profit or loss	\$	328,176	281,130	47,046	- 	328,176				
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income										
Unquoted equity instrument measured at fair value		1,630,910	- 	- 	1,630,910	1,630,910				
Total	\$	1,959,086	281,130	47,046	1,630,910	1,959,086				
	December 31, 2021									
		Carrying	Fair value							
		amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		<u> </u>								
Designated at fair value through profit or loss	\$	714,490	596,339	114,622	3,529	714,490				
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income										
Unquoted equity instrument measured at fair value		2,026,136	- 	- 	2,026,136	2,026,136				
Total	\$	2,740,626	596,339	114,622	2,029,665	2,740,626				

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

2) Transfer between Level 1 and Level 2

There were no transfers from Level 1 to Level 2 for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.

3) Reconciliation of Level 3 fair values

	tl	Fair value rough profit or loss	Fair value through other comprehensive income	
		Designated at fair value through profit or loss	Unquoted equity instruments	Total
Balance on January 1, 2022	\$	3,529	2,026,136	2,029,665
Total gains and losses				
In profit or loss		(1,226)	-	(1,226)
In other comprehensive income		-	(395,226)	(395,226)
Distribution of residual property	_	(2,303)	-	(2,303)
Balance on December 31, 2022	<u>\$</u>	<u>-</u>	1,630,910	1,630,910
Balance on January 1, 2021	\$	6,805	1,958,718	1,965,523
Total gains and losses				
In profit or loss		(25)	-	(25)
In other comprehensive income		-	67,418	67,418
Cash capital reduction	_	(3,251)	-	(3,251)
Balance on December 31, 2021	\$	3,529	2,026,136	2,029,665

Total gains and losses were recognized in "other gains and losses" and "unrealized gains and losses from financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income".

4) Quantified information on significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) used in fair value measurement

The Group's financial instruments that use Level 3 inputs to measure fair value include "financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss—equity investments" and "financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income—equity investments".

The equity investments which are lack of active market and categorized into Level 3 have numerous significant unobservable inputs. The significant unobservable inputs of equity investments without active market are independent between each other. Hence, there is no correlation between each significant unobservable input.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Quantified information of significant unobservable inputs was as follows:

Item	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable inputs	Inter-relationship between significant unobservable inputs and fair value measurement
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss—equity investments without an active market	Market approach— comparable company	 P/B Ratio (Note) Discount for lack of marketability (Note) 	 The higher the P/B ratio, the higher the fair value. The higher the discount for lack marketability, the lower the fair value.
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss—equity investments without an active market	Net asset value method	 Discount for lack of marketability (Note) Control discount (Note) 	 The higher the discount for lack marketability, the lower the fair value. The higher the control discount, the lower the fair value.
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income—equity	Market approach— comparable company	• P/B Ratio (December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021 were 0.69 and 0.83)	• The higher the P/B ratio, the higher the fair value.
investments without an active market		• Discount for lack of marketability (December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021 were 30.73% and 19.66%)	 The higher the discount for lack marketability, the lower the fair value.

Note: As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the investees had been dissolved or liquidated, therefore, the fair value, without the application of parameters, was based on the liquidation value.

5) Fair value measurement in Level 3—sensitivity analysis of reasonably possible alternative assumptions

While under different models or using different parameters may lead to different results, fair value measurement for financial instruments is reasonable.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The following tables shows the valuation impacts changes in input parameters on Level 3 financial instruments:

			Fair Value through Profit and Loss		Fair value through other comprehensive income	
	Input	Assumptions	Favourable	Unfavourable	Favourable	Unfavourable
December 31, 2022						
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss						
Equity investments without an active market	Discount for lack of marketability	10%	(Note)	(Note)	-	-
Equity investments without an active market	Control discount	10%	(Note)	(Note)	-	-
Equity investments without an active market	P/B Ratio	10%	(Note)	(Note)	-	-
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income						
Equity investments without an active market	Discount for lack of marketability	10%	-	-	72,351	(72,351)
Equity investments without an active market	P/B Ratio	10%	-	-	163,091	(163,091)
December 31, 2021						
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss						
Equity investments without an active market	Discount for lack of marketability	10%	(Note)	(Note)	-	-
Equity investments without an active market	Control discount	10%	(Note)	(Note)	-	-
Equity investments without an active market	P/B Ratio	10%	(Note)	(Note)	-	-
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income						
Equity investments without an active market	Discount for lack of marketability	10%	-	=	49,582	(49,582)
Equity investments without an active market	P/B Ratio	10%	-	-	202,614	(202,614)

Note: As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the investees had been dissolved or liquidated, therefore, the fair value, without the application of parameters, was based on the liquidation value.

6) Financial instruments not measured at fair value

a) Fair value information

The Group's financial instruments not measured at fair value include cash and cash equivalents, notes and accounts receivable, other receivables, guarantee deposits paid, notes and accounts payable, other payables, guarantee deposits received and part of other financial assets, whose carrying amount is reasonably close to the fair value, disclosure of fair value information is not required.

b) Valuation techniques

The Group's valuation methods and assumptions used for financial instruments not measured at fair value are as follows:

Since the maturity date is close and the future receipt and reimbursement price is similar to the book value, the fair value of cash and cash equivalents, notes and accounts receivable, other receivables, notes and accounts payable and other payables were measured at book value at the reporting date.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

- (y) Financial risk management
- (i) Overview

The Group has exposures to the following risks arising from its financial instruments:

- 1) Credit risk
- 2) Liquidity risk
- 3) Market risk

The following likewise discusses the Group's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing the abovementioned risks.

(ii) Structure of risk management

The Group's risk management policies are established to identify and analyze the risks faced by the Group, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Group's activities. The Group, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to develop a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

(iii) Credit risk

1) Notes and accounts receivable

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Group is required to conduct management and credit risk analysis for each of its new customers before the terms and conditions of the contract and delivery are set in accordance with the internal credit policy. The internal risk control system assesses the credit quality of customers by considering their financial status, past experiences and other factors. The main credit risk derives from cash and cash equivalents, deposits in banks and in financial institutions. Furthermore, credit risk may derive from customers, including unreceived receivables and committed transaction.

2) Guarantees

The Group's policy is to provide financial guarantees only to wholly owned subsidiaries. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, no other guarantees were outstanding.

(iv) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Group manages sufficient cash and cash equivalents so as to cope with its operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. The Group's management supervises the banking facilities and ensures compliance with the terms of loan agreements.

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Group's unused credit line were amounted to \$19,642,940 thousand and \$21,039,440 thousand, respectively.

(v) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates, and equity prices, will affect the Group's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, and to optimize the return.

1) Currency risk

The Group is a multinational institution and therefore exposes to currency risk deriving from many different currencies, mainly from USD and RMB. The relevant currency risk stems from future commercial transactions, recognized assets and liabilities, and net investments in foreign operating agencies.

2) Interest rate risk

The short-term loans of the Group are debts with floating interest rates. Therefore, changes in market interest rates will lead to changes in the interest rate of short-term loans, resulting in fluctuations of future cash flows.

3) Other market price risk

The Group is exposed to equity price risk due to the investments in equity securities. This is a strategic investment and is not held for trading. The Group does not actively trade in these investments as the management of the Group minimizes the risk by holding different investment portfolios.

(z) Capital management

The Group's objectives for managing capital to safeguard the capacity to continue to operate, to continue to provide a return on shareholders, to maintain the interest of other related parties, and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Group's strategy for managing the capital structure is to lay out the plan of product development and expand the market share considering the growth and the magnitude of industry and further developing an integral plan founded on the required capacity, capital outlay, and magnitude of assets in long-term development. Ultimately, considering the risk factors such as the fluctuation of the industry cycle and the life cycle of products, the Group determines the optimal capital structure by estimating the profitability of products, operating profit ratio, and cash flow based on the competitiveness of products. The management of the Group periodically examines the capital structure and contemplates on the potential costs and risks involved while exerting different financial tools. In general, the Group implements prudent strategy of risk management.

	De	ecember 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Total liabilities	\$	22,862,199	13,983,194
Less: cash and cash equivalents		11,223,268	6,922,880
Net debt	<u>\$</u>	11,638,931	7,060,314
Total equity	<u>\$</u>	10,610,348	9,766,308
Debt-to-capital ratio		109.69%	72.29%

(aa) Cash flows information on acquisition of property, plant and equipment

The supplementary information on acquisition of property, plant and equipment of the Group were as follows:

		2022	2021
Increase in property, plant and equipment	\$	98,588	463,340
Cash payments	<u>\$</u>	98,588	463,340

(7) Related-party transactions

(a) Names and relationship with related parties

The followings are entities that have had transactions with related party during the periods covered in the consolidated financial statements.

Name of related party	Relationship with the Group
Wholetech System Hitech Limited	Investee accounted for using equity method
Ablerex Electronics Co., Ltd.	Investee accounted for using equity method
JG Environmental Technology Co., Ltd.	Investee accounted for using equity method
ECO Energy Corporation	Related party
Open Sky Technology Corporation	Related party
AIRREX Co., Ltd. (Note)	Related party
FU-KUO ENGINEERING Co., Ltd.	Related party
Huayuan Engineering Ltd.	Related party
Dentsu Engineering Ltd.	Related party
Yun Hao Motor Technician Office	Related party

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Name of related party	Relationship with the Group
Sheng Yang Integration Co., Ltd.	Related party
All directors, supervisors, general managers and deputy general managers	Key management personnel
Wholetech System Hitech(s) Pte, Ltd.	An associate

Note: The company is not a related party to the Company since September 2021.

(b) Significant transactions with related parties

(i) Operating revenue

The amounts of significant sales by the Group to related parties were as follows:

		2022	2021		
Key management personnel	\$	-	16		
Other related parties		85	3		
	<u>\$</u>	85	19		

There is no significant difference between the credit terms of the Group and of the same businesses.

(ii) Construction cost

The amounts of purchases by the Group from related parties were as follows:

	2022		
Associates	\$ 160,955	201,893	
Other related parties	 4,124	129,898	
	\$ 165,079	331,791	

There is no significant difference between the payment terms of the Group and of the same businesses.

(iii) Receivable from related parties

The details of the Group's receivable from related parties were as follows:

Account	Type of related parties	Do	ecember 31, 2022	December 31, 2021		
Accounts receivable	Associates	\$	-		107	
Other receivables	Other related parties		125,969	-		
		<u>\$</u>	125,969		107	

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(iv) Payables to Related Parties

The payables to related parties were as follows:

Account	Type of related parties	Dec	2022 2022	December 31, 2021	
Accounts payable	Associates	\$	26,366	56,421	
Accounts payable	Other related parties		11,336	11,336	
Other payables	Other related parties— Dentsu Engineering		178,992	172,780	
		\$	216,694	240,537	

Other payables mentioned above included package fee disbursements, salaries and interests, etc. Please refer note 12 (c) for further information.

(v) Leases

Associates

					Rental ii	ncome
	Name of related party	Object	Lease term		2022	2021
	Associates	1F., No.1 3, Ln. 7, Baogao Rd., Xindian Dist., New Taipei City 231, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	2020.01.01~ 2024.05.31	\$	4,958	4,464
	Associates	Parking Space	2020.01.01~ 2024.05.31		90	72
				<u>\$</u>	5,048	4,536
(vi)	Finance costs					
	Other related pa	nrties — Dentsu Engineerin	g	\$	6,212	2021 6,299
(vii)	Prepayments					
	The prepaymen	ts to related parties were a	as follows:			
				Dec	cember 31, 2022	December 31, 2021

2,309

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(viii) Property transactions

1) Purchases of property, plant and equipment

The purchases price of property, plant and equipment purchased from related parties were as follows:

		2022	2021
Associates		160	-
Key management personnel		-	16,100
	<u>\$</u>	160	16,100

The Group acquired the land for Tainan Factory from key management personnel of the Company in July 2021. The land area is 1,490 square meters with a total price of \$16,100 thousand. As of December 31, 2021, the ownership transfer procedure has been completed, and the purchase price has been paid. The land acquisition price was based on the asset evaluation report from Li Cyuan Real Estate Appraiser Firm. For further description of the property, plant, and equipment, please refer to note 6(i).

2) Disposals of financial assets

		:	2022				2021			
Relationship Other related	Account Investments	Number of shares Purpose 6,629,959 Eco Energy	Disposal price \$ 125,969	Gain (loss) on disposal	Number of shares	Purpose	Disposal price	Gain (loss) on disposal		
parties	accounted for using equity method	Corporation								

(c) Key management personnel compensation

		2022	2021
Short-term employee benefits	\$	215,500	140,079
Post-employment benefits		1,232	1,387
	<u>\$</u>	216,732	141,466

(8) Pledged assets

The carrying values of pledged assets were as follows:

Pledged assets	Object	Dec	ember 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Restricted assets (other non-current assets)	Engineering performance bond	\$	-	850
Restricted assets (other non-current assets)	Migrant worker payroll account		-	31,488
Restricted assets (other current assets)	Banker's letter of guarantee		110,641	-
		<u>\$</u>	110,641	32,338

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(9) Commitments and contingencies

- (a) As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, except for the disclosures of Note 7, the Group's commitments and contingencies were as follows:
 - (i) As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, guaranteed notes received from construction contractors for performance guarantees or maintenance guarantees amounted to \$17,079,490 thousand and \$14,460,128 thousand, respectively.
 - (ii) As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, guaranteed notes issued to construction contractors for performance guarantees or maintenance guarantees amounted to \$11,628 thousand and \$15,102 thousand, respectively.
 - (iii) As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, guaranteed notes issued for bank loans and letters of credits both amounted to \$3,000,000 thousand.
 - (iv) As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, guaranteed letters offered by banks for contract performance guarantees amounted to \$1,777,517 thousand and \$416,629 thousand, respectively.
 - (v) As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the total contract price of contracted construction projects amounted to \$206,321,260 thousand and \$162,035,317 thousand, respectively, and the contract payments received by the Group amounted to \$125,990,390 thousand and \$89,303,778 thousand, respectively.
 - (vi) As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the total subcontract price of subcontracted construction projects amounted to \$50,062,266 thousand and \$17,229,580 thousand, respectively, and the contract payment paid by the Group amounted to \$24,945,945 thousand and \$13,303,110 thousand, respectively.
 - (vii) As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the outstanding letters of credits issued by the Group for purchasing equipment amounted to \$291,668 thousand and \$214,223 thousand, respectively.
 - (viii) As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, guaranteed notes received from lessees for rental of buildings amounted to \$885 thousand and \$744 thousand, respectively.
- (10) Losses Due to Major Disasters: None.
- (11) Subsequent Events: None.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(12) Other

(a) A summary of employee benefits, depreciation and amortization, by function, was as follows:

By function		2022		2021			
By nature	Operating costs	Operating expenses	Total	Operating costs	Operating expenses	Total	
Employee benefits							
Salary	927,339	885,322	1,812,661	739,766	646,429	1,386,195	
Labor and health insurance	36,471	42,668	79,139	38,971	37,599	76,570	
Pension	17,191	21,939	39,130	18,494	17,938	36,432	
Remuneration of directors	-	52,317	52,317	-	38,328	38,328	
Others	92,254	46,132	138,386	45,664	25,030	70,694	
Depreciation	66,294	36,959	103,253	31,920	37,632	69,552	
Amortization	2,201	4,512	6,713	625	1,005	1,630	

(b) Some of the Companys directors are involved in the adjudication process for violating the Securities and Exchange Act regulations and the impact on the Company's operation; please refer to the following information:

(i) Criminal Procedure

Former chairmen, Mr. Chen and Mr. Wang, and other involved parties were prosecuted for violating the Securities and Exchange Act by the Taipei District Prosecutors Office on June 5, 2013. During the period, the former chairman Mr. Wang passed away and was declared dismissed by the Taiwan High Court (2015 Jin Shang Zhong Su No.40), while the Taipei District Court, the Taiwan High Court (the High Court), and the first and second trials all found that there was no breach of trust, non-arm's length transaction, and criminal conversion on the part of all the parties involved, and the verdict was not guilty (2013 Jin Zhong Su No.17, 2015 Jin Shang Zhong Su No.40, 2018 Jin Shang Zhong 1 No.8 and 2020 Jin Shang Zhong 2 No.13). The two other parties did not appeal after being granted probation by the High Court, while the former chairman, Mr. Chen, continued to appeal and was remanded twice by the Supreme Court, and on May 25, 2022, the original judgment on the guilty portion was vacated three times and remanded to the High Court(2021 Tai Shang No.4945). The case is currently on trial by the High Court (2022 Jin Shang Zhong 3 No.6).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(ii) Civil Procedure

- 1) On December 5, 2013, SFIPC filed a petition for dismissal of the three directors of the Company in connection with the criminal case in accordance with the aforementioned indictment, and due to the death of the former Chairman Mr. Wang, SFIPC withdrew the part of the lawsuit against him. The SFIPC lost both the first and second trials, however, on April 28, 2020, the High Court handed down the judgment of dismissal of the director in the first trial, in which Director Lee resigned on June 2, 2020, and withdrew the appeal on June 3, 2020, and the part of the main text of the High Court's ruling on the two other parties was confirmed on June 3, 2020.
- 2) On January 27, 2014, SFIPC filed a class action lawsuit on behalf of the investors on the grounds that the Company's financial statements from the third quarter of 2009 to 2011 were inaccurate, requesting the Company, its directors, former supervisors to jointly compensate the investors for damages in excess of \$243 million.

SFIPC filed an appeal with the Taipei District Court on September 16, 2022, which is currently on trial by the High Court (2023 Jin Shang No.1).

(iii) Impact on operation

The Company runs smoothly and has experienced continued growth in revenues. The business and financial structure are sound. The litigations do not have significant impact on the Company's operation.

(c) The Company received the civil judgment from the Taiwan Taipei District Court on September 2, 2014 that the Company should pay the package fees of \$104,559 thousand and the former Chairman Wang's salary from January 2001 to April 2012, as previously paid by Dentsu, amounting to \$21,405 thousand.

In the third quarter of 2014, in accordance with the judgment stated above, the Company assessed and took into accounts the package fees and salary paid by Dentsu, which have yet to be reimbursed by the Company (respectively logged as construction costs and management costs). The Company also estimated that the relevant interest payable as of December 31, 2022 amounted to \$53,028 thousand (please refer to note 7).

As of the reporting date, the Company has yet to reimburse the abovementioned package fees, salary and related interests.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(13) Other disclosures

(a) Information on significant transactions:

The following is the information on significant transactions required by the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" for the Group for the year ended December 31, 2022:

- (i) Loans to other parties: None
- (ii) Guarantees and endorsements for other parties:

	Name	Counter-party of g endorsen		Limitation on amount of guarantees and	Highest balance for guarantees and	Balance of guarantees and	Actual usage	pledged on	Ratio of accumulated amounts of guarantees and endorsements to		Parent company endorsement / guarantees to	Subsidiary endorsement / guarantees to	Endorsements/ guarantees to third parties on
No.	of guarantor	Name	the Company	endorsements for one party (Note 1)		endorsements as of reporting date	during the	endorsements (Amount)	net worth of the latest financial statements				behalf of company in Mainland China
			(Note 2)				period					company	
0	1 ,	UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES (USA) CORP.	2	83,310,608	13,142,381	12,528,403	,	-	120.31%	104,038,260	Y	N	N

Note 1: The total amount of the Company's external endorsement /guarantee shall not exceed ten times of the net value of the Company. The maximum guarantee and endorsement for single enterprise cannot exceed 50% of net value except for the following subsidiaries. The net value is based on the latest financial statements audited or reviewed by the accountants.

- 1) The Company directly and indirectly holds 100% of the voting shares of a company shall not exceed eight times of the net value
- 2) The Company directly and indirectly holds more than 50% of the voting shares of a company shall not be exceed 1.5 times of net value.
- Note 2: There are seven conditions in which the Company may have guarantees or endorsements for other parties:
 - The Company has business relationship.
 - A company in which the Company directly or indirectly holds more than 50% voting right.
 - 3) An investee in which the Company and subsidiary holds more than 50% of its voting rights.
 - 4) Subsidiaries in which the Company holds more than 90% of voting rights.
 - 5) Companies in accordance with contractual provisions established by mutual applicants or in need of project.
 - 6) Companies that are endorsed and guaranteed by all capital shareholders based on their shareholding ratio due to a joint investment relationship.
 - 7) The performance guarantees for pre-sale house sales contract between intra-industry companies in accordance with the Consumer Protection Law requires joint guarantee.
- (iii) Securities held at the end of the period (excluding investment in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures):

Units: In thousands of NTD/shares Relationship Name of Category and Ending balance Highest Percentage of Percentage of Carrying Shares/Units name of security with company Account title ownership (%) Fair value ownership (%) Note holder value 3,249 The Current financial assets at fair Company Technology Corporation alue through profit or loss 125,627 1,608 1,608 The Stock - Taichung Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Company Commercial Bank Co., td. Current financial assets at fair 1,400,000 32,970 0.05%32,970 0.05 Company value through profit or loss The Stock - Powerchip Current financial assets at fair 7,639,033 243,303 0.19% 243,303 0.19 Company Semiconductor value through profit or loss Manufacturing Corporation Current financial assets at fair 4,552,858 47,046 0.33% 47,046 The Stock - Powerchip 0.33 Company alue through profit or loss Technology Corporation Totals 328,176 Stock - Taiwan Non-current financial assets at 374,260 9.65% Company Electronic Data fair value through profit or 9.65 Processing Corp. loss The Stock - Aetas Non-current financial assets a 91,156 0.30% 0.30 Company Technology Inc. fair value through profit or The Stock - Glandtex Non-current financial assets at 1,186 0.01% 0.01 Company fair value through profit or Corporation Stock - Promos Non-current financial assets at 1,899 Company Technologies Inc. fair value through profit or loss Totals The Stock - Jiangxi Non-current financial assets at Note 1 1,630,910 19.80% 1,630,910 19.80 Company Construction fair value through other comprehensive income

Note 1: Registered with the amount of capital contribution.

- (iv) Individual securities acquired or disposed of with accumulated amount exceeding the lower of NT\$300 million or 20% of the capital stock: None.
- (v) Acquisition of individual real estate with amount exceeding the lower of NT\$300 million or 20% of the capital stock: None.
- (vi) Disposal of individual real estate with amount exceeding the lower of NT\$300 million or 20% of the capital stock: None.

(vii) Related-party transactions for purchases and sales with amounts exceeding the lower of NT\$100 million or 20% of the capital

Name of		Nature of		Transact	ion details		terms d	ions with lifferent others		s / accounts ble (payable)	
company	Related party	Relationsh ip		Amount	Percentage of total purchases / sales	Paym ent terms		Payment terms	Ending balance	total notes /	Note
The Company		Investee accounted for using equity method	Purchase	129,796	0.31 %	Cash check	-	-	(16,201)		

(viii) Receivables from related parties with amounts exceeding the lower of NT\$100 million or 20% of the capital stock:

Name of		Nature of	Ending	Turnover	Overdue		Amounts received in	Loss
	Related party			rate				allowances
company		relationship	balance		Amount	Action taken	subsequent period	
The Company	Open Sky Technology Corporation	Other related parties	125,969	-	-		125,969	-

Note: The transactions were eliminated in the preparation of consolidated financial statements.

- (ix) Trading in derivative instruments: None.
- (x) Business relationships and significant intercompany transactions:

					Intercomp	any transactions	
No.	Name of company	Name of counter- party	Nature of relationship	Account name	Amount	Trading terms	Percentage of the consolidated net revenue or total assets
0	United Integrated Services Co., Ltd.	Beijing Han He Tang Medical Instrument Ltd.	1	Accounts Receivable - Related Parties		There is no different from general transaction.	-%
	Beijing Han He Tang Medical Instrument Ltd.	United Integrated Services Co., Ltd.	2	Accounts Payable - Related Parties		There is no different from general transaction.	-%
	United Integrated Services Co., Ltd.	Hanxuan Energy Co., Ltd	1	Construction Unearned Revenue - Related Parties		There is no different from general transaction.	1.05%
2	Hanxuan Energy Co., Ltd	United Integrated Services Co., Ltd.	2	Prepayments - Related Parties	,	There is no different from general transaction.	1.05%
0	United Integrated Services Co., Ltd.	Hunter Energy Co., Ltd	1	Construction Unearned Revenue - Related Parties		There is no different from general transaction.	0.15%
3	Hunter Energy Co., Ltd	United Integrated Services Co., Ltd.	2	Prepayments - Related Parties		There is no different from general transaction.	0.15%
0	United Integrated Services Co., Ltd.	Hanxuan Energy Co., Ltd	1	Other Receivables - Related Parties		There is no different from general transaction.	-%
2	Hanxuan Energy Co., Ltd	United Integrated Services Co., Ltd.	2	Other Payables - Related Parties	4	There is no different from general transaction.	-%
0	United Integrated Services Co., Ltd.	Hunter Energy Co., Ltd	1	Other Receivables - Related Parties		There is no different from general transaction.	-%

3	Hunter Energy Co., Ltd	United Integrated Services Co., Ltd.		Other Payables- Related Parties		There is no different from general transaction.	-%
0		United Integrated Services (BVI) Ltd.		Accounts Payable - Related Parties		There is no different from general transaction.	0.08%
		United Integrated Services Co., Ltd.		Accounts Receivable - Related Parties		There is no different from general transaction.	0.08%
0	United Integrated Services Co., Ltd.	Su Yuan Trading (Shanghai) Ltd.	1	Construction Revenue	· ·	There is no different from general transaction.	0.02%
4	Su Yuan Trading (Shanghai) Ltd.	United Integrated Services Co., Ltd.	2	Construction Cost		There is no different from general transaction.	0.02%

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

					Intercompany transactions						
No.	Name of company	Name of counter- party	Nature of relationship	Account name	Amount	Trading terms	Percentage of the consolidated net revenue or total assets				
0		United Integrated Services Pte Ltd.	1	Construction Revenue	8,208	There is no different from general transaction.	0.02%				
7		United Integrated Services Co., Ltd.	2	Construction Cost	8,208	There is no different from general transaction.	0.02%				
	Services Co., Ltd.	Beijing Han He Tang Medical Instrument Ltd.	1	Sales Revenue	299	There is no different from general transaction.	-%				
1		United Integrated Services Co., Ltd.	2	Sales Cost	299	There is no different from general transaction.	-%				
		Su Yuan Trading (Shanghai) Ltd.	1	Operating cost and Expense	1,443	There is no different from general transaction.	-%				
4		United Integrated Services Co., Ltd.	2	Sales Revenue	1,443	There is no different from general transaction.	-%				
0	United Integrated Services Co., Ltd.	Hanxuan Energy Co., Ltd	1	Rental Income	17	There is no different from general transaction.	-%				
2		United Integrated Services Co., Ltd.	2	Rental Expense	17	There is no different from general transaction.	-%				
0	United Integrated Services Co., Ltd.	Hunter Energy Co., Ltd	1	Rental Income	23	There is no different from general transaction.	-%				
3	Hunter Energy Co., Ltd	United Integrated Services Co., Ltd.	2	Rental Expense	23	There is no different from general transaction.	-%				
4		Jiangxi United Integrated Services Ltd.	3	Construction Revenue	15,828	There is no different from general transaction.	0.03%				
5	Jiangxi United Integrated Services Ltd.	Su Yuan Trading (Shanghai) Ltd.	3	Construction Cost	15,828	There is no different from general transaction.	0.03%				
8	Suzhou Han Tai System Integration Ltd.	Jiangxi United Integrated Services Ltd.	3	Rental Income	4,435	There is no different from general transaction.	0.01%				
5	Jiangxi United Integrated Services Ltd.	Suzhou Han Tai System Integration Ltd.	3	Rental Expense	4,435	There is no different from general transaction.	0.01%				
8	Suzhou Han Tai System Integration Ltd.	Su Yuan Trading (Shanghai) Ltd.	3	Rental Income	491	There is no different from general transaction.	-%				
4		Suzhou Han Tai System Integration Ltd.	3	Rental Expense	491	There is no different from general transaction.	-%				
0		Jiangxi United Integrated Services Ltd.	1	Construction Revenue	38,653	There is no different from general transaction.	0.08%				
5	Jiangxi United Integrated Services Ltd.	United Integrated Services Co., Ltd.	2	Construction Cost	38,653	There is no different from general transaction.	0.08%				
0		Jiangxi United Integrated Services Ltd.	1	Interest Income	2,210	There is no different from general transaction.	-%				
5	Jiangxi United Integrated Services Ltd.	United Integrated Services Co., Ltd.	2	Interest Expense	2,210	There is no different from general transaction.	-%				

Note 1: The numbering is as follows:

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

				Intercompany transactions							
							Percentage of the				
No	Name of company	Name of counter-	Nature of	Account name	Amount	Trading terms	consolidated net				
		party	relationship				revenue or total				
							assets				

- 1. "0" represents the parent company
- 2. Subsidiaries are sequentially numbered from 1 by company
- Note 2: Relation between related parties are as follows:
 - 1. Parent company and its subsidiaries
 - 2. Subsidiaries and its parent company
 - 3. Subsidiaries and its subsidiaries
- Note 3: The transactions were eliminated in the preparation of consolidated financial statements.

(b) Information on investees:

The following is the information on investees for the year ended December 31, 2022 (excluding information on investees in Mainland China):

		1	1								its: In thousands	
Name of investor	Name of investee	Location	Main businesses and products	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	Shares	Ending balance Percentage of ownership	Carrying value	Highest Percentage of ownership	Net income (losses) of investee	Share of profits /losses of investee (Note 1)	Note
The Company	ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	Taiwan	Sale and purchase of UPS	179,996	189,852	14,208,502	31.57%	549,988	33.30%	120,118	38,640	
The Company	WHOLETECH SYSTEM HITECH LIMITED	Taiwan	Gas pipeline engineering	61,367	61,367	9,946,080	13.61%	245,387	13.61%	385,707	52,517	
The Company	JG ENVIRONMENTAL TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD	Taiwan	Machinery and Equipment Manufacturing	39,542	47,544	2,880,989	12.78%	43,905	16.90%	27,842	3,996	
The Company	Eco Energy Corporation	Taiwan	Integration and Solutions of Battery Energy Storage Systems, Purchase and Sale of Related Materials and Equipment	-	99,449	-	- %	-	16.57%	76,242	12,478	
The Company	United Integrated Services (BVI) Ltd.	BVI	Investment activities	567,643	567,643	17,697,630	100.00%	847,894	100.00%	76,800	76,800	Note 2
The Company	Hanxuan Energy Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Self-usage power generation equipment utilizing renewable energy	500,000	500,000	50,000,000	100.00%	445,116	100.00%	(8,391)	(8,391)	Note 2
The Company	Hunter Energy Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Self-usage power generation equipment utilizing renewable energy	90,000	90,000	9,000,000	100.00%	73,719	100.00%	(24)	(24)	Note 2
The Company	UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES (USA) CORP.	USA	Clean room system construction	1,392,503	1,392,503	50,000,000	100.00%	1,987,954	100.00%	462,455	462,455	Note 2
The Company	United Integrated Services Pte Ltd.	Singapore	Clean room system construction	34,040	34,040	-	100.00%	(18,317)	100.00%	13,673	13,673	Note 2
WHOLETECH SYSTEM HITECH LIMITED	WHOLETECH SYSTEM HITECH (BVI) LIMITED	BVI	Investment activities	170,884	170,884	5,400,000	100.00%	284,616	100.00%	61,860	61,860	
WHOLETECH SYSTEMHITECH (BVI) LIMITED	WHOLETECH SYSTEM HITECH (SHANHAI) LIMITED	China	Electromechanical, Circuit, and Pipeline Engineering Businesses	169,127	169,127	-	100.00%	284,593	100.00%	61,858	61,858	
WHOLETECH SYSTEM HITECH LIMITED	WHOLETECH SYSTEM HITECH INC.	Mauritius	Investment activities	110,559	110,559	3,500,000	100.00%	281,544	100.00%	52,949	52,949	
WHOLETECH SYSTEM HITECH INC.	WHOLETECH GROUP INTERNATIONAL TRADING LIMITED	Mauritius	Investment activities	110,559	110,559	3,500,000	100.00%	281,544	100.00%	52,949	52,949	
WHOLETECH GROUP INTERNATIONAL TRADING LIMITED	WHOLETECH GROUP (Shanghai) TRADING LIMITED	China	Import and Export Trading Business of Electronics, Machineries, Chemical Equipment, Pipe Fitting Hardware, etc.	110,559	110,559	-	100.00%	281,544	100.00%	52,949	52,949	
WHOLETECH SYSTEM HITECH LIMITED	WHOLETECH SYSTEM HITECH (S) PTE. LTD.	Singapore	Construction of water, gas pipelines and sewage systems, gas production, distribution of fuel gas main systems, etc.	30,865	30,865	200,000	100.00%	77,362	100.00%	25,506	25,506	
WHOLETECH SYSTEM HITECH (S) PTE. LTD.	WHOLETECH SYSTEM HITECH (M) SDN. BHD.	Malaysia	Construction of water, gas pipelines and sewage systems, gas production, distribution of fuel gas main systems, etc.	855	855	100,000	100.00%	70	100.00%	(244)	(244)	
ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	Ablerex-Samoa	Samoa	Holding company	217,445	217,445	6,635,000	100.00%	467,999	100.00%	8,179	10,590	
ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	Ablerex-USA	USA	Sales of uninterruptible power equipment and systems, solar equipment and related systems, etc.	8,303	8,303	250,000	100.00%	74,961	100.00%	7,762	7,762	
ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	Ablerex-HK	Hong Kong	Sales of uninterruptible power equipment and systems, solar equipment and related systems, etc.	43	43	10,000	100.00%	32,999	100.00%	101	101	
ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	Ablerex-SG	Singapore	Sales of uninterruptible power equipment and systems, solar equipment and related systems, etc.	48,008	48,008	2,140,763	100.00%	115,298	100.00%	6,343	4,323	
ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	Ablerex-UK	UK	Holding company	4,674	4,674	100,000	100.00%	14,529	100.00%	(179)	(683)	
ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	Ablerex-JP	Japan	Sales of uninterruptible power equipment and systems, solar equipment and related systems, etc.	9,159	9,159	2,970	99.00%	5,198	99.00%	(361)	(461)	
Ablerex-Samoa	Ablerex -Overseas	Hong Kong	Holding company	217,445	217,445	6,635,000	100.00%	471,637	100.00%	8,213	-	
Ablerex-UK	Ablerex-IT	Italy	Sales of uninterruptible power equipment and systems, solar equipment and related systems, etc.	4,674	4,674	100,000	100.00%	14,529	100.00%	(179)	-	
Ablerex-SG	Ablerex-TH	Thailand	Sales of uninterruptible power equipment and systems, solar equipment and related systems, etc.	1,687	256	18,800	94.00%	7,003	94.00%	1,713	-	
Ablerex-USA	Ablerex-LATAM	USA	Sales of uninterruptible power equipment and systems, solar equipment and related systems, etc.	15,358	15,358	3,650	86.00%	2,052	86.00%	(7,211)	-	
JG ENVIRONMENTAL TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD	ASIA INTELLIGENCE INVESTMENTS LIMITED	BVI	Investment activities	30,280	30,280	-	100.00%	37,923	100.00%	(4,226)	(4,226)	
JG ENVIRONMENTAL TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD	Taiwan Sustainable Environmental Energy Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Sales of pollution control equipment and manufacturing	100	100	10,000	14.29%	73	14.29%	(72)	(32)	

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Name of	Name of		Main	Original inves	tment amount	I	Ending balance		Highest	Net income	Share of profits	
investor	investee	Location	businesses and products	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	Shares	Percentage of ownership	Carrying value	Percentage of ownership	(losses) of investee	/losses of investee (Note 1)	Note
	Hua Zhi system Engineering Co., Ltd.		Sales of pollution control equipment and manufacturing	2,205	2,205	220,500	21.00%	5,236	21.00%	(651)	(137)	
	JG ENVIRONMENTAL TECHNOLOGY (SHANGHAI) LTD.		Sales of pollution control equipment and manufacturing	30,280	30,280	-	100.00%	38,056	100.00%	(4,226)	(4,226)	

Note 1: The profits/losses of the investee for current period were recognized by the investment company.

Note 2: The transactions were eliminated in the preparation of consolidated financial statements.

- (c) Information on investment in Mainland China:
- (i) The names of investees in Mainland China, the main businesses and products, and other information:

	Main businesses	Total amo	Method o int investmen	ıt c	ccumulated outflow of estment from	Investme	nt flows	ou	umulated tflow of tment from	Net income (losses) of	Percentage	Highest percentage	iı	estment ncome osses)	Book value as	of	Accumulated remittance of
Name of investee	and products	of capit surplus			niwan as of uary 1, 2022	Outflow	Inflow	Dec	wan as of ember 31, 2022	the investee	of ownership	of ownership			December 2022	31,	earnings in current period
Trading Ltd.	Semiconductor, clean room and electromechanical		,495 (2) USD 000	NT\$	34,495 USD 1,000	-	-	NT\$	34,495 USD 1,000	61,672	100.00%	100.00%	NT\$	61,672	NT\$ 38	3,517	-
Jiangxi United Integrated Services Ltd.	Electromechanical business and pipeline engineering business		,360 (1) RMB 0000	NT\$	338,573 RMB 75,000	-	-	NT\$	338,573 RMB 75,000	409,440	75.00%	75.00%	NT\$	307,080	NT\$ 58	9,566	NT\$ 1,706,112 RMB 366,374
Integrated Ltd.	Construction hardware, materials production and sales		,660 (2) USD 000	NT\$	381,660 USD 12,000	-	-	NT\$	381,660 USD 12,000	15,699	100.00%	100.00%	NT\$	15,699	NT\$ 35	3,335	-
Jiangxi Construction Engineering (Group) Co., Ltd.	Various types of building construction	NT\$ 5,113 1,043	RMB	NT\$	1,008,212 RMB 206,600	-	-	NT\$	1,008,212 RMB 206,600	1	19.80%	19.80%	NT\$	-	NT\$ 1,63	0,910	NT\$ 1,560,313 RMB 334,616
Medical Instrument Ltd.	Distribution agency for medical equipment, import and export of goods, after-sales service		,187 (2) USD 0000	NT\$	30,187 USD 1,000	1	-	NT\$	30,187 USD 1,000	(901)	100.00%	100.00%	NT\$	(901)	NT\$ 1	2,762	-

Note 1: Investment method

- (1) Investing in the mainland through companies in another country
- (2) Establishing a company through the investment in the third region to reinvest in the mainland.

Note 2: Except for Jiangxi Construction Engineering Group Co., Ltd., the transactions were eliminated in the preparation of consolidated financial statements.

(ii) Limitation on investment in Mainland China:

Accumulated investment in Mainland China as of December 31, 2022	Investment Amounts Authorized by Investment Commission, MOEA	Upper Limit on Investment
1,798,283	1,825,134	6,248,295
(USD59,165)	(USD59,165)	

(iii) Significant transactions with investees in Mainland China:

The significant inter—company transactions with the subsidiary in Mainland China, which were eliminated in the preparation of consolidated financial statements, are disclosed in "Information on significant transactions".

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(d) Major shareholders:

Units: In shares

Shareholder's Name	areholding Shar	res Percentage
Mrs. Lee	11,	,023,896 5.78%

- Note: (i) The information of major shareholders who hold 5 percent or more of the issuer's common stocks and preferred stocks, including treasury stocks, is provided by Taiwan Depository and Clearing Corp. for every quarter. The share capital disclosed on financial report and the actual numbers of dematerialized securities may be different due to their discrepancies calculation basis.
 - (ii) If the shareholder entrusts the shares to the trust, the shareholding will be disclosed by the trustee's account individually. As for those shareholders who are responsible for the declaration of insiders' shareholding with more than 10 percent in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Act, their shareholdings shall include their own shares and the trust in which they have the authority to decide the allocation of their trust assets. Please refer to the Market Observation Post System for information on the insiders' shareholding.

(14) Segment information

(a) General information

The Group's reportable segments are as follows:

- (i) Engineering and Integration department: It is engaged in various equipment engineering, control of instrument engineering, clean room system construction and other services.
- (ii) Maintenance and Design department: It provides various computerized automatic monitoring system, engineering design, maintenance contracting services and other businesses.
- (iii) Other: Department of photoelectric, renewable energy and others.
- (b) Information about reportable segments and their measurement and reconciliations:

The reportable segments of the Group are strategic business entities providing different product and services. Since each strategic business entities need different technology and marketing strategy, they are managed separately. Most of the business entities were acquired separately and the original management teams when acquired stay the same.

The Group does not allocate tax expenses to its reporting segments. The reportable amount is similar to that in the report used by the chief operating decision maker.

The operating segment accounting policies are similar to those described in note 2 "Significant Accounting Policies". The income of the operating segments is measured based on the income before tax, which also serves as the basis for performance measurement. The Group considers the sales and transfer between departments as a sales or transfer with a third person, measured at the current market price.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Group's operating segment information and reconciliation were as follows:

				2022		
	Engineering and Integration department		Maintenance and Design department	Other	Reconciliation and elimination	Total
Revenue:						
Revenue from external customers	\$	47,964,996	93,914	141,400	-	48,200,310
Intersegment revenues		71,619	-	1,742	(73,361)	-
Interest income		165,608	-	-	(2,210)	163,398
Total revenue	\$	48,202,223	93,914	143,142	(75,571)	48,363,708
Interest expenses	\$	28,449	-	-	(2,210)	26,239
Depreciation and amortization	\$	37,965	979	71,022		109,966
Reportable segment profit or loss	\$	5,557,208	48,302	673,982	(851,593)	5,427,899
				2021		
	and	ngineering I Integration epartment	Maintenance and Design department	Reconciliation Other and elimination		Total
Revenue:						
Revenue from external customers	\$	25,401,497	88,262	116,382	-	25,606,141
Intersegment revenues		389,058	244	-	(389,302)	-
Interest income		98,690	-	-	(2,254)	96,436
Total revenue	\$	25,889,245	88,506	116,382	(391,556)	25,702,577
Interest expenses	\$	14,076	-		(2,254)	11,822
Depreciation and amortization	\$	30,004	984	40,111	-	71,099
Reportable segment profit or loss	\$	3,183,988	43,175	471,508	(143,357)	3,555,314

Note: As the information on segment assets and liabilities was not provided to the chief operating decision maker, the information on segment assets and liabilities is not disclosed.

(c) Product and service information

Revenue from the external customers of the Group was as follows:

Products and services		2022	2021
Construction revenue	\$	47,964,996	25,401,497
Service and design revenue		93,914	88,262
Sales revenue		141,400	116,382
Total	<u>\$</u>	48,200,310	25,606,141

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(d) Geographic information

In presenting information on the basis of geography, segment revenue is based on the geographical location of customers and segment assets are based on the geographical location of the assets.

Geographical information		2022	2021
Revenue:			
Taiwan	\$	25,645,459	22,457,138
Mainland China		3,050,061	2,848,002
Singapore		7,499	(1,193)
United States		19,497,291	302,194
Total	<u>\$</u>	48,200,310	25,606,141
Geographical information	De	cember 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Non-current assets:			
Taiwan	\$	1,297,912	1,286,470
Mainland China		225,452	233,709
United States		310,886	118,999
Singapore		-	291
Total	\$	1,834,250	1,639,469

Non-current assets include property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets, intangible assets, and other assets, not including financial instruments and deferred tax assets (non-current).

(e) Major customers

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the sales to customers exceeded 10% of the total revenue were as follows:

		2022		2021			
Name of customer		Amount	%	Amount	%		
A customer	\$	19,494,958	40.45	302,194	1.18		
B customer		18,370,552	38.11	14,652,850	57.22		
C customer		6,320,885	13.11	7,153,847	27.94		
Total	<u>\$</u>	44,186,395	91.67	22,108,891	86.34		

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Stock Code:2404

UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES CO., LTD.

Parent Company Only Financial Statements

With Independent Auditors' Report For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

Address: 13F., No.13, Qiaohe Rd., Zhonghe Dist., New Taipei City,

Taiwan (R.O.C.)

Telephone: (02)2917-4060

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

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Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors of United Integrated Services Co., Ltd.:

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of United Integrated Services Co., Ltd. ("the Company"), which comprise the balance sheets as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, based on our audits and the reports of other auditors (please refer to Other Matter section), the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Account of Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirement. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis of our opinion.

Other Matter

We did not audit the financial statements of certain investee companies under the equity method and Note 13 (b) "Information on investees of the financial statements". Those statements were audited by other auditors, whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for these investee companies, is based solely on the reports of other auditors. The investments in the investee companies constituted 3.13% and 4.07% of the total assets, as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. For the years then ended, the recognized shares of profit of associates accounted for using the equity method of these investee companies constituted 2.13% and 2.03% of the total profit before tax, respectively.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. In our judgment, the key audit matters we communicated in the auditors' report were as follows:

1. Revenue recognition

For the accounting policies related to revenue recognition, please refer to Note 4 (o) "Revenue recognition"; for uncertainty of accounting estimates and assumption for revenue recognition, please refer to Note 5 (b) "Revenue recognition"; for information of revenue recognition, please refer to Note 6 (s) "Revenue from contracts with customers" to the financial statements.

Description of Key Audit Matter:

The Company recognizes construction contract revenue by percentage of completion method. The percentage of completion is based on the contract costs incurred as of the financial statements reporting date, representing the percentage of the estimated total contract costs. Because construction contract accounting involves a high level of estimation and judgment, revenue recognition has been identified as one of the key audit matters for our audit.

How the matter was addressed in our audit:

In relation to the key audit matter above, our principal audit procedures included: (i) testing the effectiveness of the internal control related to the timing and precision of revenue recognition; (ii) selecting samples of new construction projects and inspecting the contracts as well as related documents to evaluate the reasonableness of the management's accounting estimates; (iii) obtaining the annual construction revenue statistics of the Company and verified whether the revenue recognition was appropriate.

2. Accounts receivable impairment assessment

For the accounting policies related to the impairment assessment of accounts receivable, please refer to Note 4 (f) "Financial instruments"; for uncertainty of accounting estimates and assumption for the impairment assessment of accounts receivable, please refer to Note 5 (a) "Impairment assessment of accounts receivable"; for information of the impairment assessment of accounts receivable, please refer to Note 6 (c) "Notes and accounts receivable" to the financial statements.

Description of Key Audit Matter:

The Company recognized expected credit loss in accordance with the Company's policy of allowance for accounts receivable, and established its estimation based on its clients' credit risk, historical experiences of credit loss, and rational expectation of future economic conditions. Since the accounting of expected credit loss of accounts receivable involves a high level of estimation and judgment, the impairment assessment of accounts receivable has been identified as one of the key audit matters for our audit.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

How the matter was addressed in our audit:

In relation to the key audit matter above, our principal audit procedures included: (i) understanding the accounting policies of the impairment assessment of notes and trade receivables; (ii) implementing sampling procedures to examine the accuracy of accounts receivable aging report; (iii) analyzing the changes of the aging of accounts receivable in each period; (iv) examining historical collection records; (v) examining subsequent collection status to evaluate the reasonableness of the Company's recognition of allowance for impairment loss.

3. Financial instruments assessment

For the accounting policies related to the assessment of financial instruments, please refer to Note 4 (f) "Financial Instruments"; for uncertainty of accounting estimates and judgments for fair value of financial instruments, please refer to Note 5 (c) "Fair value of financial instruments"; for information of the fair value of financial instruments, please refer to Note 6 (v) "Fair value hierarchy information" to the financial statements.

Description of Key Audit Matter:

The accounting of the assessment of financial instruments involves a high level of estimation and judgment. Therefore, the assessment of financial instruments has been identified as one of the key audit matters for our audit.

How the matter was addressed in our audit:

In relation to the key audit matter above, our principal audit procedures included: (i) testing the investment cycle and financial reporting process of the Company and assessing the internal control of the disclosure of the financial statements; (ii) appointing our valuation specialists to assess the reasonableness of valuation techniques and to test the key parameters of financial assets without active market prices, wherein valuation models are used to check whether the applied valuation techniques are in accordance with IFRS 13 "Fair Value Measurement".

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance (including the Audit Committee) are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of the management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the investment in other entities accounted for using the equity method to express an opinion on this financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may

reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partners on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report are Fu-Jen, Chen and Jung-Lin, Lee.

KPMG

Taipei, Taiwan (Republic of China) March 23, 2023

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

		December 31, 2022	December 31, 20		2150	Notes payable (note (v))	19,541	_	64,094	_
	Assets	Amount %	Amount	%	2170	Accounts payable (note (v))		17	3,840,952	
	Current assets:				2180	Accounts payable—related parties (notes (v) and 7)	64,673		91,867	
1100	Cash and cash equivalents (note (a))	\$ 6,286,617 24	4,301,255	20	2220	Other payables—related parties (note 7)	178,992	1	172,780	1
1110	Current financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss (notes (b) and (v))	328,176 1	710,961	3				2		1
1140	Current contract assets (note (s))	3,248,921 12	2,626,321	12	2230	Current tax liabilities	563,629	2	, . , .	
1150	Notes receivable, net (note (c))	99 -	870	-	2250	Current provisions (note (m))	15,520	-	11,812	
1170	Accounts receivable, net (notes (c) and (s))	4,919,258 18	2,099,497	10	2280	Current lease liabilities (notes (n) and (v))	19,474	-	22,840	
1180	Accounts receivable – related parties (notes (c), (s) and 7)	271 -	1,486	-	2300	Other current liabilities (notes (o) and (v))	907,477	4	732,366	
130X	Inventories (note (d))	60,420 -	65,627	_		Total current liabilities	15,998,630	60	11,534,301	53_
1410	Prepayments (notes (e) and 7)	1,321,026 5	721,041	3		Non-Current liabilities:				
1470	Other current assets (notes (1) and 7)	2.946.322 11		17	2550	Non-current provisions (note (o))	126,483	-	176,745	1
	Total current assets	19,111,110 71	13,973,957	65	2570	Deferred tax liabilities (note (p))	259,007	1	108,287	1
	Non-current assets:		10,570,507	<u> </u>	2580	Non-current lease liabilities (notes (n) and (v))	2,454	-	17,265	-
1510	Non-current financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss (notes (f) and				2645	Guarantee deposits received (note (v))	17,451	-	26,067	-
1310	(v))		3,529	_	2650	Credit balance of investments accounted for using equity method (note (h))	18,317	-	29,303	
1517	Non-current financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	3,32)	_		Total non-current liabilities	423,712	1	357,667	2
1317	•	1,630,910 6	2,026,136	9		Total liabilities	16,422,342	61	11,891,968	55
1550	(notes (g) and (v))				31XX	Equity (notes (g) and (q)):				
1550	Investments accounted for using equity method (notes (h) and 7)	4,783,529 18	3,995,151	19	3100	Common stock	1,905,867	7	1,905,867	9
1600	Property, plant and equipment (notes (i) and 7)	1,124,182 4	1,090,521	5	3200	Capital surplus	378,352	1	377,460	2
1755	Right-of-use assets (note (j))	21,760 -	39,980			Retained earnings:			,	
1780	Intangible assets (note (k))	18,353 -	21,422	-	3310	Legal reserve	2,694,580	10	2,416,160	11
1840	Deferred tax assets (note (p))	121,268 1	172,319	1	3350	Unappropriated earnings		20	4,010,254	
1940	Long-term other receivables—related parties (note 7)		162,917	1	3330	Onappropriated carmings		30	6,426,414	
1900	Other non-current assets (notes (l) and 8)	25,056 -	12,699		3400	Othersenite	•	30		
	Total non-current assets	7,725,058 29	7,524,674	35		Other equity	712,067		896,922	
			, <u>.</u>		3500	Treasury stock		(2)		
	Total assets	<u>\$ 26,836,168 100</u>	21,498,631	100		Total equity		39	9,606,663	
						Total liabilities and equity	<u>\$ 26,836,168</u>	100	21,498,631	100

			Dec	ember 31, 2	2022	December 31, 2	2021
	Liabilities and Equity		A	Amount	%	Amount	%
	Current liabilities:						
2130	Current contract liabilities (notes (s) and 7)	9	\$	9,626,786	36	6,453,112	30

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(English Translation of Parent Company Only Financial Statements and Report Originally Issued in Chinese)
UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES CO., LTD.
Statements of Comprehensive Income

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 (Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollar, Except Earnings Per Share)

		2022 Amount	%	2021 Amount	%
4000	Operating Revenues (notes (s) and 7):				
4520	Construction revenue	\$ 30,067,100	99	22,860,524	99
4600	Service and design revenue etc.	230,864	1	199,011	1
	Operating revenues, net	30,297,964	100	23,059,535	100
5000	Operating costs (notes (d), (k), (n), (o), 7 and 12):				
5520	Construction cost	24,863,360	82	19,235,385	84
5600	Service and design cost etc.	88,561	-	75,976	
	Total operating costs	24,951,921	82	19,311,361	84
	Gross profit from operations	5,346,043	18	3,748,174	16
5910	Less: Unrealized gain from sale	-	-	25,971	
	Gross profit from operations, net	5,346,043	18	3,722,203	16
	Operating expenses (notes (c), (k), (n), (o), (t), 7 and 12):				
6100	Selling expenses	39,507	_	27,285	_
6200	Administrative expenses	974,301	3	759,749	3
6300	Research and development expenses	27,818	_	30,000	-
6450	Expected credit loss (reversal of impairment loss)	593	_	(362)	_
	Total operating expenses	1,042,219	3	816,672	3
	Net operating income	4,303,824	15	2,905,531	13
	Non-operating income and expenses:	1,2 12 12 1			
7010	Other income (notes (b), (g), (u) and 7)	48,088	_	33,547	_
7020	Other gains and losses (notes (u) and 7)	(345,893)	(1)	196,050	1
7100	Interest income (notes (u) and 7)	103,843	-	63,363	_
7510	Interest expense (notes (u) and 7)	(9,018)	_	(6,863)	_
7375	Share of profit of subsidiaries, associations and joint ventures accounted for using equity method (note (h))	959,224	3	212,525	1
1313	Total non-operating income and expenses	756,244	2	498,622	2
7900	Net income from continuing operations before tax	5,060,068	17	3,404,153	15
7950	Less: Income tax expenses (note (p))	1,060,583	4	634,678	3
8200	Net income	3,999,485	13	2,769,475	12
8300	Other comprehensive income (notes (g), (o) and (p)):				
8310	Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:				
8311	Gains (losses) on remeasurements of defined benefit plans	33,355	-	17,388	-
8316	Unrealized gains (losses) from investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	(395,226)	(1)	67,418	-
8330	Share of other comprehensive income of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method,	52,351	-	814	-
8349	components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	6,671		3,478	
0349	Less: Income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	(316,191)	(1)	82,142	
8360	Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	(310,191)	(1)	02,142	 -
	Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss:	107.77.1	1	(10 175)	
8361	Exchange differences on translation of foreign operation	186,761	1	(18,175)	-
8380	Share of other comprehensive income of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss	9,643	-	(3,810)	-
8399	Less: Income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss	37,353	-	(3,635)	
	Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss	159,051	1	(18,350)	
8300	Other comprehensive income	(157,140)	-	63,792	
8500	Comprehensive income	\$ 3,842,345	13	2,833,267	12
9750	Basic earnings per share (in dollars) (note (r))		21.25		14.53
9850	Diluted earnings per share (in dollars) (note (r))	<u> </u>	20.89		14.36

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(English Translation of Parent Company Only Financial Statements and Report Originally Issued in Chinese)
UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES CO., LTD.

Statements of Changes in Equity
For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021
(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollar)

	Share capital	_	1	Retained earnings		Exchange differences on	Other equity Unrealized gains (losses) on financial assets measured at fair value through			
	Common stock	Capital surplus	Legal reserve	Legal retained Total retained		translation of foreign operations	other comprehensive income	Total other equity	Treasury stock	Total equity
Balance on January 1, 2021	\$ 1,905,867	368,144	2,015,786	4,866,403	6,882,189	(102,652)	950,506	847,854	-	10,004,054
Net income	-	-	-	2,769,475	2,769,475	-	-	-	-	2,769,475
Other comprehensive income		-	=	14,724	14,724	(18,350)	67,418	49,068		63,792
Total comprehensive income		=	-	2,784,199	2,784,199	(18,350)	67,418	49,068	-	2,833,267
Appropriation and distribution of retained earnings:										
Legal reserve	-	-	400,374	(400,374)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends	-	-	-	(3,239,974)	(3,239,974)	-	-	-	-	(3,239,974)
Other changes in capital surplus:										
Changes in equity of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity										
method	-	9,111	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,111
Overdue unclaimed dividend transferred in		205	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	205
Balance on December 31, 2021	1,905,867	377,460	2,416,160	4,010,254	6,426,414	(121,002)	1,017,924	896,922	-	9,606,663
Net income	-	-	-	3,999,485	3,999,485	-	-	-	-	3,999,485
Other comprehensive income		-	-	27,715	27,715	159,051	(343,906)	(184,855)	-	(157,140)
Total comprehensive income		-	-	4,027,200	4,027,200	159,051	(343,906)	(184,855)	-	3,842,345
Appropriation and distribution of retained earnings:										
Legal reserve	-	-	278,420	(278,420)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends	-	-	-	(2,462,131)	(2,462,131)	-	-	-	-	(2,462,131)
Other changes in capital surplus:										
Changes in equity of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity										
method	-	518	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	518

(Continued)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Overdue unclaimed dividend transferred in		-	374	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	374
Purchase of treasury stock		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(573,943)	(573,943)
Balance on December 31, 2022	<u>\$</u>	1,905,867	378,352	2,694,580	5,296,903	7,991,483	38,049	674,018	712,067	(573,943)	10,413,826

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(English Translation of Parent Company Only Financial Statements and Report Originally Issued in Chinese) UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES CO., LTD.

Statements of Cash Flows

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 (Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollar)

	2022	2021
Cash flows from (used in) operating activities: Income before income tax	\$ 5,060,068	3,404,15
Adjustments:	\$ 2,000,000	3,101,13
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss):		
Depreciation expense	33,573	29,77
Amortization expense	5,221	1,18
Expected credit loss (reversal gain of impairment loss)	593	(362
Net profit (loss) on financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	377,036	(194,990
Interest expense	9,018	6,86
Interest income	(103,843)	(63,363
Dividend income	(22,642)	(12,273
Share of profit of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method	(959,224)	(212,525
Gains from disposal of property, plant and equipment Gains on disposal of investments	(14)	(60
Unrealized profit from sale	(21,411)	(31,382 25,97
Gain on reversal of impairment loss of property, plant and equipment	(1,402)	23,97
Other income	(1,402) (59)	_
Total adjustments to reconcile loss	(683,154)	(451,158
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	(003,134)	(431,130
Changes in operating assets:		
Increase in current contract assets	(622,600)	(1,365,582
Decrease in notes receivable	771	5,01
Decrease (Increase) in accounts receivable	(2,820,354)	4,097,63
Decrease in accounts receivable—related parties	1,215	1,80
Decrease (Increase) in inventories	5,207	(8,962
Increase in prepayments	(599,985)	(115,413
Decrease (Increase) in other current assets	(120,146)	11,22
Subtotal of changes in operating assets	(4,155,892)	2,625,72
Changes in operating liabilities:		
Increase in current contract liabilities	3,173,674	351,27
(Decrease) Increase in notes payable	(44,553)	3,22
Decrease in notes payable—related parties	-	(5,983
(Decrease) Increase in accounts payable	757,180	(1,648,048
Decrease in accounts payable—related parties	(27,194)	(159,913
(Decrease) Increase in current provisions	8,114	(7,596
(Decrease) Increase in other current liabilities	175,111	(175,794
Decrease in net defined benefit liability	(16,907)	(132,849
Subtotal of changes in operating liabilities	4,025,425	(1,775,686
Total changes in operating assets and liabilities	(130,467)	850,03
Total adjustments	(813,621)	398,87
ash inflow generated from operations	4,246,447	3,803,03
nterest received	93,041	58,88
nterest paid	(2,806)	(564
ncome taxes paid	(483,685)	(971,583
Net cash flows from operating activities	3,852,997	2,889,77
Cash flows from (used in) investing activities:	2.202	2.25
Proceeds from capital reduction of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	2,303	3,25
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	- 2.954	(26,408
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	3,854	41,53
Acquisition of investments accounted for using equity method	177, 570	(1,685,373
Proceeds from disposal of investments accounted for using equity method	176,570	(451.954
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(45,960) 14	(451,855
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment (Increase) decrease in refundable deposits	(6,491)	(2,370
Acquisition of intangible assets	(1,907)	(19,08)
Decrease in long-term other receivables—related parties	165,127	42,10
Decrease in other financial assets	630,165	66,25
Increase in other non-current assets	(6,961)	(10)
Dividends received	279,737	174,23
Net cash flows from (used in) investing activities	1,196,451	(1,857,200
Cash flows from (used in) financing activities:	1,170,731	(1,00/,200
(Decrease) Increase in guarantee deposits received	(8,616)	19,40
Payment of lease liabilities	(19,770)	(16,973
Cash dividends paid	(2,462,131)	(3,239,974
	(573,943)	-
Payments to acquire treasury shares		

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Overdue unclaimed dividends transferred to capital surplus

Net cash flows used in financing activities

Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period

Cash and cash equivalents at end of period

	374	205
	(3,064,086)	(3,237,338)
	1,985,362	(2,204,774)
	4,301,255	6,506,029
9	6,286,617	4,301,255
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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(English Translation of Parent Company Only Financial Statements and Report Originally Issued in Chinese)

UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES CO., LTD.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollar, Unless Otherwise Specified)

(1) Company history

United Integrated Services Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as the "Company") was incorporated as a limited company under the provisions of the Ministry of Economic Affairs, R.O.C on September 13, 1982, as United Technology And Engineering Co., Ltd.. The Company reincorporated as United Linkfast Co., Ltd. on March 14, 1990. On October 30, 1990, the Company merged with Linkfast System Co., Ltd. The surviving company was United Linkfast Co., Ltd., and renamed as United Integrated Services Co., Ltd. on May 29, 2002. The registered address of the Company was 6F., No.297 Sec.6, Roosevelt Rd., Wenshan Dist., Taipei City, Taiwan(R.O.C). On July 29, 2003, the Company merged was Taichun Technology Co., Ltd. through the cash consideration method. The surviving company was United Integrated Services Co., Ltd. The Company relocated during 2022 and changed the registered address to 13F., No.13, Qiaohe Rd., Zhonghe Dist., New Taipei City, Taiwan (R.O.C.).

The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred hereinafter as the "Group") are primarily engaged in: (1) Contracting various running water projects, instrumental control projects, refrigerating and air conditioning projects, installation of clean rooms and the related transactions and manufacturing of supplies. (2) Traffic surveillance & control system engineering building, factory computer control monitoring systems, engineering environment monitoring systems, the design and installation of engineering toll collection systems and related supply transactions. (3) Various electrical and mechanical engineering contracts for transmission and distribution of electric power. (4) The design, installation, maintenance and trading of related equipment of various computerized automatic engineering monitoring systems. (5) Contracting of various computer and communication system integration projects and the manufacturing and trading of related software and hardware. (6) Installation and design of controlling equipment in computer rooms. (7) Technical advisory services for planning and designing of projects. (8) Importing restrained telecom radio frequency equipment.

(2) Approval date and procedures of the financial statements

These parent company only financial statements were authorized for issuance by the Board of Directors on March 23, 2023.

(3) New standards, amendments and interpretations adopted:

(a) The impact of the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission, R.O.C. which have already been adopted.

The Company has initially adopted the following new amendments, which do not have a significant impact on its financial statements, from January 1, 2022:

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

- Amendments to IAS 16 "Property, Plant and Equipment Proceeds before Intended Use"
- Amendments to IAS 37 "Onerous Contracts—Cost of Fulfilling a Contract"
- Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2018 2020
- Amendments to IFRS 3 "Reference to the Conceptual Framework"

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(b) The impact of IFRS issued by the FSC but not yet effective

The Company assesses that the adoption of the following new amendments, effective for annual period beginning on January 1, 2023, would not have a significant impact on its financial statements:

- Amendments to IAS 1 "Disclosure of Accounting Policies"
- Amendments to IAS 8 "Definition of Accounting Estimates"
- Amendments to IAS 12 "Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction"

(c) The impact of IFRS issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

The Company does not expect the following new and amended standards, which have yet to be endorsed by the FSC, to have a significant impact on its financial statements:

- Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 "Sale or Contribution of Assets Between an Investor and Its Associate or Joint Venture"
- IFRS 17 " Insurance Contracts" and amendments to IFRS 17 " Insurance Contracts"
- Amendments to IAS 1 "Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current"
- Amendments to IAS 1 "Non-current Liabilities with Covenants"
- Amendments to IFRS 17 "Initial Application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 Comparative Information "
- IFRS16 "Requirements for Sale and Leaseback Transactions"

(4) Summary of significant accounting policies

The significant accounting policies presented in the financial statements are summarized below. Except for those specifically indicated, the following accounting policies were applied consistently throughout the periods presented in the financial statements.

(a) Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers (hereinafter referred to as "the Regulations").

(b) Basis of preparation

(i) Basis of measurement

Except for the following significant accounts, the financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis:

1) Financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value;

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

- 2) Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are measured at fair value:
- 3) The defined benefit liabilities are measured at fair value of the plan assets less the present value of the defined benefit obligation.

(ii) Functional and presentation currency

The functional currency of each entity is determined based on the primary economic environment in which the entity operates. The financial statements are presented in New Taiwan Dollar (NT\$), which is the Company's functional currency. All financial information presented in NTD has been rounded to the nearest thousand.

(c) Foreign currencies

(i) Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the respective functional currencies of Company entities at the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each subsequent reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currencies using the exchange rate at that date. Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at fair value are translated into the functional currencies using the exchange rate at the date that the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that are measured based on historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

Exchange differences are generally recognized in profit or loss, except for those differences relating to the following, which are recognized in other comprehensive income:

- an investment in equity securities designated as at fair value through other comprehensive income:
- a financial liability designated as a hedge of the net investment in a foreign operation to the extent that the hedge is effective; or
- qualifying cash flow hedges to the extent that the hedges are effective.

(ii) Foreign operations

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations, including goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on acquisition, are translated into the presentation currency at the exchange rates at the reporting date. The income and expenses of foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency at the average exchange rate. Exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

When a foreign operation is disposed of such that control, significant influence, or joint control is lost, the cumulative amount in the translation reserve related to that foreign operation is reclassified to profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on disposal. When the Company disposes of only part of its interest in a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation while retaining control, the relevant proportion of the cumulative amount is reattributed to non-controlling interests. When the Group disposes of only part of its investment in an associate or joint venture that includes a foreign operation while retaining significant influence or joint control, the relevant proportion of the cumulative amount is reclassified to profit or loss.

When the settlement of a monetary receivable from or payable to a foreign operation is neither planned nor likely to occur in the foreseeable future, Exchange differences arising from such a monetary item that are considered to form part of the net investment in the foreign operation are recognized in other comprehensive income.

- (d) Classification of current and non-current assets and liabilities
 - (i) An asset is classified as current under one of the following criteria, and all other assets are classified as non-current.
 - 1) It is expected to be realized, or intended to be sold or consumed, in the normal operating cycle;
 - 2) It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
 - 3) It is expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period; or
 - 4) The asset is cash or a cash equivalent (as defined in IAS 7) unless the asset is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.
 - (ii) A liability is classified as current under one of the following criteria, and all other liabilities are classified as non-current.

An entity shall classify a liability as current when:

- 1) It is expected to be settled in the normal operating cycle;
- 2) It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- 3) It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- 4) The Company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by issuing equity instruments do not affect its classification.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(iii) Other

The Company is mainly engaged in the planning, designation and construction contracting of engineering projects with a operating cycle of approximately three to five years. The classification of current and non-current assets and liabilities related to the engineering business is based on the operating cycle.

(e) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits. Cash equivalents are short term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in fair value. The definition of time deposit within 3 months is similar to that of cash equivalent; however, the purpose of holding time deposit is for short term cash commitment rather than investment.

(f) Financial instruments

(i) Financial assets

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at: amortized cost; FVOCI – equity investment; or FVTPL. Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the Group changes its business model for managing financial assets, in which case all affected financial assets are reclassified on the first day of the first reporting period following the change in the business model.

1) Financial assets measured at amortized cost

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

These assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost, which is the amount at which the financial asset is measured at initial recognition, plus/minus, the cumulative amortization using the effective interest method, adjusted for any loss allowance. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses, as well as impairment, are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognized in profit or loss.

2) Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)

On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Company may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in other comprehensive income. This election is made on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Equity investments at FVOCI are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividends are recognized as income in profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income and are never reclassified to profit or loss.

Dividend income is recognized in profit or loss on the date on which the Company's right to receive payment is established.

3) Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

All financial assets not classified as amortized cost or FVOCI described as above are measured at FVTPL. On initial recognition, the Company may irrevocably designate a financial asset, which meets the requirements to be measured at amortized cost or at FVOCI, as at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any interest or dividend income, are recognized in profit or loss.

4) Business model assessment

The Company makes an assessment of the objective of the business model in which a financial asset is held at portfolio level because this best reflects the way the business is managed and information is provided to management. The information considered includes:

- the stated policies and objectives for the portfolio and the operation of those policies in practice. These include whether management's strategy focuses on earning contractual interest income, maintaining a particular interest rate profile, matching the duration of the financial assets to the duration of any related liabilities or expected cash outflows or realizing cash flows through the sale of the assets;
- how the performance of the portfolio is evaluated and reported to the Company's management;
- the risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and how those risks are managed;
- the frequency, volume and timing of sales of financial assets in prior periods, the reasons for such sales and expectations about future sales activity.

Transfers of financial assets to third parties in transactions that do not qualify for derecognition are not considered sales for this purpose, and are consistent with the Company's continuing recognition of the assets.

Financial assets that are held for trading or are managed and whose performance is evaluated on a fair value basis are measured at FVTPL.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

5) Impairment of financial assets

The Company recognizes loss allowances for expected credit losses (ECL) on financial assets measured at amortized cost (including cash and cash equivalents, notes and accounts receivable, other receivable, guarantee deposit paid and other financial assets), debt investments measured at FVOCI, accounts receivable and contract assets.

Loss allowance for trade receivables and contract assets are always measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECL.

Lifetime ECLs are the ECLs that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Company is exposed to credit risk.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECL, the Company considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis based on the Company's historical experience and informed credit assessment as well as forward-looking information.

The Company considers a financial asset to be in default when the financial asset is more than 12 months past due, or the debtor is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Company in full.

ECLs are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e the difference between the cash flows due to the Company in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Company expects to receive). ECLs are discounted at the effective interest rate of the financial asset.

At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether financial assets carried at amortized cost and debt securities at FVOCI are credit-impaired. A financial asset is 'credit-impaired' when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes the following observable data:

- significant financial difficulty of the borrower or issuer;
- a breach of contract such as a default or being more than 12 months past due;
- the disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties.

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortized cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off when the Company has no reasonable expectations of recovering a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof. For corporate customers, the Company individually makes an assessment with respect to the timing and amount of write-off based on whether there is a reasonable expectation of recovery. The Group expects no significant recovery from the amount written off. However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities in order to comply with the Group's procedures for recovery of amounts due.

6) Derecognition of financial assets

The Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and it does not retain control of the financial asset.

The Company enters into transactions whereby it transfers assets recognized in its statement of balance sheet, but retains either all or substantially all of the risks and rewards of the transferred assets. In these cases, the transferred assets are not derecognized.

(ii) Financial liabilities

1) Financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is also recognized in profit or loss.

2) Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Company derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expire. The Company also derecognizes a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows of the modified liability are substantially different, in which case a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognized at fair value.

On derecognition of a financial liability, the difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability extinguished and the consideration paid (including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed) is recognized in profit or loss.

3) Offsetting of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of balance sheet when, and only when, the Company currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(g) Inventories

The cost of inventories consists of all costs of purchase, conversion, and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. The cost of inventories includes an appropriate share of fixed production overhead based on normal capacity and allocated variable production overhead based on actual output. However, unallocated fixed production overhead arising from lower or idle capacity is recognized in cost of goods sold during the period. If actual capacity is higher than normal capacity, fixed production overhead should be allocated based on actual capacity. The method of valuing inventories is the weighted average method.

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and selling expenses at the end of the period. When the cost of inventories is higher than the net realizable value, inventories are written down to net realizable value, and the write down amount is charged to current year's cost of goods sold. If net realizable value increases in the future, the cost of inventories is reversed within the original write down amount, and such reversal is treated as a reduction of cost of goods sold.

(h) Investment in associates

Associates are those entities in which the Company has significant influence, but not control or joint control, over their financial and operating policies.

Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method and are recognized initially at cost. The cost of the investment includes transaction costs. The carrying amount of the investment in associates includes goodwill arising from the acquisition less any accumulated impairment losses.

The consolidated financial statements include the Company's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of those associates, after adjustments to align their accounting policies with those of the Company, from the date on which significant influence commences until the date on which significant influence ceases. The Company recognizes any changes of its proportionate share in the investee within capital surplus, when an associate's equity changes due to reasons other than profit and loss or comprehensive income, which did not result in changes in actual significant influence.

Gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Company and an associate are recognized only to the extent of unrelated Company's interests in the associate.

When the Company's share of losses of an associate equals or exceeds its interests in an associate, it discontinues recognizing its share of further losses. After the recognized interest is reduced to zero, additional losses are provided for, and a liability is recognized, only to the extent that the Company has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

When the Company subscribes to additional shares in an associate at a percentage different from its existing ownership percentage, the resulting carrying amount of the investment will differ from the amount of the Group's proportionate interest in the net assets of the associate. The Company records such a difference as an adjustment to investments, with the corresponding amount charged or credited to capital surplus. The aforesaid adjustment should first be adjusted under capital surplus. If the capital surplus resulting from changes in ownership interest is not sufficient, the remaining difference is debited to retained earnings. If the Company's ownership interest is reduced due to the additional subscription to the shares of the associate by other investors, the proportionate amount of the gains or losses previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate will be reclassified to profit or loss on the same basis as would be required if the associate had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

(i) Subsidiaries

The Company accounts the investee companies that it possesses control using the equity. Net income, other comprehensive income, and shareholder's equity in the financial reports of the Company and the net income, other comprehensive income, and shareholder's equity that belongs to the owners of parent in the consolidated financial reports should be the same.

The Company accounts the changes in equity, under the condition that control is still present, as equity transactions between the proprietors.

(j) Property, plant and equipment

(i) Recognition and measurement

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost, which includes capitalized borrowing costs, less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognized in profit or loss.

(ii) Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Company.

(iii) Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated on the cost of an asset less its residual value and is recognized in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of each component of an item of property, plant and equipment.

Land is not depreciated.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment for current and comparative periods are as follows:

1)	Buildings	5~50 years
2)	Machinery	3∼7 years
3)	Plant equipment	3~50 years
4)	Transportation equipment	3~5 years
5)	Office equipment	3~10 years
6)	Leasehold improvements	5 years

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each annual reporting date and adjusted if appropriate.

(k) Leases

At inception of a contract, the Company assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

(i) As a lessee

The Company recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be reliably determined, the Company's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following:

- fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments;
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; and
- payments for purchase or termination options that are reasonably certain to be exercised.

The lease liability is measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when:

- there is a change in future lease payments arising from the change in an index or rate; or
- there is a change in the Company's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; or
- there is a change in the lease term resulting from a change of its assessment on whether it will exercise an option to purchase the underlying asset, or
- there is a change of its assessment on whether it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option; or
- there is any lease modifications

When the lease liability is remeasured, other than lease modifications, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or in profit and loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

When the lease liability is remeasured to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease for lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease, the Company accounts for the remeasurement of the lease liability by decreasing the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease, and recognize in profit or loss any gain or loss relating to the partial or full termination of the lease.

The Company presents right-of-use assets that do not meet the definition of investment and lease liabilities as a separate line item respectively in the statement of financial position.

The Company has elected not to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases of buildings and office equipment that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets, including IT equipment. The Company recognizes the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(ii) As a leasor

When the Company acts as a lessor, it determines at lease commencement whether each lease is a finance lease or an operating lease. To classify each lease, the Company makes an overall assessment of whether the lease transfers to the lessee substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership incidental to ownership of the underlying asset. If this is the case, then the lease is a finance lease; if not, then the lease is an operating lease. As part of this assessment, the Company considers certain indicators such as whether the lease is for the major part of the economic life of the asset.

(1) Intangible assets

(i) Recognition and measurement

Other intangible assets, including computer software, that are acquired by the Company and have finite useful lives are measured at cost less accumulated amortization and any accumulated impairment losses.

(ii) Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates. All other expenditure, including expenditure on internally generated goodwill and brands, is recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

(iii) Amortization

Amortization is calculated over the cost of the asset, less its residual value, and is recognized in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of intangible assets, other than goodwill, from the date that they are available for use.

The estimated useful lives for current and comparative periods are as follows:

Computer software

 $2\sim10$ years

Amortization methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each annual reporting date and adjusted if appropriate.

(m) Impairment of non-financial assets

At each reporting date, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its non-financial assets (other than inventories, contract assets, deferred tax assets and assets arising from employee benefits) to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. Goodwill is tested annually for impairment.

For impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or CGUs. Goodwill arising from a business combination is allocated to CGUs or groups of CGUs that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or CGU.

An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount.

Impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss. They are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the CGU, and then to reduce the carrying amounts of the other assets in the CGU on a pro rata basis.

An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed. For other assets, an impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

(n) Provisions

A provision is recognized if, as a result of a past event, the Company has a present obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects the current market assessments of the monetary market time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognized as finance cost.

The Company shall provide one-thousandth of the total contract amounts for the completed project within one year of the period-end settlement for the project warranty reserve. When the actual expenditure occurs, the provision is reversed, and if there is a deficiency, it is listed as the annual expense.

A provision for onerous contracts is recognized when the expected benefits to be derived by the Company from a contract are lower than the unavoidable cost of meeting its obligations under the contract. The provision is measured at the present value of the lower of the expected cost of terminating the contract and the expected net cost of continuing with the contract. Before a provision is established, the Company recognizes any impairment loss on the assets associated with that contract.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(o) Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured based on the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer. The Company recognizes revenue when it satisfies a performance obligation by transferring control of a good or a service to a customer. The accounting policies for the Company's main types of revenue are explained below.

(i) Sale of goods

The Company recognizes revenue when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the customer, the customer has full discretion over the channel and price to sell the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer, and either the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, the acceptance provisions have lapsed, or the Company has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.

A receivable is recognized when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the Company has a right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional.

(ii) Consulting Services

The Company is engaged in providing construction consulting and design services. Revenue from providing services is recognized in the accounting period in which the services are rendered. For fixed price contracts, revenue is recognized based on the actual service provided to the end of the reporting period as a proportion of the total services to be provided. The proportion of services provided is determined based on the surveys of work performed.

(iii) Construction contracts

The Company enters into contracts to design and install constructions. Because its customer controls the asset as it is being constructed, the Company recognizes revenue over time basis of the construction costs incurred to date as a proportion of the total estimated costs of the contract. The consideration promised in the contract includes fixed and variable amounts. Considering the progress of a public construction is highly susceptible to factors outside the Company's control and, therefore, completion bonus is usually constrained, the Company recognizes revenue only to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognized will not occur. If the Company has recognized revenue, but not issued a bill, then the entitlement to consideration is recognized as a contract asset. The contract asset is transferred to receivables when the entitlement to payment becomes unconditional.

If the Company cannot reasonably measure its progress towards complete satisfaction of the performance obligation of a construction contract, the Company shall recognize revenue only to the extent of the costs expected to be recovered.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

A provision for onerous contracts is recognized when the Company expects the unavoidable costs of performing the obligations under a construction contract exceed the economic benefits expected to be received under the contract.

Estimates of revenues, costs or extent of progress toward completion are revised if circumstances change. Any resulting increases or decreases in estimated revenues or costs are reflected in profit or loss in the period in which the circumstances that give rise to the revision become known by management.

For constructions, the Company offers a standard warranty to provide assurance that they comply with agreed-upon specifications and has recognized warranty provisions for this obligation.

(p) Contract costs

(i) Incremental costs of obtaining a contract

The Company recognizes as an asset the incremental costs of obtaining a contract with a customer if the Company expects to recover those costs. The incremental costs of obtaining a contract are those costs that the Company incurs to obtain a contract with a customer that it would not have incurred if the contract had not been obtained. Costs to obtain a contract that would have been incurred regardless of whether the contract was obtained shall be recognized as an expense when incurred, unless those costs are explicitly chargeable to the customer regardless of whether the contract is obtained.

The Company applies the practical expedient to recognize the incremental costs of obtaining a contract as an expense when incurred, if the amortization period of the asset that the entity otherwise would have recognized is one year or less.

(ii) Costs to fulfil a contract

If the costs incurred in fulfilling a contract with a customer are not within the scope of another Standard (for example, IAS 2 Inventories, IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment or IAS 38 Intangible Assets), the Company recognizes an asset from the costs incurred to fulfil a contract only if those costs meet all of the following criteria:

- The costs relate directly to a contract or to an anticipated contract that the Company can specifically identify;
- The costs generate or enhance resources of the Company that will be used in satisfying (or in continuing to satisfy) performance obligations in the future; and
- The costs are expected to be recovered.

General and administrative costs, costs of wasted materials, labor or other resources to fulfil the contract that were not reflected in the price of the contract, costs that relate to satisfied performance obligations (or partially satisfied performance obligations), and costs for which the Company cannot distinguish whether the costs relate to unsatisfied performance obligations or to satisfied performance obligations(or partially satisfied performance obligations), the Company recognizes these costs as expenses when incurred.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(q) Employee benefits

(i) Defined contribution plans

Obligations for contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed as the related service is provided.

(ii) Defined benefit plans

The Company's net obligation in respect of defined benefit plans is calculated separately for each the plan by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in the current and prior periods, discounting that amount and deducting the fair value of any plan assets.

The calculation of defined benefit obligations is performed annually by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method. When the calculation results in a potential asset for the Company, the recognized asset is limited to the present value of economic benefits available in the form of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan. To calculate the present value of economic benefits, consideration is given to any applicable minimum funding requirements.

Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability, which comprise actuarial gains and losses, the return on plan assets (excluding interest) and the effect of the asset ceiling (if any, excluding interest), are recognized immediately in other comprehensive income, and accumulated in retained earnings within equity. The Company determines the net interest expense (income) on the net defined benefit liability (asset) for the period by applying the discount rate used to measure the defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the annual period to the then-net defined benefit liability (asset). Net interest expense and other expenses related to defined benefit plans are recognized in profit or loss.

When the benefits of a plan are changed or when a plan is curtailed, the resulting change in benefit that relates to past service or the gain or loss on curtailment is recognized immediately in profit or loss. The Company recognizes gains and losses on the settlement of a defined benefit plan when the settlement occurs.

(iii) Short term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognized for the amount expected to be paid if the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

(r) Income tax

Income taxes comprise current taxes and deferred taxes. Except for expenses related to business combinations or recognized directly in equity or other comprehensive income, all current and deferred taxes are recognized in profit or loss.

The surtax on undistributed earnings, computed according to the ROC Income Tax Art, is charged to current income expence in the year when stockholders decide not to distribute the earnings.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Current taxes comprise the expected tax payables or receivables on the taxable profits (losses) for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years. The amount of current tax payables or receivables are the best estimate of the tax amount expected to be paid or received that reflects uncertainty related to income taxes, if any. It is measured using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred taxes arise due to temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their respective tax bases. Deferred taxes are recognized except for the following:

- (i) temporary differences on the initial recognition of assets and liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profits (losses) at the time of the transaction;
- (ii) temporary differences related to investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint arrangements to the extent that the Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future; and
- (iii) taxable temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of goodwill.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for the carry forward of unused tax losses, unused tax credits, and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date, and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefits will be realized; such reductions are reversed when the probability of future taxable profits improves.

Deferred taxes are measured at tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reserve, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if the following criteria are met:

- (i) the Company has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and
- (ii) the deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either:
 - 1) the same taxable entity; or
 - 2) different taxable entities which intend to settle current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis, or to realize the assets and liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(s) Earnings per share

The Company discloses its basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company. Basic earnings per share is calculated as the profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding. Diluted earnings per share is calculated as the profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding after adjustment for the effects of all potentially dilutive ordinary shares.

(t) Operating segments

The Company has disclosed segment information in the consolidated financial statements, so it is not necessary to disclose such information in the parent company only financial statements.

(5) Significant accounting assumptions and judgments, and major sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of parent company only financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates, and assumptions that affect the application of the accounting policies and the reported amount of assets, liabilities, income, and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimations.

The management continues to monitor the accounting assumptions, estimates and judgments. The management recognizes the changes in the accounting estimates during the period and the impact of the changes in the accounting estimates in the next period.

Information about judgments made in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effects on the amounts recognized in the parent company only financial statements is as follows:

- (a) Judgment of whether the Company has substantive control over its investees, please refer to the consolidated financial statement for the year ended December 31, 2022.
- (b) Judgment regarding significant influence of investees

The Company has less than 20% of the voting or potential voting rights of Wholetech System Hitech Limited and JG Environmental Technology Co., Ltd. However, the Company has determined that it has significant influence because it has participation in the policy-making process of Wholetech System Hitech Limited and JG Environmental Technology Co., Ltd.

Information about assumptions and estimation uncertainties that have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year is as follows. Those assumptions and estimation have been updated to reflect the impact of COVID-19 pandemic:

(a) Impairment assessment of accounts receivable

The Company has estimated the allowance for loss on accounts receivable that is based on the risk of default occurring and the rate of expected credit loss. The Company has considered historical experience, current economic conditions and forward-looking information at the reporting date to determine the assumptions to be used in calculating impairments and the selected inputs. For relevant assumptions and input values, please refer to Note 6 (c).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(b) Revenue recognition

The Company recognizes contract revenues based on the degree of completion on construction contracts; degree of completion is calculated with contract costs incurred to date as a percentage of estimated total contract costs. The Company considers the nature of each project, the estimated construction period, the project item, the construction process, the construction method and the estimated amount of the subcontracts when estimating total contract costs. Any changes in the estimates above may result in a significant adjustment to the estimated amount. For details of revenue recognition please refer to Note 6 (s).

(c) Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of non-active market or non-quoted financial instruments is determined by the valuation model or counterparty quotes. When using the valuation model to determine fair value, the models use only observable data as input values, without artificial adjustment, as far as possible. To avoid differences in cross period financial reporting arose from changes in data source, the observable input shall be a stable, long-term available market practice parameter. Moreover, the model must be repeatedly verified and revised in order to ensure that the output is adequate to reflect the value of the asset.

For detailed information on the main assumptions used in determining the fair value of the financial instruments and detailed sensitivity analysis of these assumptions, please refer to Note 6 (v).

(d) Measurement of defined benefit obligations

Defined benefit costs and net defined benefit liabilities (assets) under defined benefit pension plans are calculated using the Projected Unit Credit Method. The appropriate actuarial assumptions include the discount rate, employee turnover rate, and future salary increase rate. Changes in economic circumstances and market conditions will affect these assumptions and may have a material impact on the amount of the expense and liability. Please refer to Note6 (o) for the material actuarial assumptions and sensitivity analysis for actuarial calculations.

(6) Explanation of significant accounts

(a) Cash and cash equivalents

		cember 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	
Cash on hand and petty cash	\$	1,769	1,482	
Demand deposits		4,160,281	2,211,331	
Check deposits		5,577	1,242	
Time deposits		2,118,990	2,087,200	
Cash and cash equivalents in the statement of cash flow	\$	6,286,617	4,301,255	

Please refer to note 6 (v) for the disclosure of the sensitivity analysis and interest rate risk of the financial assets and liabilities of the Company.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(b) Current financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss

	De	cember 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Financial asset measured at fair value through profit or loss:			
Domestic listed stocks	\$	249,273	252,646
Domestic unlisted stocks		68,687	68,687
Valuation adjustment		10,216	389,628
Total	\$	328,176	710,961

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company recognized dividend income from the above financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss of \$22,642 thousand and \$12,273 thousand, respectively.

(c) Notes and accounts receivable, net

	Decem 20	ber 31, 22	December 31, 2021
Notes receivable – unrelated parties	\$	99	870
Accounts receivable – unrelated parties		4,935,901	2,185,949
Accounts receivable – related parties		271	1,486
Less: Loss allowance		16,643	86,452
Total	<u>\$</u>	4,919,628	2,101,853

The Company applies the simplified approach to provide for its expected credit losses, i.e. the use of lifetime expected loss provision for all receivables. To measure the expected credit losses, accounts receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due, as well as incorporated forward looking information, including macroeconomic and relevant industry information. The loss allowance provisions were determined as follows:

		December 31, 2022			
			Weighted-avera		
		oss carrying amount	ge expected credit loss rate	Loss allowance provision	
Current	\$	4,860,398		-	
1 to 60 days past due		59,555	1%	596	
More than one year past due		16,047	100%	16,047	
	<u>\$</u>	4,936,000		16,643	

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

		December 31, 2021			
	Cw	Weighted-avera		Loss allowance	
		oss carrying amount	ge expected credit loss rate	provision	
Current	\$	2,101,583		-	
1 to 60 days past due		273	1%	3	
More than one year past due		86,449	100%	86,449	
	<u>\$</u>	2,188,305		86,452	

The movement in the allowance for notes and accounts receivable were as follows:

	2022	2021
Balance on January 1	\$ 86,452	86,814
Impairment loss (gain on reversal of impairment loss)	593	(362)
Amounts written off	 (70,402)	
Balance on December 31	\$ 16,643	86,452

The Company recognized the allowance for notes and accounts receivable based on the nature of the industry, historical payment behavior and the credit rating of customers.

The Company did not provide any notes and accounts receivable as collaterals.

(d) Inventories

		D	ecember 31, 2022	
		Cost	Allowance for Impairment	Carrying Amount
Raw materials	\$	44,011	(5,623)	38,388
Work in progress		28,861	(18,769)	10,092
Finished goods		21,354	(9,450)	11,904
Merchandise		6,770	(6,734)	36
Total	<u>\$</u>	100,996	(40,576)	60,420
	December 31, 2021			
		Cost	Allowance for Impairment	Carrying Amount
Raw materials	\$	62,706	(5,895)	56,811
Work in progress		24,405	(22,626)	1,779
Finished goods		16,594	(9,557)	7,037
Merchandise		5,941	(5,941)	
Total	<u>\$</u>	109,646	(44,019)	65,627

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The (write-down of inventories) reversal of write-downs to net realizable value amounted to \$3,443 thousand and \$(4,553) thousand, respectively, for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021. These changes are recognized as adding or subtracting the cost of goods sold.

The Company did not provide any inventories as collaterals.

(e) Prepayments

	December 31, 2022		December 31, 2021	
Domestic purchase of materials	\$	486,530	266,250	
Foreign purchases of materials		733,207	382,773	
Clean and safety reserve		63,360	35,340	
Prepaid insurance expense		29,176	24,281	
Others		8,753	12,397	
Total	<u>\$</u>	1,321,026	721,041	

(f) Non-current financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss

	De	cember 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or			
loss:			
Unlisted stocks	\$	25,639	31,544
Valuation adjustments		(25,639)	(28,015)
Total	\$		3,529

(g) Non-current financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

	De	cember 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income			
Unlisted stocks (overseas)	\$	1,008,212	1,008,212
Valuation adjustment		622,698	1,017,924
Total	\$	1,630,910	2,026,136

(i) The equity instrument investment of the Company is a long-term strategic investment and is not held for trading, which has been designated as measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(ii) The changes in valuation adjustment of financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income were as follows:

		2022	
Balance on January 1	\$	1,017,924	950,506
Add: Changes for the period		(395,226)	67,418
Balance on December 31	<u>\$</u>	622,698	1,017,924

(h) Investments accounted for using equity method

A summary of the Company's financial information for investments accounted for using the equity method at the reporting date was as follows:

	De	December 31, 2022	
Subsidiaries	\$	3,944,249	3,120,284
Associates		839,280	874,867
Total	<u>\$</u>	4,783,529	3,995,151

A summary of the Company's financial information for credit balance on investments accounted for using the equity method at the reporting date was as follows:

	Dece	ember 31,	December 31,
		2022	2021
Subsidiaries	\$	18,317	29,303

(i) Subsidiaries

Please refer to the consolidated financial statement for the year ended December 31, 2022.

- (ii) Associates
 - 1) Affiliate which was material to the Company consisted of the followings:

Name of	Nature of Relationship	Main operating location/ Registered	Proportion of shareholding and voting rights		
		Country of the	December	December	
Affiliate	with the Group	Company	31, 2022	31, 2021	
Ablerex electronics	Selling and Manufacturing	Taiwan	31.57%	33.30%	
co., Ltd.	of UPS				

The fair value of the investment in associates which are publicly traded was as follows:

	Dec	ember 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	
Ablerex electronics co., Ltd.	<u>\$</u>	605,282	589,719	

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

A summary of the financial information of significant associates was as follows:

		December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Current assets	\$	2,540,220	2,406,092
Non-current assets		1,174,296	972,575
Current liabilities		(1,841,299)	(1,751,250)
Non-current liabilities		(124,820)	(120,431)
Net assets	\$	1,748,397	1,506,986
Net assets attributable to non-controlling interests	<u>\$</u>	12,194	13,878
Net assets attributable to investee	\$	1,736,203	1,493,108
		2022	2021
Operating revenue	\$	3,057,767	2,984,677
Net income from continuing operations	\$	115,658	76,511
Other comprehensive income		187,820	(5,778)
Total comprehensive income	\$	303,478	70,733
Total comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests	<u>\$</u>	(1,684)	339
Total comprehensive income attributable to investee	\$	305,162	70,394
		2022	2021
Share of net assets of associate attributable to the Company as of January 1	\$	498,930	490,473
Total comprehensive income attributable to the Company		99,259	23,444
Changes in capital surplus of associates accounted for using equity method		486	-
Disposal of investments		(30,916)	-
Dividends from associate		(17,887)	(14,987)
Share of net assets of associate attributable to the Company as of December 31		549,872	498,930
Add: Goodwill		116	116
Ending balance of net assets of associate attributable to the Company	<u>\$</u>	549,988	499,046

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

2) Insignificant associates

The Company's financial information for investments accounted for using the equity method that are individually insignificant were as follows:

	De	ecember 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Carrying amount of individually insignificant associate's equity	<u>\$</u>	289,292	375,821
		2022	2021
Attributable to the Company:			
Net income from continuing operations	\$	68,991	43,900
Other comprehensive income		1,368	(1,172)
Total comprehensive income	\$	70,359	42,728

In 2022 and 2021, the preparation of the financial statements for the investee companies under the equity method was evaluated based on the independen auditors' reports of the investee companies. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the share of profit of associations accounted for using equity method amounted to \$107,631 thousand and \$69,168 thousand, respectively.

(iii) Guarantee

The Company did not provide any investment accounted for using equity method as collaterals.

(i) Property, plant and equipment

The cost, depreciation, and impairment of the property, plant and equipment of the Company for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, were as follows:

		Land	Buildings	Machinery	Plant equipment	Transportation Equipment	Office equipment	Leasehold Improvements	Total
Cost or deemed cost:									
Balance on January 1, 2022	\$	775,107	228,100	43,932	162,689	11,944	55,105	2,076	1,278,953
Additions		-	28,654	-	-	-	17,306	-	45,960
Disposal		-	-	(133)	_	(633)	(398)	-	(1,164)
Balance on December 31, 2022	\$	775,107	256,754	43,799	162,689	11,311	72,013	2,076	1,323,749
Balance on January 1, 2021	\$	396,813	60,840	45,444	156,387	8,699	54,856	2,076	725,115
Additions		316,418	124,742	81	6,302	3,880	432	-	451,855
Disposal		-	-	(1,593)	-	(635)	(183)	-	(2,411)
Reclassification		61,876	42,518	-	-	-	-	-	104,394
Balance on December 31, 2021	\$	775,107	228,100	43,932	162,689	11,944	55,105	2,076	1,278,953
Accumulated depreciation and impairment loss:									
Balance on January 1, 2022	\$	1,160	39,698	40,646	51,754	5,708	47,390	2,076	188,432
Depreciation		-	5,134	767	4,068	1,586	2,146	-	13,701
Reversal of impairment		(1,160)	(242)	-	-	-	-	-	(1,402)
Disposal		-	-	(133)	-	(633)	(398)	-	(1,164)
Balance on December 31, 2022	\$	-	44,590	41,280	55,822	6,661	49,138	2,076	199,567
Balance on January 1, 2021	\$	1,160	35,407	41,061	47,237	5,151	45,984	2,049	178,049
Depreciation		-	4,291	1,162	4,517	1,191	1,589	27	12,777
Disposal		-	-	(1,577)	-	(634)	(183)	-	(2,394)
Balance on December 31, 2021	S	1,160	39,698	40,646	51,754	5,708	47,390	2,076	188,432

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

				Plant	Transportation	Office	Leasehold	
	Land	Buildings	Machinery	equipment	Equipment	equipment	Improvements	Total
Carrying amounts:	 							
Balance on December 31, 2022	\$ 775,107	212,164	2,519	106,867	4,650	22,875		1,124,182
Balance on January 1, 2021	\$ 395,653	25,433	4,383	109,150	3,548	8,872	27	547,066
Balance on December 31, 2021	\$ 773,947	188,402	3,286	110,935	6,236	7,715		1,090,521

The property, plant and equipment of the Company had not been pledged as collaterals.

(j) Right-of-use assets

The Company leases many assets including buildings and office equipment. Information about leases for which the Company as a lessee was presented below:

	D	Buildings	Office	Total	
Cost:		ounuings	Equipment	Iotai	
Balance on January 1, 2022	\$	73,590	239	73,829	
Additions		10,876	239	11,115	
Write-off		(33,310)	(239)	(33,549)	
Balance on December 31, 2022	<u>\$</u>	51,156	239	51,395	
Balance on January 1, 2021	\$	40,413	239	40,652	
Additions		37,306	-	37,306	
Write-off		(4,129)	-	(4,129)	
Balance on December 31, 2021	\$	73,590	239	73,829	
Accumulated depreciation:					
Balance on January 1, 2022	\$	33,650	199	33,849	
Depreciation		19,752	120	19,872	
Write-off		(23,847)	(239)	(24,086)	
Balance on December 31, 2022	<u>\$</u>	29,555	80	29,635	
Balance on January 1, 2021	\$	20,896	80	20,976	
Depreciation		16,883	119	17,002	
Write-off		(4,129)	-	(4,129)	
Balance on December 31, 2021	\$	33,650	199	33,849	
Carrying amount:					
Balance on December 31, 2022	\$	21,601	159	21,760	
Balance on January 1, 2021	\$	19,517	159	19,676	
Balance on December 31, 2021	<u>\$</u>	39,940	40	39,980	

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(k) Intangible assets

The cost and amortization of the intangible assets of the Company for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, were as follows:

		mputer oftware
Costs:		
Balance on January 1, 2022	\$	30,869
Additions		1,907
Disposal		(7,321)
Balance on December 31, 2022	<u>\$</u>	25,455
Balance on January 1, 2021	\$	11,783
Additions		19,086
Balance on December 31, 2021	<u>\$</u>	30,869
Accumulated amortization:		
Balance on January 1, 2022	\$	9,447
Amortization		4,976
Disposal		(7,321)
Balance on December 31, 2022	<u>\$</u>	7,102
Balance on January 1, 2021	\$	8,430
Amortization		1,017
Balance on December 31, 2021	<u>\$</u>	9,447
Carrying value:		
Balance on December 31, 2022	<u>\$</u>	18,353
Balance on January 1, 2021	<u>\$</u>	3,353
Balance on December 31, 2021	<u>\$</u>	21,422

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the amortization expense amounted to \$4,976 thousand and \$1,017 thousand, respectively. These expenses were included in operating costs and operating expenses in the statements of comprehensive income.

(1) Other current assets and non-current assets

(i) The other current assets of the Company were as follows:

	December 31, 2022		December 31, 2021	
Other financial assets	\$	2,801,848	3,431,163	
Others		144,474	15,736	
Total	<u>\$</u>	2,946,322	3,446,899	

Other financial assets were time deposits with a maturity of three to twelve months.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(ii) The other non-current assets of the Company were as follows:

	Dec	December 31, 2022	
Other financial assets	\$	-	850
Guarantee deposits paid		16,371	9,880
Others		8,685	1,969
Total	\$	25,056	12,699

Other financial assets were mainly time deposits with a maturity of more than twelve months.

(m) Current provisions

	\mathbf{W}	arranty
Balance on January 1, 2022	\$	11,812
Provisions made during the year		12,505
Provisions used during the year		(4,391)
Balance on December 31, 2022	<u>\$</u>	19,926
Balance on January 1, 2021	\$	19,408
Provisions made during the year		9,339
Provisions used during the year		(16,935)
Balance on December 31, 2021	<u>\$</u>	11,812

The Company determined provisions for warranty based on 0.1% of the value of the construction contracts completed within one year. The provisions for warranty were deducted as incurred, otherwise, it was recognized as an expense for current period if there was a deficiency.

(n) Lease liabilities

The Company's lease liabilities were as follow:

	mber 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Current	\$ 19,474	22,840
Non-current	\$ 2,454	17,265

For the maturity analysis, please refer to note 6 (v).

The amounts recognized in profit or loss were as follows:

	2	022	2021
Interest on lease liabilities	\$	444	331
Expenses relating to short-term leases	<u>\$</u>	3,808	3,705

The amounts recognized in the statement of cash flows for the Company was as follows:

	 2022	2021
Total cash outflow for leases	\$ 24,022	21,009

(Continued)

UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(i) Real estate leases

The Company leases buildings for its office space. The leases of office space typically run for a period of 2 to 4 years. Some leases include an option to renew the lease for an additional period of the same duration after the end of the contract-term.

Some leases provide for additional rent payments that are based on changes in local price indices. Some also require the Company to make payments that relate to the property taxes levied on the lessor and insurance payments made by the lessor; these amounts are generally determined annually.

Some leases of office buildings contain extension or cancellation options. These leases are negotiated and monitored by local management, and accordingly, contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The extension options held are exercisable only by the Company and not by the lessors. In which lease is not reasonably certain to use an optional extended lease term, payments associated with the optional period are not included within lease liabilities.

(ii) Other leases

The Company leases office equipment, with lease terms of 2 to 4 years. In some cases, the Company has options to purchase the assets at the end of the contract term; in other cases, it guarantees the residual value of the leased assets at the end of the contract term.

The Company also leases buildings and office equipment. These leases are short-term or of low-value items. The Company has elected not to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for these leases.

(o) Employee benefits

(i) Defined benefit plans

Reconciliation of defined benefit obligation at present value and plan asset at fair value were as follows:

	De	cember 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Present value of the defined benefit obligations	\$	(372,749)	(420,853)
Fair value of plan assets		246,266	244,108
Net defined benefit liabilities	<u>\$</u>	(126,483)	(176,745)

The Company's employee benefit liabilities were as follows:

	Dece	ember 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Short-term compensated absence liabilities (Other	\$	25,932	25,659
current liabilities)			

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Company makes defined benefit plan contributions to the pension fund account with Bank of Taiwan that provides pensions for employees upon retirement. Plans (covered by the Labor Standards Law) entitled a retired employee to receive retirement benefits based on years of service and average monthly salary for the six months prior to retirement.

1) Composition of plan assets

The Company allocates pension funds in accordance with the Regulations for Revenues, Expenditures, Safeguard and Utilization of the Labor Retirement Fund, and such funds are managed by the Bureau of Labor Funds, Ministry of Labor. With regard to the utilization of the funds, minimum earnings shall be no less than the earnings attainable from two-year time deposits with interest rates offered by local banks.

The Company's Bank of Taiwan labor pension reserve account balance amounted to \$246,266 thousand at the end of the reporting period. For information on the utilization of the labor pension fund assets, including the asset allocation and yield of the fund, please refer to the website of the Bureau of Labor Funds, Ministry of Labor.

2) Movements in present value of the defined benefit obligations

The movements in present value of the defined benefit obligations for the Company for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 were as follows:

	 2022	2021
Defined benefit obligations at January 1	\$ 420,853	435,658
Current service costs and interest cost	3,496	3,247
Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liabilities		
 Actuarial (gain) loss arising from changes in financial assumptions 	(22,780)	(3,925)
 Actuarial (gain) loss arising from experience adjustments 	5,408	(11,496)
Benefits paid	 (34,228)	(2,631)
Defined benefit obligations at December 31	\$ 372,749	420,853

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

3) Movements in defined benefit plan assets

The movements in the fair value of the defined benefit plan assets for the Company for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 were as follows:

	 2022	2021
Fair value of plan assets at January 1	\$ 244,108	108,676
Interest income	1,152	389
Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liabilities		
 Return on plan assets excluding interest income 	15,983	1,967
Contributions	2,282	135,707
Benefits paid	 (17,259)	(2,631)
Fair value of plan assets at December 31	\$ 246,266	244,108

4) Expenses recognized in profit or loss

The expenses recognized in profit or loss for the Company for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 were as follows:

		2022	2021
Current service costs	\$	1,522	1,709
Net interest of net liabilities for defined benefit obligations		822	1,149
	<u>\$</u>	2,344	2,858
		2022	2021
Operating cost	\$	2,009	2,373
Operating expenses		335	485
	\$	2,344	2,858

5) Remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability recognized in other comprehensive income

The Company's remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability recognized in other comprehensive income:

	2022		2021	
Accumulated amount at January 1	\$	124,160	141,548	
Recognized during the period		(33,355)	(17,388)	
Accumulated amount at December 31	<u>\$</u>	90,805	124,160	

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

6) Actuarial assumptions

The principal actuarial assumptions for the Company at the reporting date were as follows:

	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Discount rate	1.32%	0.47%
Future salary increases rate	2.00%	2.00%

The expected allocation payment to be made by the Company to the defined benefit plans for the one-year period after the reporting date is \$2,327 thousand.

The weighted average lifetime of the defined benefit plans is 7.12 years.

7) Sensitivity analysis

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, if the actuarial assumptions had changed, the impact on the present value of the defined benefit obligations shall be as follows:

	t he impact of defined benefit obligations		
	I	ncrease	Decrease
December 31, 2022			
Discount rate (0.50%)	\$	(12,643)	13,355
Future salary increase rate (0.25%)		6,434	(6,292)
December 31, 2021			
Discount rate (0.50%)		(16,326)	16,223
Future salary increase rate (0.25%)		8,273	(8,073)

Reasonably possible changes at the reporting date to one of the relevant actuarial assumptions, holding other assumptions constant, would have affected the defined benefit obligation by the amounts shown above. The method used in the sensitivity analysis is consistent with the calculation of pension liabilities in the balance sheets.

There is no change in the method and assumptions used in the preparation of sensitivity analysis for 2022 and 2021.

(ii) Defined contribution plans

The Company allocates 6% of each employee's monthly wages to the labor pension personal account at the Bureau of Labor Insurance in accordance with the provisions of the Labor Pension Act. Under this defined contribution plan, the Company allocates a fixed amount to the Bureau of Labor Insurance without additional legal or constructive obligation.

The pension costs incurred from the contributions to the Bureau of Labor Insurance amounted to \$34,959 thousand and \$33,498 thousand for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(p) Income taxes

(i) Income tax expenses

The components of income tax of the Company in the years 2022 and 2021 were as follows:

	 2022	2021
Current tax expense		
Current period	\$ 904,509	637,571
Adjustment for prior periods	 (1,673)	(8,454)
	 902,836	629,117
Deferred tax expense		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	 157,747	5,561
Income tax expense	\$ 1,060,583	634,678

There was no income tax expense recognized in equity for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020.

The amount of income tax expense (benefit) recognized directly in other comprehensive income for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 were as follows:

	2022	2021
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:	 _	_
Remeasurement of defined benefit plans	\$ 6,671	(3,478)
Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss:		
Exchange differences on translation	 37,353	3,635
	\$ 44,024	157

Reconciliation of the Company's income tax expense and net income before tax for 2022 and 2021 was as follows:

	 2022	2021
Net income before tax	\$ 5,060,068	3,404,153
Income tax using the Company's domestic tax rate	\$ 1,012,014	680,831
Tax- exempt income	(4,528)	(2,455)
Permanent differences	52,588	(50,353)
5% income surtax on undistributed earnings	2,182	15,109
Income tax adjustments for prior periods	 (1,673)	(8,454)
Total	\$ 1,060,583	634,678

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(ii) Deferred tax assets and liabilities

1) Unrecognized deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets have not been recognized in respect of the following items:

	Dece	ember 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	
The court adjudged to pay the payment and	\$	35,798	34,556	
related interest expenses	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		_	

2) Recognized deferred tax assets and liabilities

Changes in the amount of deferred tax assets and liabilities for 2022 and 2021 were as follows:

Deferred tax liabilities:

	inve	Foreign stment profit	Cumulative translation adjustment	Total
Balance on January 1, 2022	\$	108,287	-	108,287
Recognized in profit or loss		131,321	-	131,321
Recognized in other comprehensive income		-	19,399	19,399
Balance on December 31, 2022	\$	239,608	19,399	259,007
Balance on January 1, 2021	\$	95,643	-	95,643
Recognized in profit or loss		12,644	_	12,644
Balance on December 31, 2021	\$	108,287		108,287

Deferred Tax Assets:

	De	fined benefit	Unrealized warranty	Loss allowance exceeded the limit	Allowance for inventory valuation	Foreign investment loss	Others	Total
Balance on January 1, 2022	\$	33,424	4,837	12,914	8,804	48,547	63,793	172,319
Recognized in profit or loss		-	1,623	(12,914)	(689)	-	(14,446)	(26,426)
Recognized in other comprehensive income		(6,671)	-	-	-	-	(17,954)	(24,625)
Balance on December 31, 2022	\$	26,753	6,460	-	8,115	48,547	31,393	121,268
Balance on January 1, 2021	\$	36,902	6,356	4,778	7,893	44,032	65,118	165,079
Recognized in profit or loss		-	(1,519)	8,136	911	4,515	(4,960)	7,083
Recognized in other comprehensive income		(3,478)	-	-	-	-	3,635	157
Balance on December 31, 2021	\$	33,424	4,837	12,914	8,804	48,547	63,793	172,319

(iii) Assessment of tax

The Company's tax returns for the years through 2020 were assessed by the tax authorities.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(q) Capital and other equity

(i) Common Stock

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company's authorized capital both amounted to \$3,000,000 thousand with par value of \$10 per share. The Company's issued capital both amounted to \$1,905,867 thousand at December 31, 2022 and 2021.

(ii) Capital surplus

The balances of capital surplus were as follows:

	December 31, 2022		December 31, 2021	
Capital surplus - premium from merger	\$	6,938	6,938	
Share premium		49,987	49,987	
Convertible bond premium		215,672	215,672	
Treasury share transactions		77,158	77,158	
Others		28,597	27,705	
	<u>\$</u>	378,352	377,460	

According to the R.O.C. Company Act, capital surplus can only be used to offset a deficit, and only the realized capital surplus can be used to increase the common stock or be distributed as cash dividends. The aforementioned realized capital surplus includes capital surplus resulting from premium on issuance of capital stock and earnings from donated assets received. According to the Regulations Governing the Offering and Issuance of Securities by Securities Issuers, capital increases by transferring capital surplus in excess of par value should not exceed 10% of the total common stock outstanding.

(iii) Retained earnings

According to the Company's Article of Incorporation, if the Company has retained earnings according to its annual accounts, it may, after paying all taxes, and making up all past losses, set aside a 10% legal reserve, and a special reserve, if necessary, pursuant to laws, unless the reserve as allocated has equaled the Company's paid-in capital. The remainder, if any, shall be provided as or reversed from special reserve pursuant to laws. The balance, if any, shall be included into the unappropriated accumulated earnings for prior years and allocated as bonuses and dividends to shareholders based on the motion for allocation of earnings proposed by the Board of Directors, then resolved by a shareholders' meeting.

Where the earnings referred in the preceding paragraph are intended to be allocated in cash, the Board of Directors is authorized to allocate the same per special resolution and report it to the shareholders' meeting.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Company's dividend policy is based on current and future development plans, considering the investment environment, capital needs, domestic and international competition, taking into account the interests of shareholders and other factors, in order to stabilize business development and protect investors' rights and interests. The dividends to shareholders can be in the form of cash dividend and/or stock dividend; also, the cash dividend is not less than 25% of the total dividend.

1) Legal reserve

When a company incurs no loss, it may, pursuant to a resolution to a resolution by the shareholders' meeting, distribute its legal reserve by issuing new shares or by distributing cash, and only the portion of legal reserve which exceeds 25% of capital may be distributed.

2) Earnings distribution

Earnings distribution for 2021 and 2020 was decided by the resolution adopted, at the general meeting of shareholders held on May 26, 2022 and August 17, 2021, respectively. The relevant dividend distributions to shareholders were as follows:

	-	2021	2020
Appropriations dividend to ordinary shareholder:			
Cash	\$	13	17

(iv) Treasury stock

In 2022, in accordance with the requirements under section 28(2) of the Securities and Exchange Act, the Company repurchased 3,000 shares as treasury stock for an aggregate amount of \$573,943 thousand in order to retain talent. As of December 31, 2022, the treasury stock have yet to transfer to employees.

In accordance with the requirements of Securities and Exchange Act, the treasury stock held by the Company should not be pledged, and do not hold any shareholder rights before their transfer.

Unrealized gains (losses)

(v) Other equity, net of tax

	trans	nge differences on lation of foreign operations	on financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	Total
Balance on January 1, 2022	\$	(121,002)	1,017,924	896,922
Exchange differences on foreign operations		149,408	-	149,408
Exchange differences on translation financial statements of foreign subsidiaries accounted for using equity method		9,643	-	9,643
Unrealized gains (losses) from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income		-	(395,226)	(395,226)
Unrealized gains (losses) from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, subsidiaries accounted for using equity method		-	51,320	51,320
Balance on December 31, 2022	\$	38,049	674,018	712,067

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

	transl	ge differences on ation of foreign operations	Unrealized gains (losses) on financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	Total
Balance on January 1, 2022	\$	(102,652)	950,506	847,854
Exchange differences on foreign operations		(14,540)	-	(14,540)
Exchange differences on translation financial statements of foreign subsidiaries accounted for using equity method		(3,810)	-	(3,810)
Unrealized gains (losses) from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income		-	67,418	67,418
Balance on December 31, 2022	<u>s</u>	(121,002)	1,017,924	896,922

(r) Earnings per share

The calculation of basic earnings per share and diluted earnings per share for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 were as follows:

(i) Basic earnings per share

		2022	2021
Net income attributable to ordinary shareholders of the	\$	3,999,485	2,769,475
Company			
Weighted average number of ordinary shares		188,233	190,587
Basic earnings per share (in NT dollars)	<u>\$</u>	21.25	14.53

ii) Diluted earnings per share

	2022	2021
Net income attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company (diluted)	\$ 3,999,485	2,769,475
Weighted average number of ordinary shares (basic)	188,233	190,587
Effect of potentially dilutive ordinary shares:		
Effect of employee bonuses	 3,253	2,247
Weighted average number of ordinary shares (diluted)	 191,486	192,834
Diluted earnings per share (in NT dollars)	\$ 20.89	14.36

(s) Revenue from contracts with customers

(i) Disaggregation of revenue

		2022	2021
Major products/services lines:			_
Integrated engineering service	\$	30,067,100	22,860,524
Service and design		91,581	88,055
Sales		139,283	110,956
	<u>\$</u>	30,297,964	23,059,535

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Type of contract:			
Fixed price contract	\$	30,158,681	22,948,579
Material-based contract		139,283	110,956
	<u>\$</u>	30,297,964	23,059,535

(ii) Contract balances

	D	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	January 1, 2021
Accounts receivable	\$	4,936,172	2,187,435	6,286,876
Less: allowance for impairment		(16,643)	(86,452)	(86,814)
Total	\$	4,919,529	2,100,983	6,200,062
Contract assets-Construction in Progress	<u>\$</u>	3,248,921	2,626,321	1,260,739
Contract liabilities-Construction in Progress	\$	9,626,233	6,452,433	6,101,071
Contract liabilities-Merchandise Inventory		553	679	769
Total	\$	9,626,786	6,453,112	6,101,840

For details on accounts receivable and allowance for impairment, please refer to note 6 (c).

The revenue recognized for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 that were included in the contract liabilities balance of sale the merchandise at the beginning of the period were \$127 thousand and \$89 thousand, respectively.

The major change in the balance of contract assets and contract liabilities is the difference between the time frame in the performance obligation to be satisfied and the payment to be received. Other significant changes during the period were as follows:

		202	2	2021		
	Contract assets		Contract liabilities	Contract assets	Contract liabilities	
Stage of completion measurement	\$		_	_	_	
Contract modification	\$	437,728	1,431,398	871,091	557,055	

(t) Employee compensation and directors' remuneration

In accordance with the articles of incorporation the Company should contribute 6% to 10% of the profit as employee compensation and less than 2% as directors' remuneration when there is profit for the year. However, if the Company has accumulated deficits, the profit should be reserved to offset the deficit. The recipients of shares and cash may include the employees of the Company's controlled or affiliated companies who meet certain conditions.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company estimated its employee remuneration amounting to \$566,000 thousand and \$378,000 thousand, and directors' remuneration amounting to \$47,000 thousand and \$32,400 thousand, respectively. The estimated amounts mentioned above are based on the net profit before tax, excluding the remuneration to employees and directors of each period, multiplied by the percentage of remuneration to employees and directors as specified in the Company's articles. These remunerations were expensed under expenses during 2022 and 2021. Related information would be available at the Market Observation Post System website. The amounts, as stated in 2021 financial statements, are identical to those of the actual distributions in 2022 shareholders' meeting.

(u) Non-operating income and expenses

(i) Interest income

The details of the Company's interest income were as follows:

		2021	
Interest income from bank deposits	\$	101,633	61,109
Other interest income		2,210	2,254
Total	<u>\$</u>	103,843	63,363

(ii) Other income

The details of the Company's other income were as follows:

	 2022	2021
Rental income	\$ 5,329	4,642
Dividend income	 22,642	12,273
Other income — other		
Revenue from sale of scraps	3,565	14,092
Insurance claim	13,286	1,264
Others	 3,266	1,276
Subtotal	 20,117	16,632
Total	\$ 48,088	33,547

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

iii) Other gains and losses

The details of the Company's other gains and losses were as follows:

	2022	2021
Gains on disposal of property, plant and equipment	\$ 14	60
Gain on disposal of investments	21,411	31,382
Foreign exchange gains (losses)	20,447	(30,370)
Gains (losses) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(377,036)	194,990
Gains on reversal of impairment loss of property, plant and equipment	1,402	-
Other gains and losses	(12,131)	(12)
Total	\$ (345,893)	196,050

iv) Interest expense

The details of the Company's interest expense were as follows:

		2022	2021
Interest expense - Denstsu Engineering	\$	6,212	6,299
Others		2,806	564
Total	<u>\$</u>	9,018	6,863

(v) Financial instruments

(i) Credit risk

1) Credit risk exposure

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum amount exposed to credit risk. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the amounts of the maximum exposure to credit risk were \$14,024,464 thousand and \$9,845,001 thousand, respectively.

The Company assesses the financial condition of its customers continuously to reduce the credit risk of accounts receivable and requires its customers to provide guarantees and collateral if it is necessary. The Company monitors and reviews the recoverable amount of the accounts receivable to ensure the uncollectible amount are recognized appropriately as impairment loss. Therefore, the expected credit losses are in the expectation of the Company.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

2) Concentration of credit risk

Micron Memory Taiwan Co.,

When the transaction of financial instruments is concentrated in a single industry or region, the ability to oblige the contract would be impacted by similar factors, thereby causing concentration of credit risk. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, notes and accounts receivable concentrated on few counter-parties were as follows:

	December 31, 2022						
Name of client	Carrying amount	the maximum exposure to credit risk	%				
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Co., Ltd.	\$ 2,265,473	2,265,473	46.05				
Micron Memory Taiwan Co., Ltd.	1,278,952	1,278,952	26.00				
TSMC Arizona Taiwan	905,408	905,408	18.40				
Total	\$ 4,449,833	4,449,833	90.45				
	De	ecember 31, 2021					
	C :	the maximum					
Name of client	Carrying amount	exposure to credit risk	%				
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Co., Ltd.	\$ 1,641,189	1,641,189	78.08				

252,537

1,893,726

252,537

1,893,726

(ii) Liquidity risk

Ltd. Total

The following table shows the contractual maturities of financial liabilities, including estimated interest payments and excluding the impact of netting agreements:

	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	Within 6 months	6-12 months	1-2 years	2-5 years	More than 5 years
December 31, 2022							
Non-derivative financial liabilities							
Notes payable	\$ 19,541	19,541	19,541	-	-	-	-
Accounts payable	4,662,805	4,662,805	2,854,035	80,796	42,008	1,640,940	45,026
Accrued expenses (Note)	866,867	866,867	866,867	-	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	21,928	22,134	10,644	9,020	2,264	206	-
Guarantee deposits received	 17,451	17,451	-	-	-	17,451	
	\$ 5,588,592	5,588,798	3,751,087	89,816	44,272	1,658,597	45,026

12.02

90.10

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	Within 6 months	6-12 months	1-2 years	2-5 years	More than 5 years
December 31, 2021	 		_				
Non-derivative financial liabilities							
Notes payable	\$ 64,094	64,094	64,094	-	-	-	-
Accounts payable	3,932,819	3,932,819	2,374,221	4,683	136,577	1,405,353	11,985
Accrued expenses (Note)	701,606	701,606	701,606	-	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	40,105	40,686	11,982	11,313	17,391	-	-
Guarantee deposits received	 26,067	26,067	-			26,067	
	\$ 4,764,691	4,765,272	3,151,903	15,996	153,968	1,431,420	11,985

Note: Other current liabilities

The Company does not expect the cash flows included in the maturity analysis to occur significantly earlier or at significantly different amounts.

(iii) Currency risk

1) Exposure to foreign currency risk

The Company's significant exposure to foreign currency risk were as follows:

		Dece	ember 31, 202	2	December 31, 2021			
			Exchange		Exchange			
Foreign currency		U	rate (dollars)	TWD	Foreign currency	rate (dollars)	TWD	
Financial assets								
Monetary items								
USD	\$	186,084	30.71	5,714,633	10,176	27.68	281,669	
CNY		451,710	4.41	1,991,136	450,677	4.34	1,957,740	
Non-monetary items								
Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income		369,989	4.41	1,630,910	466,422	4.34	2,026,136	
Finance liabilities								
Monetary items								
USD		9,056	30.71	278,098	9,359	27.68	259,070	

Note: Each balance listed is greater than 5% of total Monetary items.

2) Sensitivity analysis

The Company's exposure to foreign currency risk arises from the translation of the foreign currency exchange gains and losses on cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, other receivables, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, accounts payable and other payables that are denominated in foreign currency. A (weakening) strengthening of 1% of the NTD against the USD, CNY and others foreign currency, the Company's net income before tax would have increased (decreased) by \$59,341 thousand and \$15,754 thousand, and other comprehensive income would have increased (decreased) by \$13,047 thousand and \$16,209 thousand, for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The analysis was performed on the same basis for both periods.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

3) Foreign exchange gain and loss on monetary items

Since the Company has many kinds of functional currency, the information on foreign exchange gain (loss) on monetary items is disclosed by total amount. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, foreign exchange loss (including realized and unrealized portions) amounted to \$20,447 thousand and \$(30,370) thousand, respectively.

(iv) Interest rate analysis

Please refer to the notes on liquidity risk management and interest rate exposure of the Company's financial assets and liabilities.

If the interest rate had increased or decreased by 0.25%, the Company's net income would have increased or decreased by \$18,173 thousand and \$15,464 thousand for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, with all other variable factors remaining constant.

(v) Fair value of financial instruments

1) Fair value hierarchy

To provide disclosure information, the Company classifies the measurement of fair value based on fair value hierarchy which reflects the significance of the inputs during the measurement. The Company categorizes fair value into the following levels:

a) Level 1

Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical financial instruments. An active market is a market in which all the following conditions exist:

- i) The items traded within the market are homogeneous.
- ii) Willing buyers and sellers can normally be found at any time.
- iii) Prices are available to the public.

b) Level 2

Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted market prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

c) Level 3

Level 3 inputs are valuation parameters which are not based on the information available in the market or the quoted price from the counter party. For example, historical volatility used in option pricing models is an unobservable input since it cannot represent the expected value of future volatility of the entire market participants.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income is measured on a recurring basis. The carrying amount and fair value of the Company's financial assets and liabilities, including the information on fair value hierarchy were as follows; however, for financial instruments not measured at fair value whose carrying amount is reasonably close to the fair value, disclosure of fair value information is not required:

	Carrying			alue						
		amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss										
Designated at fair value through profit or loss	\$	328,176	281,130	47,046		328,176				
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income										
Unquoted equity instrument measured at fair value		1,630,910	- 	- 	1,630,910	1,630,910				
Total	\$	1,959,086	281,130	47,046	1,630,910	1,959,086				
	December 31, 2021									
	(Carrying		Fair va	alue					
		amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss										
Designated at fair value through profit or loss	\$	714,490	596,339	114,622	3,529	714,490				
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income										
Unquoted equity instrument measured at fair value		2,026,136	- 	- 	2,026,136	2,026,136				
Total	\$	2,740,626	596,339	114,622	2,029,665	2,740,626				

2) Transfer between Level 1 and Level 2

There were no transfers from Level 1 to Level 2 for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

3) Reconciliation of Level 3 fair values

	Fair value		Fair value through other	
	thr	ough profit or	comprehensive	
		loss esignated at	income	
	D	fair value		
	thr	U .	Unquoted equity	
		loss	instruments	<u>Total</u>
Balance on January 1, 2022	\$	3,529	2,026,136	2,029,665
Total gains and losses				
In profit or loss		(1,226)	-	(1,226)
In other comprehensive income		-	(395,226)	(395,226)
Distribution of residual property		(2,303)	-	(2,303)
Balance on December 31, 2022	\$	-	1,630,910	1,630,910
Balance on January 1, 2021	\$	6,805	1,958,718	1,965,523
Total gains and losses				
In profit or loss		(25)	-	(25)
In other comprehensive income		-	67,418	67,418
Cash capital reduction		(3,251)	-	(3,251)
Balance on December 31, 2021	<u>\$</u>	3,529	2,026,136	2,029,665

Total gains and losses were recognized in "other gains and losses" and "unrealized gains and losses from financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income".

4) Quantified information on significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) used in fair value measurement

The Company's financial instruments that use Level 3 inputs to measure fair value include "financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss—equity investments" and "financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income—equity investments".

The equity investments which are lack of active market and categorized into Level 3 have numerous significant unobservable inputs. The significant unobservable inputs of equity investments without active market are independent between each other. Hence, there is no correlation between each significant unobservable input.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Quantified information of significant unobservable inputs was as follows:

Item	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable inputs	Inter-relationship between significant unobservable inputs and fair value measurement
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss—equity investments without an active market	Market approach— comparable company	 P/B Ratio (Note) Discount for lack of marketability (Note) 	 The higher the P/B ratio, the higher the fair value. The higher the discount for lack marketability, the lower the fair value.
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss—equity investments without an active market	Net asset value method	 Discount for lack of marketability (Note) Control discount (Note) 	 The higher the discount for lack marketability, the lower the fair value. The higher the control discount, the lower the fair value.
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income—equity investments	Market approach— comparable company	 P/B Ratio (December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021 were 0.69 and 0.83) Discount for lack of moderate hilitary 	• The higher the P/B ratio, the higher the fair value
without an active market		marketability (December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021 were 30.73% and 19.66%)	 The higher the discount for lack marketability, the lower the fair value.

Note: As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the investees had been dissolved or liquidated, therefore, the fair value, without the application of parameters, was based on the liquidation value.

5) Fair value measurement in Level 3—sensitivity analysis of reasonably possible alternative assumptions

While under different models or using different parameters may lead to different results, fair value measurement for financial instruments is reasonable.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The following tables shows the valuation impacts changes in input parameters on Level 3 financial instruments:

				ough Profit and	Fair value th comprehens	
	Input	Assumptions	Favourable	Unfavourable	Favourable	Unfavourable
December 31, 2022						
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss						
Equity investments without an active market	Discount for lack of marketability	10%	(Note)	(Note)	-	-
Equity investments without an active market	Control discount	10%	(Note)	(Note)	-	-
Equity investments without an active market	P/B Ratio	10%	(Note)	(Note)	-	-
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income						
Equity investments without an active market	Discount for lack of marketability	10%	-	-	72,351	(72,351)
Equity investments without an active market	P/B Ratio	10%	-	-	163,091	(163,091)
December 31, 2021						
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss						
Equity investments without an active market	Discount for lack of marketability	10%	(Note)	(Note)	-	-
Equity investments without an active market	Control discount	10%	(Note)	(Note)	-	-
Equity investments without an active market	P/B Ratio	10%	(Note)	(Note)	-	-
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income						
Equity investments without an active market	Discount for lack of marketability	10%	-	-	49,582	(49,582)
Equity investments without an active market	P/B Ratio	10%	-	-	202,614	(202,614)

Note: As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the investees had been dissolved or liquidated, therefore, the fair value, without the application of parameters, was based on the liquidation value.

6) Financial instruments not measured at fair value

a) Fair value information

The Company's financial instruments not measured at fair value include cash and cash equivalents, notes and accounts receivable, other receivables, guarantee deposits paid, notes and accounts payable, other payables, guarantee deposits received and part of other financial assets, whose carrying amount is reasonably close to the fair value, disclosure of fair value information is not required.

b) Valuation techniques

The Company's valuation methods and assumptions used for financial instruments not measured at fair value are as follows:

Since the maturity date is close and the future receipt and reimbursement price is similar to the book value, the fair value of cash and cash equivalents, notes and accounts receivable, other receivables, notes and accounts payable and other payables were measured at book value at the reporting date.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(w) Financial risk management

(i) Overview

The Company has exposures to the following risks from its financial instruments:

- 1) Credit risk
- 2) Liquidity risk
- 3) Market risk

The following likewise discusses the Company's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing the above mentioned risks.

(ii) Structure of risk management

The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyze the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities. The Company, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to develop a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

(iii) Credit risk

1) Notes and accounts receivable

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Company is required to conduct management and credit risk analysis for each of its new customers before the terms and conditions of the contract and delivery are set in accordance with the internal credit policy. The internal risk control system assesses the credit quality of customers by considering their financial status, past experiences and other factors. The main credit risk derives from cash and cash equivalents, deposits in banks and in financial institutions. Furthermore, credit risk may derive from customers, including unreceived receivables and committed transaction.

2) Guarantees

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company provided guarantees for contractual obligations to UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES (USA) CORP. that amounted to \$12,528,403 thousand and \$11,292,289 thousand.

(iv) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Company manages sufficient cash and cash equivalents so as to cope with its operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. The Company's management supervises the banking facilities and ensures compliance with the terms of loan agreements.

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company's unused credit line were amounted to \$7,044,251 thousand and \$7,834,117 thousand, respectively.

(v) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates, and equity prices, will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, and optimizing the return.

1) Currency risk

The Company is a multinational institution and therefore exposes to currency risk deriving from many different currencies, mainly from USD and CNY. The relevant currency risk stems from future commercial transactions, recognized assets and liabilities, and net investments in foreign operating agencies.

2) Interest rate risk

The short-term loans of the Company are debts with floating interest rates. Therefore, changes in market interest rates will lead to changes in the interest rate of short-term loans, resulting in fluctuations of future cash flows.

3) Other market price risk

The Company is exposed to equity price risk due to the investments in equity securities. This is a strategic investment and is not held for trading. The Company does not actively trade in these investments as the management of the Company minimizes the risk by holding different investment portfolios.

(x) Capital management

The Company's objectives for managing capital to safeguard the capacity to continue to operate, to continue to provide a return on shareholders, to maintain the interest of other related parties, and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Company's strategy for managing the capital structure is to lay out the plan of product development and expand the market share considering the growth and the magnitude of industry and further developing an integral plan founded on the required capacity, capital outlay, and magnitude of assets in long-term development. Ultimately, considering the risk factors such as the fluctuation of the industry cycle and the life cycle of products, the Company determines the optimal capital structure by estimating the profitability of products, operating profit ratio, and cash flow based on the competitiveness of products. The management of the Company periodically examines the capital structure and contemplates on the potential costs and risks involved while exerting different financial tools. In general, the Company implements prudent strategy of risk management.

	D	ecember 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Total liabilities	\$	16,422,342	11,891,968
Less: cash and cash equivalents		6,286,617	4,301,255
Net debt	<u>\$</u>	10,135,725	7,590,713
Total equity	<u>\$</u>	10,413,826	9,606,663
Debt-to-capital ratio	=	97.33%	<u>79.02%</u>

(y) Cash flows information on acquisition of property, plant and equipment

The supplementary information on acquisition of property, plant and equipment of the Company were as follows:

	2022	2021
Increase in property, plant and equipment	\$ 45,960	451,855
Cash payments	\$ 45,960	451,855

(7) Related-party transactions

(a) Parent company and ultimate controlling company

United Integrated Services Co., Ltd. is both the Company and the ultimate controlling party of its subsidiaries.

(b) Names and relationship with related parties

The followings are entities that have had transactions with related party and the Company's subsidiaries during the periods covered in the financial statements.

Name of related party	Relationship with the Company
Hanxuan Energy Co.,Ltd	Subsidiary
Hunter Energy Co.,Ltd.	Subsidiary
UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES (USA) CORP.	Subsidiary
United Integrated Services BVI	Subsidiary
Jiangxi United Integrated Services Ltd.	Subsidiary
United Integrated Services Pte Ltd.	Subsidiary

UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Su Yuan (Shanghai) Trading Ltd.

Subsidiary

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Suzhou Han Tai System Integrated Ltd. Subsidiary
Beijing Han He Tang Medical Instrument Subsidiary
Ltd.

Wholetech System Hitech Limited Investee accounted for using equity method Ablerex Electronics Co., Ltd. Investee accounted for using equity method Investee accounted for using equity method Investee accounted for using equity method

Eco Energy Corporation Related party Open Sky Technology Corporation Related party AIRREX Co., Ltd. (Note) Related party FU-KUO ENGINEERING Co., Ltd. Related party Huayuan Engineering Ltd. Related party Dentsu Engineering Ltd. Related party Yun Hao Motor Technician Office Related party Sheng Yang Integration Co., Ltd. Related party

All directors, supervisors, general managers Key management personnel

and deputy general managers

Note: The company is not a related party to the Company since September 2021.

(c) Significant transactions with related parties

(i) Operating revenue

The amounts of significant sales by the Company to related parties were as follows:

		2022	2021
Subsidiaries	\$	56,090	379,078
Key management personnel		-	16
Other related parties		_	3
	<u>\$</u>	56,090	379,097

There is no significant difference between the credit terms of the Company and of the same businesses.

(ii) Construction cost

The amounts of purchases by the Company from related parties were as follows:

		2022	2021
Associates	\$	160,955	201,636
Other related parties		4,124	129,898
	<u>\$</u>	165,079	331,534

There is no significant difference between the payment terms of the Company and of the same businesses.

(Continued)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(iii) Receivables from Related Parties

The receivables from related parties were as follows:

Account	Relationship	Dec	cember 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Accounts receivable	Subsidiaries	\$	271	1,486
Others receivable	Subsidiaries		8	84
Others receivable	Other related parties		125,969	-
Long-term receivables – related party (Principal)	Subsidiaries		-	88,461
Long-term receivables – related party (Interest)	Subsidiaries		-	74,456
		\$	126,248	164,487

(iv) Payables to Related Parties

The payables to related parties were as follows:

Account	Relationship	Do	ecember 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Accounts payable	Subsidiaries	\$	26,971	24,600
Accounts payable	Associates		26,366	55,931
Accounts payable	Other related parties		11,336	11,336
Others payable	Other related parties -Dentsu Engineering	l	178,992	172,780
		\$	243,665	264,647

Other payables mentioned above included package fee disbursements, salaries and interests, etc. Please refer note 12 (c) for further information.

(v) Prepayments

The prepayments to related parties were as follows:

	December 31,	December 31,
	2022	2021
Associates	<u>s - </u>	2,309

(vi) Unearned Receipts

The unearned receipts due from related parties were as follows:

December 31, December 31, (Continued)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

	 2022	2021
Subsidiaries	\$ 401,600	401,600

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(vii) Leases

				Rental inc	ome
Name of related party	Object	Lease term		2022	2021
Subsidiaries	5F, No. 3, Ln. 7, Baogao Rd., Xindian Dist., New Taipei City 231, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	2020.09.01~	\$	23	23
Subsidiaries	6F, No. 297, Sec. 6, Roosevelt Rd., Wenshan Dist., Taipei City 116052, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	2020.06.01~ 2022.05.31		9	23
Subsidiaries	1F., No.1, Ln. 7, Baogao Rd., Xindian Dist., New Taipei City 231, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	2022.09.01~ 2022.12.31		8	-
Other related parties	1F., No.1 \cdot 3, Ln. 7, Baogao Rd., Xindian Dist., New Taipei City 231, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	2020.01.01~ 2024.05.31		4,958	4,464
Other related parties	Parking Space	2020.01.01~ 2024.05.31		90	72
			<u>\$</u>	5,088	4,582
viii) Interest income					
				2022	2021
Subsidiaries			\$	2,210	2,254
x) Finance costs					
				2022	2021
Other related pa	arty — Dentsu Engineering		<u>\$</u>	6,212	6,299

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(x) Property transactions

1) Purchases of property, plant and equipment

The purchases price of property, plant and equipment purchased from related parties were as follows:

	20	022	2021
Associates	\$	160	-
Key management personnel		-	16,100
	<u>\$</u>	160	16,100

The Company acquired the land for Tainan Factory from key management personnel of the Company in July 2021. The land area is 1,490 square meters with a total price of \$16,100 thousand. As of December 31, 2021, the ownership transfer procedure has been completed, and the purchase price has been paid. The land acquisition price was based on the asset evaluation report from Li Cyuan Real Estate Appraiser Firm. For further description of the property, plant, and equipment, please refer to note 6(i).

2) Disposals of financial assets

			2022				2021			
Relationship	Account	Number of shares Purpose		sposal price	Gain (loss) on disposal	Number of shares	Purpose	Disposal price	Gain (loss) on disposal	
Other related parties	Investments accounted for using equity method	6,629,959 Eco Energy Corporation	<u>s</u>	125,969	13,175	-		-	-	
			S	125,969	13,175					

(xi) Guarantees

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company provided guarantees for contractual obligations to UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES (USA) CORP. that amounted to 12,528,403 thousand and 11,292,289 thousand.

(d) Key management personnel compensation

		2022	2021
Short-term employee benefits	\$	208,427	132,275
Post-employment benefits		1,232	1,387
	<u>\$</u>	209,659	133,662

(8) Pledged assets

The carrying values of pledged assets were as follows:

		December 31,	December 31,
Pledged assets	Object	2022	2021
Restricted assets (other non-	Engineering performance bond	<u>\$</u> -	850
current assets)			

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(9) Commitments and contingencies

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, except for the disclosures of Note 7, the Company's commitments and contingencies were as follows:

- (a) As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, guaranteed notes received from construction contractors for performance guarantees or maintenance guarantees amounted to \$17,070,681 thousand and \$14,592,968 thousand, respectively.
- (b) As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, guaranteed notes issued to construction contractors for performance guarantees or maintenance guarantees amounted to \$401,767 thousand and \$412,792 thousand, respectively.
- (c) As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, guaranteed notes issued for bank loans and letters of credits both amounted to \$3,000,000 thousand.
- (d) As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, guaranteed letters offered by banks for contract performance guarantees amounted to \$744,405 thousand and \$19,019 thousand, respectively.
- (e) As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the total contract price of contracted construction projects amounted to \$141,261,334 thousand and \$131,486,739 thousand, respectively, and the contract payments received by the Company amounted to \$86,029,455 thousand and \$80,151,890 thousand, respectively.
- (f) As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the total subcontract price of subcontracted construction projects amounted to \$7,481,865 thousand and \$6,041,990 thousand, respectively, and the contract payment paid by the Company amounted to \$5,235,174 thousand and \$4,081,420 thousand, respectively.
- (g) As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the outstanding letters of credits issued by the Company for purchasing equipment amounted to \$291,668 thousand and \$214,223 thousand, respectively.
- (h) As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, guaranteed notes received from lessees for rental of buildings amounted to \$885 thousand and \$744 thousand, respectively.
- (i) As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company provided guarantees for entities in the same industry amounted to \$12,528,403 thousand and \$11,292,289 thousand, respectively.
- (10) Losses Due to Major Disasters: None.
- (11) Subsequent Events: None.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(12) Other

(a) A summary of employee benefits, depreciation and amortization, by function, was as follows:

By function	By function 2022					2021				
By nature	Operating costs	Operating expenses	Total	Operating costs	Operating expenses	Total				
Employee benefits										
Salary	653,863	764,966	1,418,829	637,245	576,458	1,213,703				
Labor and health insurance	36,471	42,668	79,139	38,971	37,599	76,570				
Pension	17,191	20,112	37,303	18,494	17,862	36,356				
Remuneration of directors	-	52,137	52,137	=	38,328	38,328				
Others	16,179	17,885	34,064	11,667	11,100	22,767				
Depreciation	20,722	12,851	33,573	15,558	14,221	29,779				
Amortization	992	4,229	5,221	593	591	1,184				

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the additional information on number of employees and employee benefits was as follows:

	2022	2021
Number of employees	91	6 856
Non-employee directors		5 6
Average employee benefits	<u>\$ 1,72</u>	3 1,588
Average employee salary	<u>\$ 1,55</u>	1,428
Adjustments of average employee salary	9.039	<u>⁄o</u>
Remuneration of supervisors	<u>\$</u> -	

The Company's compensation policies, including directors, managers and employees, were as follow:

(i) Employee compensation:

In accordance with the Article of Incorporation.

(ii) Directors' remuneration:

The independent directors of the Company are entitled a monthly business execution fee since the following month of the inauguration date. The other directors of the Company are only entitled to the remuneration in accordance with the Article of Incorporation when there is a surplus generated at the end of the Company's fiscal year. The annual remuneration amount to each independent director shall exclude the monthly business execution fee collected.

The annual remuneration of directors is determined according to the Company's Article of Incorporation, and the Remuneration Committee suggests an amount for the Board of Directors to resolve, then the Board of Directors proposes in the shareholders meeting for approval. The appropriation of remuneration to the directors is reviewed by the Remuneration Committee and is approved by the Board of Directors before distribution.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(iii) Remuneration of president and vice president:

The Company's managers receive bonuses based on the annual performance evaluation. If there is surplus generated, the surplus should be distributed to employees based on the performance evaluation performed by the Company.

The salary proposal is drafted up according to the Rules Governing Employee Salaries and then presented to the Remuneration Committee for review and to the Board of Directors for approval. The annual performance bonus and employee remuneration should be proposed to the Remuneration Committee for review, and to the Board of Directors for approval in accordance with the annual performance evaluation results and related payment methods.

Salary is determined and paid according to the Company's Rules Governing Salary Determination; also, by referring to the business performance and profitability of each business unit. The Remuneration Committee regularly reviews the reasonableness of the salary.

(b) Some of the Company's directors are involved in the adjudication process for violating the Securities and Exchange Act regulations and the impact on the Company's operation; please refer to the following information:

(i) Criminal Procedure

Former chairmen, Mr. Chen and Mr. Wang, and other involved parties were prosecuted for violating the Securities and Exchange Act by the Taipei District Prosecutors Office on June 5, 2013. During the period, the former chairman Mr. Wang passed away and was declared dismissed by the Taiwan High Court (2015 Jin Shang Zhong Su No.40), while the Taipei District Court, the Taiwan High Court (the High Court), and the first and second trials all found that there was no breach of trust, non-arm's length transaction, and criminal conversion on the part of all the parties involved, and the verdict was not guilty (2013 Jin Zhong Su No.17, 2015 Jin Shang Zhong Su No.40, 2018 Jin Shang Zhong 1 No.8 and 2020 Jin Shang Zhong 2 No.13). The two other parties did not appeal after being granted probation by the High Court, while the former chairman, Mr. Chen, continued to appeal and was remanded twice by the Supreme Court, and on May 25, 2022, the original judgment on the guilty portion was vacated three times and remanded to the High Court(2021 Tai Shang No.4945). The case is currently on trial by the High Court (2022 Jin Shang Zhong 3 No.6).

(ii) Civil Procedure

1) On December 5, 2013, SFIPC filed a petition for dismissal of the three directors of the Company in connection with the criminal case in accordance with the aforementioned indictment, and due to the death of the former Chairman Mr. Wang, SFIPC withdrew the part of the lawsuit against him. The SFIPC lost both the first and second trials, however, on April 28, 2020, the High Court handed down the judgment of dismissal of the director in the first trial, in which Director Lee resigned on June 2, 2020, and withdrew the appeal on June 3, 2020, and the part of the main text of the High Court's ruling on the two other parties was confirmed on June 3, 2020.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

2) On January 27, 2014, SFIPC filed a class action lawsuit on behalf of the investors on the grounds that the Company's financial statements from the third quarter of 2009 to 2011 were inaccurate, requesting the Company, its directors, former supervisors to jointly compensate the investors for damages in excess of \$243 million.

SFIPC filed an appeal with the Taipei District Court on September 16, 2022, which is currently on trial by the High Court (2023 Jin Shang No.1).

(iii) Impact on operation

The Company runs smoothly and has experienced continued growth in revenues. The business and financial structure are sound. The litigations do not have significant impact on the Company's operation.

(c) The Company received the civil judgment from the Taiwan Taipei District Court on September 2, 2014 that the Company should pay the package fees of \$104,559 thousand and the former Chairman Wang's salary from January 2001 to April 2012, as previously paid by Dentsu, amounting to \$21,405 thousand.

In the third quarter of 2014, in accordance with the judgment stated above, the Company assessed and took into accounts the package fees and salary paid by Dentsu, which have yet to be reimbursed by the Company (respectively logged as construction costs and management costs). The Company also estimated that the relevant interest payable as of December 31, 2022 amounted to \$53,028 thousand (please refer to note 7).

As of the reporting date, the Company has yet to reimburse the abovementioned package fees, salary and related interests.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(13) Other disclosures

(a) Information on significant transactions:

The following is the information on significant transactions required by the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" for the Company for the year ended December 31, 2022:

- (i) Loans to other parties: None
- (ii) Guarantees and endorsements for other parties:

												Units: In the	ousands of NTD
No.	Name of guarantor	Counterparty of and endor	sement	amount of guanrantees	Highest balance for guarantees and	Balance of guarantees and	Actual usage amount during the periiod	Property	Ratio of accumulated amounts of guarantees and endorsements to	Maximum	Parent company endorsement / guarantees to	Subsidiary endorsement / guarantees to	Endorsements/ guarantees to third parties on
		Name	Relationship with the Company (Note 2)		endorsements during the period			and endorsements (Amount)	net worth of the latest financial statements	and endorsements	third parties on behalf of subsidiary	third parties on behalf of parent company	behalf of companies in Mainland China
0	Company	UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES (USA) CORP.	2	83,310,608	13,142,381	12,528,403	-	-	120.31%	104,138,260	Y	N	N

Note 1: The total amount of the Company's external endorsement /guarantee shall not exceed ten times of the net value of the Company. The maximum guarantee and endorsement for single enterprise cannot exceed 50% of net value except for the following subsidiaries. The net value is based on the latest financial statements audited or reviewed by the accountants.

- 1) The Company directly and indirectly holds 100% of the voting shares of a company shall not exceed eight times of the net value.
- 2) The Company directly and indirectly holds more than 50% of the voting shares of a company shall not be exceed 1.5 times of net value.
- Note 2: There are seven conditions in which the Company may have guarantees or endorsements for other parties:
 - 1) The Company has business relationship.
 - $2) \quad \ A \ company \ in \ which \ the \ Company \ directly \ or \ indirectly \ holds \ more \ than \ 50\% \ voting \ right.$
 - 3) An investee in which the Company and subsidiary holds more than 50% of its voting rights.
 - 4) Subsidiaries in which the Company holds more than 90% of voting rights.
 - 5) Companies in accordance with contractual provisions established by mutual applicants or in need of project.
 - 6) Companies that are endorsed and guaranteed by all capital shareholders based on their shareholding ratio due to a joint investment relationship.
 7) The performance guarantees for pre-sale house sales contract between intra-industry companies in accordance with the Consumer Protection Law requires joint guarantee
- (iii) Securities held at the end of the period (excluding investment in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures):

Units: In thousands of NTD/shares

•	Category and	Relationship			Ending	balance		
Name of holder	name of security	with company	Account title	Shares/Units	Carrying value	Percentage of ownership (%)	Fair value	Not
	Stock — Nanya Technology Corporation	-	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	63,449	3,249	- %	3,249	
	stock — Taichung Commercial Bank Co., Ltd.	-	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	125,627	1,608	- %	1,608	
The Company	Stock – Acer	-	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1,400,000	32,970	0.05 %	32,970	
	Stock — Powerchip Semiconductor Manufacturing Corporation	-	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	7,639,033	243,303	0.19 %	243,303	
	Stock—Powerchip Technology Corporation -		Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	4,552,858	47,046	0.33 %	47,046	
	Totals				328,176			
	Stock — Taiwan Electronic Data Processing Corp.	-	Non-current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	374,260	-	9.65 %	-	
	Stock — Aetas Technology Inc.	-	Non-current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	91,156	-	0.30 %	-	
	Stock — Glandtex Corporation	-	Non-current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1,186	-	0.01 %	-	
	Stock — Promos Technologies Inc.	-	Non-current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1,899	-	- %	-	
	Totals				-			
The Company	Stock — Jiangxi Construction	-	Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	Note 1	1,630,910	19.80%	1,630,910	

(Continued)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

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				1	

Note 1: Registered with the amount of capital contribution.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

- (iv) Individual securities acquired or disposed of with accumulated amount exceeding the lower of NT\$300 million or 20% of the capital stock: None.
- (v) Acquisition of individual real estate with amount exceeding the lower of NT\$300 million or 20% of the capital stock: None.
- (vi) Disposal of individual real estate with amount exceeding the lower of NT\$300 million or 20% of the capital stock: None.
- (vii) Related-party transactions for purchases and sales with amounts exceeding the lower of NT\$100 million or 20% of the capital stock:

Unit: in thousands of NTD The circumstances and Nature of Accounts and notes Company of Name of **Transaction details** reasons for the the purchase / counterparty Relationsh differences in the receivable (payable) sale terms of the ip transaction and the general conditions of the transaction Purchas Percentage Credit Ending Percentage of e / Sale of Single Credit balance total notes / Amount t term total price term accounts purchases / receivable (payable) sales The Company (16,201) Vholetech System urchase Hitech Limited ccounted for Check sing equity nethod

(viii) Receivables from related parties with amounts exceeding the lower of NT\$100 million or 20% of the capital stock:

Unit: in thousands of NTD

NI C		NT 4 C	Б 11	TT.	0			-
Name of		Nature of	Ending	Turnover	Ove	rdue	Amounts received in	Loss
company	Related party	relationship	balance	rate	Amount	Action taken	subsequent period	allowances
The Company	Open Sky	Other related	125,969	-	-	-	125,969	-
	Technology	parties						
	Corporation							
	_							

- (ix) Trading in derivative instruments: None.
- Information on investees: (b)

The following is the information on investees for the year ended December 31, 2022 (excluding information on investees in Mainland China):

Un	its: In thousands of	NTD/share
	Chana of	

										nits: In thousands o	f N I D/share
Name of	Name of		Main	Original inves			Ending balance		Net income	Share of	
investor	investee	Location	businesses and products	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021		Percentage of ownership	Carrying value	(losses) of investee	profits/losses of investee (Note 1)	Note
The Company	ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	Taiwan	Sale and purchase of UPS	179,996	189,852	14,208,502	31.57%	549,988	120,118	38,640	
The Company	WHOLETECH SYSTEM HITECH LIMITED	Taiwan	Gas pipeline engineering	61,367	61,367	9,946,080	13.61%	245,387	385,707	52,517	
The Company	JG ENVIRONMENTAL TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD	Taiwan	Machinery and Equipment Manufacturing	39,542	47,544	2,880,989	12.78%	43,905	27,842	3,996	
The Company	Eco Energy Corporation	Taiwan	Integration and Solutions of Battery Energy Storage Systems, Purchase and Sale of Related Materials and Equipment	-	99,449	-	- %	-	76,242	12,478	
The Company	United Integrated Services (BVI) Ltd.	BVI	Investment activities	567,643	567,643	17,697,630	100.00%	847,894	76,800	76,800	
The Company	Hanxuan Energy Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Self-usage power generation equipment utilizing renewable energy	500,000	500,000	50,000,000	100.00%	445,116	(8,391)	(8,391)	
The Company	Hunter Energy Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Self-usage power generation equipment utilizing renewable energy	90,000	90,000	9,000,000	100.00%	73,719	(24)	(24)	
The Company	UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES (USA) CORP.	USA	Clean room system construction	1,392,503	1,392,503	50,000,000	100.00%	1,987,954	462,455	462,455	
The Company	United Integrated Services Pte Ltd.	Singapore	Clean room system construction	34,040	34,040	-	100.00%	(18,317)	13,673	13,673	
WHOLETECH SYSTEM HITECH LIMITED	WHOLETECH SYSTEM HITECH (BVI) LIMITED	BVI	Investment activities	170,884	170,884	5,400,000	100.00%	284,616	61,860	61,860	
WHOLETECH SYSTEMHITECH (BVI) LIMITED	WHOLETECH SYSTEM HITECH (SHANHAI) LIMITED	China	Electromechanical, Circuit, and Pipeline Engineering Businesses	169,127	169,127	-	100.00%	284,593	61,858	61,858	
WHOLETECH SYSTEM HITECH LIMITED	WHOLETECH SYSTEM HITECH INC.	Mauritius	Investment activities	110,559	110,559	3,500,000	100.00%	281,544	52,949	52,949	

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

WHOLETECH SYSTEM HITECH INC.	WHOLETECH GROUP INTERNATIONAL TRADING LIMITED	Mauritius	Investment activities	110,559	110,559	3,500,000	100.00%	281,544	52,949	52,949	
WHOLETECH GROUP INTERNATIONAL TRADING LIMITED	WHOLETECH GROUP (Shanghai) TRADING LIMITED		Import and Export Trading Business of Electronics, Machineries, Chemical Equipment, Pipe Fitting Hardware, etc.	110,559	110,559	-	100.00%	281,544	52,949	52,949	

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

WHOLETECH SYSTEM HITECH LIMITED	WHOLETECH SYSTEM HITECH (S) PTE. LTD.	Singapore	Construction of water, gas pipelines and sewage systems, gas production, distribution of fuel gas main systems, etc.	30,865	30,865	200,000	100.00%	77,362	25,506	25,506	
	` '										
WHOLETECH SYSTEM HITECH (S) PTE. LTD.	WHOLETECH SYSTEM HITECH (M) SDN. BHD.	Malaysia	Construction of water, gas pipelines and sewage systems, gas production, distribution of fuel gas main systems, etc.	855	855	100,000	100.00%	70	(244)	(244)	
ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	Ablerex-Samoa	Samoa	Holding company	217,445	217,445	6,635,000	100.00%	467,999	8,179	10,590	
ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	Ablerex-USA	USA	Sales of uninterruptible power equipment and systems, solar equipment and related systems, etc.	8,303	8,303	250,000	100.00%	74,961	7,762	7,762	
ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	Ablerex-HK	Hong Kong	Sales of uninterruptible power equipment and systems, solar equipment and related systems, etc.	43	43	10,000	100.00%	32,999	101	101	
ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	Ablerex-SG	Singapore	Sales of uninterruptible power equipment and systems, solar equipment and related systems, etc.	48,008	48,008	2,140,763	100.00%	115,298	6,343	4,323	
ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	Ablerex-UK	UK	Holding company	4,674	4,674	100,000	100.00%	14,529	(179)	(683)	
ABLEREX ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	Ablerex-JP	Japan	Sales of uninterruptible power equipment and systems, solar equipment and related systems, etc.	9,159	9,159	2,970	99.00%	5,198	(361)	(461)	
Ablerex-Samoa	Ablerex -Overseas	Hong Kong	Holding company	217,445	217,445	6,635,000	100.00%	471,637	8,213	-	
Ablerex-UK	Ablerex-IT	Italy	Sales of uninterruptible power equipment and systems, solar equipment and related systems, etc.	4,674	4,674	100,000	100.00%	14,529	(179)	-	
Ablerex-SG	Ablerex-TH	Thailand	Sales of uninterruptible power equipment and systems, solar equipment and related systems, etc.	1,687	256	18,800	94.00%	7,003	1,713	-	
Ablerex-USA	Ablerex-LATAM	USA	Sales of uninterruptible power equipment and systems, solar equipment and related systems, etc.	15,358	15,358	3,650	86.00%	2,052	(7,211)	-	
JG ENVIRONMENTAL TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD	ASIA INTELLIGENCE INVESTMENTS LIMITED	BVI	Investment activities	30,280	30,280	-	100.00%	37,923	(4,226)	(4,226)	
JG ENVIRONMENTAL TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD	Taiwan Sustainable Environmental Energy Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Sales of pollution control equipment and manufacturing	100	100	10,000	14.29%	73	(72)	(32)	
JG ENVIRONMENTAL TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD	Hua Zhi system Engineering Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Sales of pollution control equipment and manufacturing	2,205	2,205	220,500	21.00%	5,236	(651)	(137)	
ASIA INTELLIGENCE NVESTMENTS LIMITED	JG ENVIRONMENTAL TECHNOLOGY (SHANGHAI) LTD.	China	Sales of pollution control equipment and manufacturing	30,280	30,280	-	100.00%	38,056	(4,226)	(4,226)	

Note 1: The profits/losses of the investee for current period were recognized by the investment company.

(c) Information on investment in mainland China:

(i) The names of investees in Mainland China, the main businesses and products, and other information:

	Unit: In thousands of NTD																
	Main businesses	Total amount	Method of investment	outfl	ulated low of ent from	Investme	nt flows	out	umulated tflow of tment from	Net income (losses) of	Percentage	inc	etment come sses)		ook as of		mulated tance of
Name of investee	and products	of capital surplus	(Note 1)		n as of 1, 2022	Outflow	Inflow	Dece	wan as of ember 31, 2022	the investee	of ownership			Decemb 20	oer 31, 022		ings in nt period
Su Yuan (Shanghai) Trading Ltd.	Semiconductor, clean room and electromechanical	NT\$ 34,495 USD 1,000	1	NT\$	34,495 USD 1,000		-	NT\$	34,495 USD 1,000	61,672	100.00%	NT\$	61,672	NT\$	383,517		
Jiangxi United Integrated Services Ltd.	Electromechanical business and pipeline engineering business	NT\$ 453,360 RMB 100,000		NT\$	338,573 RMB 75,000		-	NT\$	338,573 RMB 75,000	409,440	75.00%	NT\$	307,080	NT\$	589,566	NT\$	1,706,112 RMB 366,374
Suzhou Han Tai System Integrated Ltd.	Construction hardware , materials production and sales	NT\$ 381,660 USD 12,000		NT\$	381,660 USD 12,000			NT\$	381,660 USD 12,000	15,699	100.00%	NT\$	15,699	NT\$	353,335		-
Jiangxi Construction Engineering (Group) Co., Ltd.	Various types of building construction	NT\$ 5,113,150 RMB 1,043,500	` ´	NT\$	1,008,212 RMB 206,600	-	-	NT\$	1,008,212 RMB 206,600		19.80%	NT\$		NT\$	1,630,910	NT\$	1,560,313 RMB 334,616
Beijing Han he Tang Medical Instrument Ltd.	Distribution agency for medical equipment, import and export of goods, after-sales service	NT\$ 30,187 USD 1,000		NT\$	30,187 USD 1,000	-	-	NT\$	30,187 USD 1,000	(901)	100.00%	NT\$	(901)	NT\$	12,762		-

Note 1: Investment method

- (1) Investing in the mainland through companies in another country
- (2) Establishing a company through the investment in the third region to reinvest in the mainland.

(ii) Limitation on investment in Mainland China:

Accumulated investment in Mainland China as of December 31, 2022	Investment Amounts Authorized by Investment Commission, MOEA	Upper Limit on Investment
1,798,283	1,825,134	6,248,295
(USD59,165)	(USD59,165)	

(iii) Significant transactions with investees in Mainland China:

The significant inter—company transactions with the subsidiary in Mainland China, which were eliminated in the preparation of consolidated financial statements, are disclosed in "Information on significant transactions".

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(d) Major shareholders:

Units: In shares

Shareholdi Shareholder's Name	ng	Shares	Percentage
Ms. Lee		11,023,896	5.78%

- Note: (i) The information of major shareholders who hold 5 percent or more of the issuer's common stocks and preferred stocks, including treasury stocks, is provided by Taiwan Depository and Clearing Corp. for every quarter. The share capital disclosed on financial report and the actual numbers of dematerialized securities may be different due to their discrepancies calculation basis.
- (ii) If the shareholder entrusts the shares to the trust, the shareholding will be disclosed by the trustee's account individually. As for those shareholders who are responsible for the declaration of insiders' shareholding with more than 10 percent in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Act, their shareholdings shall include their own shares and the trust in which they have the authority to decide the allocation of their trust assets. Please refer to the Market Observation Post System for information on the insiders' shareholding.

(14) Segment information:

Please refer to the consolidated financial statement for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

United Integrated Services Co., Ltd.

Statement of cash and cash equivalents

December 31, 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Item	Description		Amount
Cash on hand and foreign currency	Cash	\$	1,119
	Petty cash		650
			1,769
Cash in banks	Demand deposits		2,575,506
	Check Deposits		5,577
	Time deposits (Note 1)		2,118,990
	Foreign currency deposits (Note 2)		1,584,775
			6,284,848
		<u>\$</u>	6,286,617

Note1: On December 31, 2022, the range of the interest rates of the time deposits was 4.12%~4.85%, and the maturity date will be January and February 2023.

Note2: The US dollar demand deposits of \$51,302 thousand were translated to NT\$1,575,496 thousand at the exchange rate of USD\$1=NT\$30.71. The RMB demand deposits of \$2,105 thousand were translated to NT\$9,279 thousand at the exchange rate RMB\$1=NT\$4.41.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

United Integrated Services Co., Ltd.

Statement of financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss - current

December 31, 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars / thousands of shares)

									changes is attributable	
						_	Fair	value	to the	
Name of financial instrument	Description	Shares or units	Par value	Total amount	Interest rate (%)	Acquisition cost	Unit price	Total amount	changes in credit risk	Note
Nanya Technology Corporation		63	\$ -	-	-	19,928	51.20	3,249	-	
Taichung Commercial Bank Co., Ltd.		126	-	-	-	986	12.80	1,608	-	
ACER		1,400	-	-	-	94,045	23.55	32,970	-	
Powerchip Semiconductor Manufacturing Corporation		7,639	-	-	-	134,314	31.85	243,303	-	
Powerchip Technology Corporation		4,553	-	-	-	68,687	10.33	47,046	-	
						317,960		-	-	
Add: Valuation Adjustments						10,216	_			
						<u>\$ 328,176</u>	=	328,176		

Fair value

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

United Integrated Services Co., Ltd.

Statement of changes in financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss - non-current

For the year ended December 31, 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars / thousands of shares)

	Beginnin	g Balance	A	ddition	Deci	rease	Ending	Balance		
Name of financial	Shares	_	Shares	_	Shares		Shares			
instrument	or units	Fair value	or units	Amount	or units	Amount	or units	Fair value	Collateral	Note
Taiwan Electronic Data Processing Corp.	374\$	27,570	-	-	-	1,931	374	25,639	None	
Pu-Xun venture capital	397	3,974	-	-	397	3,974	-	-	"	
Add: Valuation Adjustments		(28,015)	-	2,376		-	-	(25,639)		
	<u>\$</u>	3,529		2,376	=	5,905	=			

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

United Integrated Services Co., Ltd.

Statement of changes in non-current financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

For the year ended December 31, 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	Beginni	ng Balance	Ad	ldition	De	crease	Ending	Balance		
Name of financial	Shares		Shares		Shares		Shares			
<u>instrument</u>	or units	Fair value	or units	Amount	or units	Amount	or units	Fair value	Collateral	Note
Jiangxi Construction Engineering (Group) Co.,Ltd.	Note	\$ 1,008,212	-	-	-	-	-	1,008,212	None	
Add: Valuation Adjustments	-	1,017,924	-			395,226	-	622,698		
		<u>\$ 2,026,136</u>			=	395,226	;	1,630,910		

Note: Registered with the amount of capital contribution.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

United Integrated Services Co., Ltd.

Statement of notes receivable

December 31, 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Client name	Description	Amount	Note
Unrelated Parties:			
Giga Medical Instrument Ltd.	Operating	<u>\$</u>	<u>99</u>

Statement of accounts receivable

Client name	Description	A	mount	Note
Related Parties:				_
Beijing Han he Tang Medical Instrument, Ltd.	Operating	\$	271	
Unrelated Parties:				
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Co., Ltd.	Operating		2,265,473	
Micron Memory Taiwan Co., Ltd.	Operating		1,278,952	
TSMC Arizona Corporation	Operating		905,408	
TSMC Partners, Ltd.	Operating		271,099	
Others (The balance of each household is less than 5% of the balance of the subject)	Operating		214,969	
			4,935,901	
			4,936,172	
Less: Loss allowance			16,643	
		<u>\$</u>	4,919,529	

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

United Integrated Services Co., Ltd.

Statement of changes in Contract Assets and Contract Liabilities

For the year ended December 31, 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

			Contrac	et Assets								
		Add	ition	Deci	ease			Contract 1	Liabilities			
	Beginning	Construction	Gain on	Loss on		Ending	Beginning			Ending	Contract	Contract
Name of Project	Balance	Cost	Construction	Construction	Completion	Balance	Balance	Input	Completion	Balance	Assets	Liabilities
F530	\$ 1,258,222	1,919	30,605	-	1,290,746	-	1,226,209	64,537	1,290,746	-	-	-
F570	2,108,893	10,791	87,591	-	2,207,275	-	2,207,275	-	2,207,275	-	-	-
F650	1,597,478	32,389	62,371	-	1,692,238	-	1,523,014	169,224	1,692,238	-	-	-
F690	2,029,254	(1,013)	71,709	-	2,099,950	-	1,994,950	105,000	2,099,950	-	-	-
F710	29,612,556	1,940,443	1,155,805	-	-	32,708,804	33,415,169	2,449,619	-	35,864,788	-	3,155,984
F740	1,417,898	17,203	1,912	-	-	1,437,013	1,573,085	79,681	-	1,652,766	-	215,753
F770	1,920,052	51,027	218,192	-	2,189,271	-	2,080,378	108,893	2,189,271	-	-	-
F810	2,004,865	62,823	3,307	-	-	2,070,995	1,997,022	-	-	1,997,022	73,973	-
Others	24,776,791	22,747,778	3,588,284	16,037	7,638,626	43,458,190	24,535,698	29,641,337	7,638,626	46,538,409	3,174,948	6,255,049
	<u>\$ 66,726,009</u>	24,863,360	5,219,776	16,037	17,118,106	79,675,002	70,552,800	32,618,291	17,118,106	86,052,985	3,248,921	9,626,786

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

United Integrated Services Co., Ltd.

Statement of inventories

December 31, 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

			Net realizable	
Item		Cost	value	Note
Merchandise	\$	6,770	36	
Finished goods		21,354	11,904	
Work in process		28,861	10,092	
Raw materials		44,011	38,388	
Total		100,996	60,420	
Less: Allowance for impairment		40,576		
	<u>\$</u>	60,420		

Statement of prepayments

Please refer to note 6 (e).

Statement of other current assets

Please refer to note 6 (l).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

United Integrated Services Co., Ltd.

Statement of changes in investments accounted for using equity method

For the year ended December 31, 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars / thousands of shares)

	Reginnin	g Balance	Ad	ldition	Dec	rease		Ending Balance			alue or Net lue(Note 2)	
								Percentage of ownership		Unit	Total	
Name of investee	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	(%)	Amount	price	amount	Collateral
Ablerex Electronics Co., Ltd.	14,987\$	499,046	-	81,858	778	30,916	14,209	31.57	549,988	42.60	605,282	None
Wholetech System Hitech Limited	9,946	221,489	-	23,898	-	-	9,946	13.62	245,387	44.10	438,622	"
JG Environmental Technology Co., Ltd	3,464	48,042	-	4,247	583	8,384	2,881	12.80	43,905	20.55	59,204	"
Eco Energy Corporation	6,630	106,290	-	6,504	6,630	112,794	-	-	-	-	-	"
Uuited Integrated Services BVI	17,698	751,093	-	96,801	-	-	17,698	100.00	847,894	47.91	847,894	"
Jiangxi United Integrated Services Ltd.	Note 1	478,936	-	110,630	-	-	Note 1	75.00	589,566	-	589,566	"
Hanxuan Energy Co. Ltd.	50,000	453,507	-	-	-	8,391	50,000	100.00	445,116	8.90	445,116	"
Hunter Energy Co. Ltd.	9,000	73,743	-	-	-	24	9,000	100.00	73,719	8.19	73,719	"
United Integrated Services (USA) Corp.	50,000_	1,363,005		624,949		-	50,000	100.00_	1,987,954	39.76_	1,987,954	"
		3,995,151		948,887		160,509			4,783,529		5,047,357	
United Integrated Services Pte Ltd.	Note 1	(29,303)		10,986			Note 1	100.00_	(18,317)			"
Total	<u>\$</u>	3,965,848	=	959,873	_	160,509		_	4,765,212	_	5,047,357	

Note 1: Registered with the amount of capital contribution.

Note 2: If there is no open market price for a long-term equity investment, the net value or book value of the equity at the balance sheet date is its fair market value.

United Integrated Services Co., Ltd.

Statement of changes in property, plant and equipment

For the year ended December 31, 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Please refer to note 6 (i).	
Statement of cha	nges in accumulated depreciation of property, plant and equipment
Please refer to note 6 (i).	
	Statement of changes in intangible assets
Please refer to note 6 (k).	

Statement of deferred tax assets

December 31, 2022

Please refer to note 6 (p)(ii)2).

United Integrated Services Co., Ltd.

Statement of other non-current assets

December 31, 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Please refer to note 6 (1).

Statement of notes payable

Vendor Name	Description	A	mount	Note
Unrelated Parties:				
Kai Suh Suh Enterprise Co., Ltd.	operating	\$	3,680	
NAKOSIN Enterprise Co., Ltd.	operating		3,661	
Huang-Qi Engineering Corp	operating		2,478	
Mega Union Technology Incorporates	operating		2,042	
Chang Ji Company	operating		1,967	
Leader Air Condition Co., Ltd.	operating		1,040	
Others (The balance of each household is less than 5% of the balance of the subject)	operating		4,673	
		<u>\$</u>	19,541	

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

United Integrated Services Co., Ltd.

Statement of accounts payable

December 31, 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Vendor Name	Description	Amount	Note
Construction Retention Payable:			
Related Parties:			
United Integrated Services BVI	operating	\$ 26,971	
Wholetech System Hitech Limited	operating	16,188	
Ablerex Electronics Co., Ltd.	operating	6,661	
		49,820	
Unrelated Parties:			
Topline System Engineering Co., Ltd.	operating	215,323	
Others (The balance of each household is less than 5% of the balance of the subject)		2,654,253	
·		2,869,576	
Construction Payable:			
Related Parties:			
Wholetech System Hitech Limited	operating	13	
Ablerex Electronics Co., Ltd.	operating	1,195	
JG Environmental Technology Co., Ltd	operating	2,309	
Fu-Kuo Engineering Co., Ltd	operating	5,300	
Huayuan Engineering Ltd.	operating	2,936	
Dentsu Engineering Ltd.	operating	3,100	
		14,853	
Unrelated Parties:			
Others (The balance of each household is less than 5% of the balance of the subject)	operating	1,728,556	
		\$ 4,662,805	

United Integrated Services Co., Ltd.

Statement of other payables- related parties

December 31, 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Please refer to note 7 (c) iv).		

Statement of provisions - current

Please refer to note 6 (m).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

United Integrated Services Co., Ltd.

Statement of other current liabilities

December 31, 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Item	Description		Amount	Note
Other accrued expenses:				
	Employee compensation and directors' remuneration	\$	663,463	
	Business tax		22,082	
	Salary allowance		198,564	
	Labor and health insurance expenses		15,998	
	Others		2,244	
			902,351	
Other payables-others			2,109	
Other current liabilities:				
	Receipts under custody		1,870	
	Tax collections		1,120	
	Other notes payable		27	
			3,017	
		<u>\$</u>	907,477	

Statement of provisions - non-current

Please refer to note 6 (o).

United Integrated Services Co., Ltd.

Statement of deferred tax liabilities

December 31, 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Please refer to note 6 (p) (ii) 2).

Statement of operating revenues

For the year ended December 31, 2022

Item	Quantity	Amount		
Construction revenue:				
Percentage of completion method - Completed construction revenue	-	\$	1,165,039	
Percentage of completion method - Uncompleted construction revenue	-		28,902,061	
Subtotal			30,067,100	
Service and design revenue	-		91,581	
Sales revenue	-		139,283	
Net operating revenues		\$	30,297,964	

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

United Integrated Services Co., Ltd.

Statement of operating costs

For the year ended December 31, 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	Amount				
Item	 Subtotal				
Construction costs:	 	_			
Current material	\$ 21,082,934				
Labor	937,297				
Construction overhead	 2,843,129				
Total construction costs		24,863,360			
Service and design costs		32,265			
Costs of goods sold		56,296			
Total operating costs	\$	24,951,921			

Statement of construction overhead

Item	Description	Amount		
Components		\$	192,077	
Freight			587,241	
Others (The balance of each household is less than 5% of the balance of the subject)		#	2,063,811	
Total		<u>\$</u>	2,843,129	
#	#	#		

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

United Integrated Services Co., Ltd.

Statement of selling expenses

For the year ended December 31, 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Item	Description	Aı	nount
Wages and salaries		\$	22,119
Warranty expenses			12,505
Others (The balance of each household is less than 5% of the balance of the subject)			4,883
Total		\$	39,507

Statement of administrative expenses

Item	Description	A	mount
Wages and salaries		\$	768,627
Insurance expenses			76,637
Others (The balance of each household is less than 5% of the balance of the subject)			129,037
Total		\$	974,301

United Integrated Services Co., Ltd.

Statement of the research and development expenses

For the year ended December 31, 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Item	Description	A	mount
Wages and salaries		\$	22,122
Insurance expenses			1,690
Others (The balance of each household is less than 5% of the balance of the subject)			4,006
Total		\$	27,818

Statement of other gains and losses

Please refer to note 6 (u).

Statement of Labor, Depreciation and Amortization by Function

Please refer to note 12 (a).

UNITED INTEGRATED SERVICES CO., LTD.

Chairperson: Belle Lee